The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 13,363. SYDNEY, FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1881. PRICE 2d.

Births.

COCKS.—January 27, at her residence, European Hotel, Castlereagh-street, the wife of John Cocks, of a daughter.

TURTON.—January 25, at her residence, Lower Randwick, the wife of John Turton, of twin sons, stillborn.

WEARNE.—January 16, at her residence, Bingera, New South Wales, the wife of James T. Wearne, of a daughter.

Marriages.

ALLEN—ROBINSON.—January 27, at St. Peter's, Richmond, by the Rev. Dr. Woolls, Wellington, son of Mr. Richard Allen, of Richmond, to Mary Ann, daughter of Mr. Edward C. Robinson, of Upper Richmond.

DOYLE—BARRETT.—January 26, at St. Mary's Cathedral, by special license, by the Rev. P. J. Mahoney, William B. Doyle, eldest son of Mr. John Doyle, of Campbelltown, to Ellen Mary, fifth daughter of the late Mr. Owen Barrett, of Campbell Fields.

KEARNEY—RODEN.—January 4, at Forest Lodge, by the Rev. James Rickard, Thomas, eldest son of James Kearney, of Rockhampton, Queensland, to Eliza Jane, youngest daughter of the late William Roden, of Miller's Point, Sydney.

Deaths.

COOK.—January 27, at the residence of her parents, Cooper-street, Waterloo, Mina Rosa Brenda, the beloved infant daughter of Walter and Hannah Cook.

DES VOEUX.—December 5, at Government House, Auckland, New Zealand, of dysentry, Walter Arthur William Des Voeux, aged 5 months, second son of his Excellency G. W. Des Voeux, Governor of Fiji Islands.

EMERY.—January 24, from injuries received through tramcar, Simeon Emery, aged 79, formerly Baptist minister, leaving three sons, three daughters, and a large circle of sorrowing relatives to mourn their loss.

LARNACH.—January 19, at Bank of Victoria, Fitzroy, Victoria, Maud Morven, eldest daughter of James Macdonald Larnach, aged 18 years.

WEARNE.—January 19, at her residence, Bingera, New South Wales, Emily, the beloved wife of James T. Wearne, eldest daughter of Mr. Edwin Dengate, of Calmsley Hills, near Liverpool, New South Wales.

WOLSTENHOLM.—January 26, at Picton, Norman Selfe, son of E. K. Wolstenholm, of Marrickville, in his fifth year.

Shipping.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

The Company's steamships (under contract with the Victorian Government for the conveyance of H. M. Mails) will be dispatched from Sydney as under, for SOUTHAMPTON, VENICE, BRINDISI, Egypt, India, China, and Japan, also for Galle, King George's Sound, Adelaide, and Melbourne

Steamer.	Tons.	Commander.	Date of Sailing.
ROHILLA	3464	W. Barratt	February 10, noon
PESHAWUR*	3900	D. Reunoldson	February 24, ditto
BRINDISI*	3600	—	March 10, ditto
BOKHARA	2932	A. H. Johnson	March 24, ditto
CATHAY	2983	W. M. Robbie	April 7, ditto.

* Through to London via Point de Galle.

from the Company's Wharf, at Circular Quay. And thenceforward every alternate week.

The general rates of passage money have been greatly reduced.

N.B.—No third-class or steerage passengers are carried.

For all information apply at the Company's Offices, 247, George-street.

COOPER KIRTON, Agent.

Sydney, January 14, 1881.

PENINSULAR and ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

FOR THE MAY WOOL SALES.

The following steamers will be dispatched from Sydney to London on the undermentioned dates, taking WOOL for the above sales:—

ROHILLA, February 10th
PESHAWUR, February 24th
BRINDISI, March 10th.

COOPER KIRTON, Agent.

247, George-street, Sydney, January 14th, 1881.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY,

OVERLAND ROUTE TO GREAT BRITAIN, THROUGH AMERICA, under Postal Contract with New South Wales and New Zealand Governments. 1881.

The magnificent steamships of this line leave Sydney for San Francisco (calling at Auckland and Honolulu) every fourth THURSDAY, at 3 p.m., as under:—

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of Departure.		
CITY OF NEW YORK	3400	24th Feb.	16th June	6th Oct.
ZEALANDIA	3200	24th March	14th July	3rd Nov.
CITY OF SYDNEY	3400	21st April	11th Aug.	1st Dec.
AUSTRALIA	3280	19th May	8th Sept.	

Passengers are booked through to Liverpool, London, or Paris, with special advantages, by connection with the Railroads across America, and with the unrivalled steamships of the White Star, Inman, and Cunard lines from America to Liverpool.

THROUGH FARE TO LONDON.

FIRST CLASS ... £66 and upwards.

Passengers can break the journey, and stop over from 1 to 6 months at Auckland, Honolulu, or at any of the American cities, en route.

Drafts, payable in gold in San Francisco, issued by the undersigned.

For rates of passage and freight, and all other information, apply to

GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., General Agents, 1, Bent-street, Sydney.

STEAM TO LONDON—ORIENT LINE. 1881.

The following steamships, belonging to the ORIENT STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), and the PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, will leave SYDNEY every ALTERNATE FRIDAY at 12 o'clock noon on the undermentioned dates for Melbourne, Adelaide, and LONDON, via the SUEZ CANAL, calling at NAPLES:—

Ship.	Tons.	Date.	Ship.	Tons.	Date.
Chimborazo	3847	Jan. 28	Cotopaxi	4028	April 8
John Elder	4152	Feb. 11	Lusitania	3882	April 22
Cuzco	3849	Feb. 25	Liguria	4666	May 6
Aconcagua	4112	Mrch. 11	Potosi	4219	May 20
Orient	5386	Mrch. 25	Garonne	3876	June 3

And the service will be maintained by succeeding steamers at intervals of a fortnight.

Saloon passengers homewards may break the journey at Suez, Port Said, and Naples, going on by succeeding steamer having room.

Fares, to London, 15 to 70 guineas. Suez Canal dues 8s in addition.

Passages from London can be granted in Sydney.

For plans and full particulars, apply to F. GREEN and CO., and ANDERSON, ANDERSON, and CO., Joint Managers of the line; or to the Agents in Sydney,

GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

ORIENT LINE OF STEAMERS,

FOR LONDON, via SUEZ CANAL.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF WOOL.

FOR THE MAY WOOL SALES.

The S. S. CHIMBORAZO, 3876 tons register, C. E. le Poer Trench, commander, will leave Sydney on the 28th January, Melbourne the 1st and Adelaide the 5th February, and should arrive at London about the 17th March.

For freight apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

ORIENT LINE OF STEAMERS.

S. S. CHIMBORAZO, FOR LONDON.

EMBARKATION NOTICE.

The Steamer PRINCE OF WALES will leave the Circular Quay at 9, 10, and 11 o'clock THIS DAY, Friday, conveying passengers and their luggage free of charge, passes for which may be obtained from the Agents.

GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

GENERAL AVERAGE PER CHIMBORAZO.

TO CONSIGNEES OF GOODS PER CHIMBORAZO.

The General Average Bond is now lying at our office for signature.

DELIVERY ORDERS can be obtained on production of Bills of lading, signature of the Bond, payment of Freight, and a Deposit of two and a half per cent. (2½ p. c.) on the value of the goods, on account of the General Average.

Consignees by this vessel are requested to PASS ENTRIES and take delivery of their goods from alongside the steamer, in terms of their bills of lading; failing which the goods will be lightered to, and landed at, Moore's Wharf, Miller's Point, by Messrs. Flood and Company, at consignees' risk and expense.

GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY (LIMITED).

The Company's steamships will be dispatched from their Jetty, Smith's Wharf, at regular intervals of THREE WEEKS, for HONGKONG, calling at TOWNSVILLE, COOKTOWN, THURSDAY ISLAND, and PORT DARWIN, booking passengers and cargo through to Singapore, Shanghai, or other China ports, and Japan. These steamers offer first-class opportunities to passengers and shippers.

The steamship MENMUIR, 2000 tons, W. Ellis, commander, will be dispatched, on THURSDAY, February 3rd, 1881.

For further particulars apply to BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND, Limited.

Regular communication to all NEW ZEALAND PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	Date of Sailing.
RINGAROOMA	1096	W. H. Chatfield	3rd February, via Auckland.
FROM MELBOURNE.			
ROTOMAHANA	1727	T. Underwood	1st February, via Hobart and Bluff.
TARARUA	828	M. Muir	8th February, via Hobart and Bluff.

FREDK. W. JACKSON, 23, Pitt-street.

TASMANIAN S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS will leave the TASMANIAN WHARF

FOR EDEN AND HOBART.—Tasman, THURSDAY, 10th February, at 4 p.m.; FRIDAY, 18th February, at 10 a.m.

FOR EDEN AND LAUNCESTON.—Esk, FRIDAY, 4th February, at 10 a.m.

No cargo received within one hour of sailing.

T. and W. WILLIS, Agents, 11, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE, BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, and ROCKHAMPTON.

The undersigned will despatch the STEAMSHIPS (when practicable) as follows, from STRUTH'S WHARF, foot of King-street:—

FOR MELBOURNE.		
LEURA	John Fain	TO-MORROW, Saturday, at 1 o'clock.
MACEDON	W. Donaldson	TUESDAY, February 1.
FOR BRISBANE.		
DERWENT	H. B. Bristow	TUESDAY, February 1.
FOR MARYBOROUGH.		
DERWENT	H. B. Bristow	TUESDAY, February 1.
FOR ROCKHAMPTON.		
DERWENT	H. B. Bristow	TUESDAY, February 1.

Cargo received for the above ports every day.

Fore Cabin Passengers supplied with bedding and victualled FREE.

W. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Struth's Wharf.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.

The splendid S. S. LEURA, 1500 tons, will leave Struth's Wharf, foot of King-street, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, at 1 o'clock.

Saloon ... £2 0 0
Return ... 3 15 0
Fore Cabin ... 1 0 0

W. HOWARD SMITH and SONS.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM TO BRISBANE.

The Company's steamship WOTONGA will be dispatched for Brisbane, THIS NIGHT, Friday, at 11.

To be followed by the KATOOMBA, on TUESDAY, at 11 a.m.

Fares and freight at current rates.

FRED. PHILLIPS, Acting Manager.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

Steam to NOUMEA (NEW CALEDONIA), the Company's powerful mail steamer CITY OF MELBOURNE, 837 tons, will be dispatched for Noumea, TO-MORROW, Saturday, at noon.

For rates of freight and passage apply to FRED. PHILLIPS, Acting Manager.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE AT REDUCED RATES.

THIS COMPANY'S LINE of FULL-POWERED and WELL-FOUND Steamships are dispatched for Melbourne as follows:—LY-EE-MOON, EVERY TUESDAY, and CITY OF ADELAIDE, EVERY SATURDAY.

Fares:
Saloon ... £2 0 0
Ditto, Return ... 3 15 0
Steerage ... 1 0 0

Steerage passengers are supplied with bedding, and a liberal dietary scale included in passage money.

Freight at current rates.

FRED. PHILLIPS, Acting-Manager.

A. S. N. Company's Office, Circular Quay.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.

TO ADELAIDE.—Victoria, from NEWCASTLE, on or about Monday. Fares: Saloon, £5; steerage, £3 10s.
TO LEVUKA (FIJI).—Gunga, after arrival of the Suez mail steamer, due 12th February.
TO NOUMEA (NEW CALEDONIA).—City of Melbourne, to-morrow, Saturday, at noon.
TO MELBOURNE.—City of Adelaide, to-morrow afternoon, Saturday, at 5; and Ly-ee-Moon, Tuesday afternoon, at 5. Fares: Saloon, £2; return ticket, £3 15s; steerage, £1.
TO BRISBANE.—Leichardt, this afternoon, Friday, at 5; Wotonga, this night, Friday, at 11; and Katoomba, Tuesday, at 11 a.m.
TO BUNDABERG.—Lady Bowen, from Brisbane, about 31st instant.
TO MARYBOROUGH.—Leichardt, this afternoon, Friday, at 5.
TO ROCKHAMPTON.—Leichardt, this afternoon, Friday, at 5.
TO BROADSOUND.—Steamer from Brisbane, early.
TO GLADSTONE.—Queensland, from Brisbane, about 5th February.
TO PORT MACKAY.—Yaralla, early.
TO TOWNSVILLE.—James Paterson, this afternoon, Friday, at 6.
TO BOWEN, TO TOWNSVILLE, TO CAIRNS (TRINITY BAY), TO PORT DOUGLAS (ISLAND POINT), TO COOKTOWN WHARF } Katoomba, Tuesday, at 11 a.m.
TO CARDWELL, TO KEPPEL BAY } Katoomba, Tuesday, at 11 a.m.

N.B.—Steerage passengers are victualled and supplied with bedding.

Cargo is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports.

FRED. PHILLIPS, Acting-Manager.

ILLAWARRA S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS WILL SAIL (weather permitting) to

WOLLONGONG.—Monday, Tuesday, and Friday, 11 p.m.; Wednesday, noon.
KIAMA.—Monday, Tuesday, and Friday, 11 p.m.
SHOALHAVEN.—Tuesday and Friday, 11 p.m.
ULLADULLA.—Wednesday, noon.
CLYDE RIVER.—Wednesday, noon.
BATEMAN'S BAY.—Wednesday, noon.
MORUYA.—Friday, 11 p.m.
MERIMBULA.—Wednesday, 9.30 a.m.
TATHRA (for BEGA).—Wednesday, 9.30 a.m.
EDEN (TWOFOLD BAY).—Wednesday, 9.30 a.m.
BERMAGUI.—Wednesday, 9.30 a.m.

KIAMA EXHIBITION.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, 2nd and 3rd February, 1881.

I. S. N. COMPANY'S best BOAT LEAVES PHŒNIX WHARF, 11 p.m., TUESDAY, 1st February; Returns from Kiama 5 p.m. following Thursday.

JAMES SOMERVILLE, Secretary.

HUNTER RIVER NEW STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM TO AND FROM NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, RAYMOND TERRACE, &c.

FROM SYDNEY.

THIS (FRIDAY) NIGHT, at 11, the MAITLAND.
TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) NIGHT (for Cargo only), the LUBRA.
On MONDAY NIGHT, at 11, the MORPETH.

Steamers leave SYDNEY every Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday nights, at 11, conveying passengers and cargo.

The Lubra will convey cargo from Sydney to Morpeth on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

From NEWCASTLE every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Saturday nights, at 11, conveying passengers and cargo.

The Lubra will convey cargo from Morpeth to Sydney on Tuesdays and Fridays.

Cargo conveyed every night from Sydney, and every day from Morpeth.

F. J. THOMAS, Manager.

Offices—foot of Market-street.

NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY (Limited).

STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, and RAYMOND TERRACE.

From LIME-STREET WHARF, FOOT OF ERSKINE-STREET.

THIS NIGHT, FRIDAY, at 11, the CITY OF BRISBANE.
On SUNDAY NIGHT, at 11, the COONANBARA.

TO NEWCASTLE.

From Sussex-street Wharf, foot of Margaret-street.

TO-MORROW NIGHT, SATURDAY, at 11, the CITY OF BRISBANE.

Cargo received for CLARENCE TOWN THIS DAY (FRIDAY). Freight payable in Sydney.

A Steamer of THIS COMPANY (TAKING BOTH PASSENGERS and CARGO) leaves Sydney FOR NEWCASTLE EVERY NIGHT at 11, and WEDNESDAY MORNING at 9; and NEWCASTLE FOR SYDNEY EVERY NIGHT at 11 (Saturday excepted), and TUESDAY and SATURDAY MORNING, at 10.

H. D. PORTUS, Manager.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

The S. S. CITY OF BRISBANE will leave from Sussex-street, TO-MORROW (Saturday) NIGHT (for that night only).

CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVERS STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.

NEW ENGLAND, for GRAFTON, TO-MORROW NIGHT, at 9.
CITY OF GRAFTON, for GRAFTON, TUESDAY NIGHT, at 9.
PLATYPUS, for KEMPSEY, MONDAY next.
CORAKI, for RICHMOND RIVER, TO-MORROW MORNING, at 10.

FARES and FREIGHTS GREATLY REDUCED.

For further particulars apply to JOHN WHITE, Secretary.

Company's Wharf, Sussex-street.

CLARENCE RIVER.

The steamship NEW ENGLAND, every SATURDAY.
The steamship CITY OF GRAFTON, every TUESDAY.
Return Tickets available by any of the Company's vessels.

JOHN WHITE, Secretary.

C. and R. R. S. N. Company.

FOR MANNING RIVER Direct.—The S.S. DIAMANTINA will be dispatched from the C. and R. R. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, THIS MORNING, at 9.

No cargo will be received after 8 a.m.

JOHN WHITE, Secretary.

Sussex-street.

RICHMOND RIVER.

The S. S. CORAKI, having completed her special trip to the Macleay River, is NOW LOADING CARGO for the RICHMOND, and will be dispatched TO-MORROW MORNING, at 10 o'clock, DIRECT, with mails and passengers.

JOHN WHITE, Secretary.

C. and R. R. S. N. Co., Sussex-street.

CLARENCE RIVER.

The new steamship AUSTRALIAN will leave the Market Wharf, foot of Market-street, SATURDAY next, at 9 p.m.

This steamer has splendid saloon accommodation, which is amidships.

Good beds and best of provisions provided.

For further particulars, apply NIPPER and SEE, 129, Sussex-street.

STEAM TO RICHMOND RIVER DIRECT.

The s. s. LISMORE, 500 tons, will leave Grafton Wharf THIS DAY, at 7 p.m.

Cargo now taken on board.

S. B. NICOLL, Grafton Wharf.

STEAM TO PORT MACQUARIE.—S. S. NE OBLIE will sail on FRIDAY, 28th January, at 4 p.m. Freight or passage, apply

A. KETHEL, Agent, Market Wharf.

HUNTER'S HILL & PARRAMATTA STEAMERS.—KING-STREET TO COCKATOO, HUNTER'S HILL, and GLADESVILLE—7, 9, 10, 11 a.m.; 12.30, 1, 3, 3.45, 4.15, 5.5, 6.15.
Additional to Hunter's Hill and Villa Maria, 7.45, 9.30, 11.15.
To FIVE DOCK and BURWOOD—7.10 a.m.; 12.30, 4.15, 5.5, 6.15 p.m.
To PARRAMATTA, RYDE, ERMINGTON, NEWINGTON—7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5.5. Fares less than railway rates.
FROM PARRAMATTA—7, 11, 9 a.m.; 1, 3, 5 p.m.
FROM HUNTER'S HILL—7.5, 8.15, 9.5, 10.15, 11.30 a.m.; 12.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.35, 6.15, 7.5, 8.45, 10.15 p.m.

HUNTER'S HILL and LANE COVE FERRY.—Steamer WOMERAH leaves—
Lime-street Wharf, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5.5, 7
Lane Cove, 8, 10, 12, 2, 4, 6.
SATURDAY—Lime-street Wharf, 1.15 and 11.15 p.m.
Lane Cove, 10 p.m.
SUNDAY—Lime-street Wharf, 10, 2.30, 6.
Lane Cove, 9, 1, 5.

BRISBANE WATER.—S. PELICAN leaves King-street, TO-MORROW, 7.30 a.m., return same day.

HAWKESBURY RIVER.—EXCURSION, via Manly and Windsor, THIS DAY, 2.15 p.m., to arrive in Sydney, by train, Saturday evening; or leave Saturday afternoon, return Monday morning, via Manly, before 9. Book this morning at MADDOCK'S, George-street, or Parramatta Wharf, King-street.

FOR LONDON.

The A1 clipper ship, ALTCAR, 1283 tons register, F. W. Harvey, commander, now receiving wool, and having large engagements, will have quick dispatch.

The Altcar having received complete overhaul, docked, and painted, with the view of her making a rapid voyage, offers the most favourable opportunity for shippers of WOOL for MAY SALES.

For rates of freight or passage, apply to JOHN FRAZER and CO.

WOOL now received at FLOOD and CO.'S.

FOR LONDON.

The A1 Clipper Ship, STRACATHRO, 1159 tons Register, J. B. PETERS, Commander.

This vessel HAVING the whole of her DEAD WEIGHT, and with large engagements, will be dispatched early next month.

For FREIGHT or PASSAGE, APPLY to JOHN FRAZER and CO.

WOOL RECEIVED AT FLOOD and CO.'S.

FOR LONDON.

FOR MAY SALES.

The splendid A1 Ship NORTHAMPTON, 1173 Tons Register, J. C. CLARE, R.N.R., Commander, now loading at Circular Quay, and requiring only a LIMITED QUANTITY OF WOOL to COMPLETE her ENGAGEMENTS, will be dispatched in a few days.

For Freight, &c., apply to Captain CLARE, on board; or to BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., Agents.

WOOL received at FLOOD'S.

FOR LONDON.

FOR MAY WOOL SALES.

The magnificent new A 1 clipper ship, BRILLIANT, 1613 tons register, C. W. Davidson, commander, has nearly the whole of her wool on board, and stowed, and will be dispatched in a few days.

For freight or passage, apply to Captain DAVIDSON, on board, at the Circular Quay; or to DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.

Wool received at Flood and Co.'s.

FOR LONDON.

The splendid A1 clipper ship GLADSTONE, 1159 Tons Register, John Jackson, commander, having large engagements, will receive quick dispatch.

For freight or passage, apply to DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.

Wool received at Flood and Co.'s.

FOR LONDON.

The A1 Clipper Barque J. D. PETERS, 1085 tons register, E. LANE, commander.

This vessel having a large portion of her cargo on board will be dispatched in a few days.

For freight apply to DALTON, BROTHERS, Pitt-street.

Wool received at Flood's.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE.—For LONDON.—

The splendid clipper ship PERICLES, 1598 tons register, JAMES LARGIE, Commander.

This vessel is now fast loading, and having the bulk of her wool engaged and in store, will have immediate dispatch.

For terms of freight or passage, apply to the Captain, on board; or to MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

Wool received at TALBOT'S.

FOR LONDON.

The A1 clipper barque CARNAQUHEEN, 825 tons register, Simpson, master, will meet with quick dispatch.

For freight, apply to ROBEY, BROTHERS, and CO., 253, George-street.

FOR LONDON.

For the May Wool Sales.

The new clipper ship BLENGFELL, 1125 tons, P. M'Culloch, commander, will be dispatched on the 10th February.

This ship being under charter, and her cargo nearly all engaged and in store, will sail as above, giving ample time to catch the May sales.

METCALFE, SIDDELEY, and Co., 9, Bridge-street.

WOOL RECEIVED AT FLOOD'S.

FOR LONDON.

The splendid A1 Barque SCOTTISH PRINCE, 884 tons register, George Scale, commander, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will meet with quick dispatch.

For freight or passage apply to ALFRED LAMB and CO., Agents.

Wool received at Talbot's.

ADELAIDE LINE FOR LONDON, via Cape of Good Hope.

The splendid A1 ship RODNEY, 1447 tons register, A. Louttit, commander, will be dispatched from Adelaide the middle of February.

This favourite passenger ship has superior saloon accommodation.

Bedding, linen, &c., provided.

Carries a surgeon.

For freight or passage apply to ALFRED LAMB and CO., Macquarie-place.

FOR LEVUKA, FIJI.

The Clipper Brig OTTO, P. Thomsen, commander, will receive cargo on MONDAY, 31st instant, at Dibbs' Wharf, and will have prompt dispatch.

For freight or passage apply to M. H. HORWITZ, Agent, 42, Pitt-street.

S. S. N. CO.'S Steamer DAIRYMAID, for SHELLHARBOUR and GERRINGONG direct, TO-NIGHT, at 6, from Caledonia Wharf. No cargo received after 5.

JOHN RITCHIE, Agent.

FIRST VESSEL FOR NOUMEA.—The clipper three-masted schooner, ENERGY, J. R. Scaplehorn, master, will receive CARGO on FRIDAY next, at Cosmopolitan Wharf.

FOR NAMBUCCRA RIVER.—Schooner ELIZA ALLEN, from Fagan's Wharf, THIS DAY, at noon.

P. HOGAN, Agent.

Freights payable in Sydney only.

FOR BERMAGUI (Cobargo).—ADVANCE now receiving cargo. HENRY CLARKE, Victoria Wharf.

FOR GRAFTON, schooner MAY NEWTON. Has only room for powder. Apply J. H. Young, King-st., West.

FOR NAMBUCCRA RIVER.—Ketch DOLPHIN, on MONDAY. Apply R. LANGLEY, 92, Sussex-street.

FOR CAPE HAWKE.—FAVOURITE, from Ballast Wharf, Pyrmont, TO-NIGHT.

HUNTER RIVER NEW STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NOTICE.—All ACCOUNTS due by this Company must be rendered on or before MONDAY next, in order to close accounts for the half-year ending 31st January.

F. J. THOMAS, Manager.

Offices—foot of Market-street, 28th January, 1881.

SHIP SALAMANCA, from LONDON.—All ACCOUNTS against this vessel must be rendered, in duplicate, at the office of the undersigned by noon on SATURDAY, the 29th instant, otherwise they will not be recognised.

DALTON, BROTHERS, Agents, Pitt-street.

WANTED to purchase, on terms, light 14-foot DINGY. Apply D. S., General Post Office.

SHIP INCH MURREN from Glasgow.

Consignees are requested to pass ENTRIES, at once, for Moore's Wharf. The Ship will not be responsible for damage to, or loss of cargo, after the same has been landed. All goods impeding the discharge will be entered, landed, and stored at the consignee's risk and expense. Bills of Lading must be presented, freights paid, and delivery orders obtained, at the office of the undersigned, before any goods leave the Wharf.

MASON, BROTHERS, Agents.

CAPTAIN PATERSON will not be responsible for any DEBTS contracted by his crew without his written authority.

SHIP BRITISH AMBASSADOR, from London.—Consignees by this vessel are requested to Pass ENTRIES for Parbury's Wharf. The ship will not be responsible for loss of or damage to cargo after it is landed, and all goods impeding the discharge will be entered, landed, and stored at expense and risk of consignees. Bills of lading must be produced, freight paid, and orders for delivery obtained from the undersigned before any cargo can leave the wharf.

YOUNG and LARK, Agents, Moore-street.

Captain Davis will not be responsible for any debts contracted by his crew.

BARQUE STRACATHRO, from London.—All ACCOUNTS against the Inward Cargo of this vessel must be rendered in duplicate, at the office of the undersigned before noon on SATURDAY, the 29th instant, or they will not be recognised.

YOUNG and LARK.

OTTO, from Port Natal.—Captain THOMSEN will not be responsible for Debts contracted by the crew without his written authority.

M. H. HORWITZ, Agent.

FOR Freight or Charter, the Clipper Ship SYREN. G. F. MASON, Patent Slip Wharf.

WANTED to CHARTER a VESSEL of 100 to 130 tons, for about 12 months, for Fiji. Apply to Bright, Brothers, and Co., Pitt-street.

TONNAGE.

Wanted, VESSELS, to load Coals for
SAN FRANCISCO
WILMINGTON
HONGKONG
SHANGHAI
AMOY.

ALFRED LAMB and CO.

TO SHIPOWNERS OR AGENTS.

WANTED, a SCHOONER, about 130 tons, to carry building materials to Port Douglas.

Loading ready 26th February.

Apply T. P. HARDY, Ann-street Valley, Brisbane.

FOR FREIGHT, SALE, or CHARTER, the clipper Barquentine EDITH MAY, 215 tons register, John Hendry, commander. Apply JOHN TAYLOR and CO., 15, Sussex-street.

A FIRST-CLASS Pulling BOAT for SALE, all gear complete. JOHN DANIELS, Smith-street, Balmain.

FOR SALE, Fishing BOAT; cheap, £30. F. Matson, Ladies' Baths, Woolloomooloo.

FOR SALE, Paddle Steamer WARRAH, steams 8 knots, good carrier, light draught. B. B. Nicoll, Grafton Wharf.

FOR SALE, the new Ketch JONATHAN, 43 tons register. BUZACOTT and ARMSTRONG, Market-street.

FOR SALE, 7-ton YACHT, air-tight compartments, coppered, &c., and gear complete. Price, £20 (twenty pounds sterling). Apply 159, Sussex-street.

ROYAL SYDNEY YACHT SQUADRON.

The Race for Vice-Commodore Dr. MACKELLAR'S PRIZE, valued at £30, with a Sweepstakes of the entrances for the second boat, according to handicap allowance, is fixed for SATURDAY, 29th instant.

ENTRIES.

Name of Yacht.	Owner.	Tonnage.	Distinguishing Flag.
Mistral	W. O. Gilchrist	35	Blue with gold Maltese cross
Magic	James R. Fairfax	26	Red and white diagonal
Waitangi	John Newton	22	Blue with white Maltese cross
Daphne	Chas. T. Gedye	16	Red, white, and blue diagonal
Doris	F. Milford, M.S.	5	Blue with white crescent.

Flying start at the firing of the 1 o'clock gun, from line between red buoy and flagboat, down to and round Club moorings at Manly, thence round Shark Island, round Fort Denison, back to and round Sow and Pigs, thence round Fort Denison, round Clark Island and back to the red buoy

Yachts to be steered by a member of the Club.

HANDICAP.

Magic ... Scratch
Mistral ... Ditto
Waitangi ... 12 minutes
Daphne ... 24 ditto
Doris ... 35 ditto.

The race to be concluded before 7 p.m., or re-sailed on a future day.

By order, HENRY CORNWELL, Hon. Sec.

Lectures.

FREETHOUGHT PLATFORM.

THEATRE ROYAL.

SUNDAY EVENING, 30th JANUARY, 1881.

MR. CHARLES BRIGHT will deliver a LECTURE, entitled "ARCHBISHOP VAUGHAN ON ROTTEN CATHOLICS" and "AMERICAN EDUCATION."

"No Catholic, except a rotten one, would think of sending his child to a State school in America."—Address at Lavender Bay.

SUITABLE SELECTIONS OF MUSIC BY THE CHOIR.

ORGANIST, MR. W. HODGE.

Doors open at 7, commence at 7.30. Sittings as usual.

IN PREPARATION, TWO LECTURES ON "THE TRUE BASIS OF MORALITY."

SUNDAY, 30th, CITY HALL, 183, Castlereagh-street, Usual Meeting and Lecture, 7.30, of THE PROVISIONAL FREE PLATFORM ASSOCIATION, Mr. J. HODGSON on the "Irish Land Question."

NEXT SATURDAY, 3.30 p.m. GRAND VILLA SITES, 44 x 188. To be sold on the Ground, BURWOOD, near station. HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers. NO RESERVE. EASY TERMS. Torrens' Title. GET A LITHOGRAPH.

Religious Announcements.

ARRIVAL of the LORD BISHOP OF GRAFTON AND ARMIDALE.

The Clergy of the Church of England in the city and suburbs are invited to be present at the Diocesan Registry, at 3 p.m., THIS DAY, to welcome the Bishop of Grafton and Armidale on his return to the colony.

WILLIAM M. COWPER.

NEW SOUTH WALES BUSH MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

The Half-yearly MEETING of Members and Friends will be held on MONDAY EVENING NEXT, the 31st instant, to receive a Report of the society's proceedings for the half-year ended 31st December last, and to transact any other business that may be submitted to the meeting.

Messrs. H. C. SCARFE, J. SMITH, G. MOSS, R. WILLIAMS, and J. A. THOMAS, the Bush Missionaries, are expected to be present, and give accounts of their recent journeys.

TEA will be provided, in the new room of the Temperance Hall, at quarter to 7 o'clock.

J. PALMER, Secretary.

WESLEYAN CONFERENCE.

A CONFERENCE of Wesleyan Sunday-school officers, and teachers, with members of the Conference, will be held THIS EVENING, Friday, in the York-street Church, at 7.30. The president of the Conference will preside, and Revs. R. SELLORS, C. STEAD, and others will speak.

F. FIRTH, G. CRAWSHAW, } Secretaries of Wesleyan S. S. Union.

Business Announcements.

ACCOUNTANT, ARBITRATOR of Accounts, &c., &c.—EVERY BRANCH OF THE PROFESSION, INCLUDING ALL FORMS OF INTRICATE CALCULATIONS; Valuations, Valuation Tables, Equitable Profit Adjustments, and forms of Account Books for any kind of business or society. Intricate accounts, requiring the special searching investigation of a professed expert. All such business will be executed in a skilful, straightforward, and honourable manner, and with every attention to his client's interests.

S. PARTRIDGE, Consulting Actuary, Accountant, and Arbitrator of Accounts, &c., No. 267, George-street; or No. 388 Box, G. P. O., Sydney.

THE UNDERSIGNED having closed his connection with the Sydney Mail, has now commenced business on his own account, as DRAUGHTSMAN and ENGRAVER on Wood, and begs to solicit the patronage of the public, offering the assurance of energy and promptitude in the execution of all orders with which he may be favoured.

ARTHUR CROALL, Vaughan's Chambers, 152, King-street, Sydney.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—A. COX, Dyer, has opened a branch at 50, Hunter-street, between Pitt and Castlereagh sts.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Firm of DRYSDALE and ROBERTS, as Iron and Machinery Merchants, having been DISSOLVED as from the 1st day of July, 1880, the business will from the 1st day of January, 1881, be carried on by RICHARD HOLT BRISCOE, ARTHUR BRISCOE, both of Wolverhampton, England, and ANDREW DRYSDALE, of Sydney, under the style or firm of "Briscoe, Drysdale, and Co."

BRISCOE, DRYSDALE, and CO., George, York, and Pitt streets, Sydney.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

We the undersigned WILLIAM MADDISON ALDERSON and THOMAS ALDERSON, trading as "ALDERSON and SONS," have THIS DAY admitted Mr. LAUNCELOT ALDERSON as a Partner in our business of Tanners, Curriers, Bellmongers, Leather Dressers and Sellers, Boot and Shoe Manufacturers, Saddlers, Harnessmakers, Contractors, and General Merchants, carried on by us.

As witness our hands, at Sydney, this first day of January, 1881.

W. M. ALDERSON.
THOMAS ALDERSON.
L. ALDERSON.

Signed by the said William Maddison Alderson, Thomas Alderson, and Launcelot Alderson, in the presence of [illegible], Solicitor, [illegible], Sydney.

Personal.

ALFRED DENBY FARROW (late of Daylesford),—your Father is in Sydney; let him know where you are. Address E. Farrow, Post Office, Sydney.

BERTIE,—Aunt's at H., anxious to hear from you; could give you favourable news.

CAPTAIN JAMES WATSON, late of the Barque Monarch, please send your address to Box 553, G.P.O. Important.

CAPTAIN BROWN, of Jessie Kelly, schooner,—call at the General Post Office for letter.

EDWARD CHARLES MAN.—Important Letters are awaiting you, send your address immediately. W. G. PENNINGTON, Solicitor, 89, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

H. E. GODBY.—Call immediately at G. P. O., for Letter. Any one knowing his address will oblige by leaving it at Mr. HANNAH'S Fruit Shop, Park-street.

JOHN STODDART, call at once on Rev. C. H. RICH, Palmer-street. Letter from your brother.

MRS. CROOK (maiden name Ann Kirkwood),—please call at 77, Darlinghurst Road.

MR. D. MURRY, Professor of Music,—call at 16, Union-street, Pyrmont.

MRS. M'LEAN, late of Kelsey's Hotel,—kindly leave address with S. LEVIN, 106, King-street.

SHOULD this meet the eye of J. MARCHAND (late of Tamworth), Friend wishes to see you at 313, Riley-st., S. H.

THOMAS CHAUNDLER TRIGGE, formerly of Canada, Comedian, who went to New South Wales about the year 1864: A REWARD will be given for authentic information proving him alive in August or September, 1870. Any one who can give information about aforesaid or his Wife is requested to communicate with D. K. W., May's Advertising Offices, 159, Piccadilly, London, England.

WANTED, E. SKYRM, Coach Painter, to call for letter, Book-stall, Redfern Station.

WANTED, to see Mr. HARRY MUCH. Apply T. B. R., No. 100, Sussex-st., New Zealand Boarding house.

WILL the owner of the Lavinia kindly call upon Messrs. Bright, Brothers, and Co.

WILLIAM WOODS, call on Mr. SNOW, Clairvaux, Rose Bay.

Lost and Found.

LOST, on the 27th instant, two £1 NOTES, folded together. Reward, 62, Castlereagh-street.

LOST, near the Treasury, Macquarie-street, 2 Brass KEYS, on blue ribbon. Reward at 54, Phillip-street.

LOST, on University paddocks, part of Hair GUARD, with Seal. Reward. Mrs. Ryan, Glebe Road.

LOST, £5-NOTE, on Commercial Bank, No. 120783. Apply General Post Office.

LOST, between Bligh-street and Railway, Waterproof COAT, from saddle. Reward. 6, Bligh-street.

LOST, a RECEIPT-BOOK, in Market-street, between Geo. and York sts. Reward. J. M'Laughlin, 165, Sussex-st.

LOST, Thursday, 27th, a Yellow CANARY. Reward, T. Cripps', 556, George-street, opposite Cathedral.

LOST, Mastiff DOG, fawn coloured, black muzzle. £1 reward will be paid on delivery to Kilgour, Tresilyian, Double Bay.

LOST, from Exchange Hotel, King and George streets, brown English TERRIER. Reward. W. Ellis, Goulburn House, Druitt-street.

LOST, on Tuesday, small BOX, containing gold necklet, small brooch, and lady's cap. Reward, if left at Mr. Waddington's, No. 3, Macquarie-place.

LOST, on the 25th instant, by a poor widow, a PURSE, containing a small sum of money and a return ticket per Howard Smith and Co.'s steamers. Reward. Mrs. Legge, No. 6, Muriel-terrace, Newtown.

LOST, PURSE, containing two £5 and one £1 Queensland Bank notes, some silver, and lock of child's hair. The whole savings of a widow in distressed circumstances. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it with Mr. F. HARPUR, 119, Pitt-street.

ONE POUND REWARD.—STRAYED, from Petersham Omnibus Stables, black HORSE, branded 8 on off side neck, white hind leg, star on forehead.

REWARD.—STRAYED or STOLEN, on Saturday last, from Bray Grove, Concord, slate-coloured Terrier PUPPY. Any one detaining him after this notice will be prosecuted. If returned, will be rewarded.

STRAYED, from Chesterfield, Waverley, Bay Pony MARE, branded M on shoulder. Reward.

STOLEN, from Bank of New South Wales, William-street, brown spaniel PUPPY. If not returned at once, anyone found in possession will be prosecuted.

TEN SHILLINGS Reward.—Strayed, yellow brindle Cow, branded H on rump, I on shoulder. J. Burford, Ashfield.

TWO POUNDS REWARD.—LOST, from Homebush, big Chestnut HORSE, shod all round; last seen near Auburn. The above reward will be paid on delivery to MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK, Homebush.

TEN POUNDS REWARD for information leading to the conviction of the party who recently stole from Thornleigh, Concord, a Black SWAN and a pair of Dragoon PIGEONS. If only strayed, 10s will be paid on delivery to above address. CHARLES PARNELL.

FOUND, a brown Kangaroo PUP. Owner can have him by paying advt. Provost-sergeant, Victoria Barracks.

FOUND, at the Garden Palace, PURSE, containing money; also Ladies' Bag. Nicholson, 118, King-street.

FOUND, a Sum of MONEY. Apply 548, George-street.

FOUND, a Kauri LOG. Owner can have same by paying expenses. Apply Argyle Bond.

Educational.

AIRLIE LADIES' COLLEGE, Cavendish-street, Stanmore. Dancing Class now forming. £1 1s per quarter.

ARGYLE SCHOOL, Arthurleigh, Albion-street.—School was Re-opened January 17. EMILY C. BAXTER.

ASHFIELD.—The College.—Studies resumed. Mrs. HARRY at home from 10 until 4 p.m.

BOYS' Preparatory School. Principal, Miss Mackay. 1, Roslyn-terrace, Darlinghurst Road.

BURRADOO PARK, near BOWRAL.—The Pupils enjoy all the advantages of a first-class Sydney school at the above healthy mountain residence.

BATHURST.—ALL SAINTS' COLLEGE.

The curriculum is suited to prepare boys for the Universities, or for business. Situation healthy; playground 10 acres. Drill, drawing, and practical chemistry, with laboratory work, form part of the regular course. Vacancies should be filled up at beginning of school year. For prospectus and terms apply to the Head Master.

School re-opens THURSDAY, February 3rd.

E. BEAN, B.A., Head Master.

BOYS' PREPARATORY SCHOOL, ST. MARK'S CRESCENT, DARLING POINT, Sydney.—Principals—The Misses MACAULAY. Resident Masters—J. B. DENHAM, Esq., B.A., Magdalen College, Oxford; W. W. Sparrow, Esq., New Cross. Music—Mrs. J. J. N. Clark. Drawing—Mrs. Vaillant. Drilling—Lieutenant Mulholland. Dancing—Mr. F. H. Needs. Communications may be addressed to Miss Macaulay, or Rev. T. Kemmis, Vicarage, Darling Point.

Work will be resumed on 29th January.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION.—Candidates prepared. C. J. Fache, Langley, Cavendish-street, Stanmore.

EVENING CLASSES.

MATRIC. and CLASSICS, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday.
SURVEY and MATHEMATICS, Monday and Friday.
CIVIL SERVICE and GENERAL, Monday and Thursday.
Fee £2 2s per quarter. FORTY-FIVE Pupils passed in 3 years.

F. BEVILL, M.A., Royston College, Alberto-terrace, Darlinghurst.

HIGH CLASS SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES. ROSEBANK—Darlinghurst. Principals—The Misses MARTIN. Studies will be resumed THURSDAY, January 27th.

LITTLEMORE COLLEGE, Queen-st., Woollahra.—Course: Classics and Mathematics. Vacancies for boarders. Terms on application.

MR. BLACKMORE'S School, 100, Hunter-street. Vacancies for two Pupils.

SPRINGFIELD COLLEGE, Macleay-street, Sydney. Principal, Mdme. DE MONSIGNY. Studies resumed Jan. 27.

SHIRLEY COLLEGE, Edgecliff Road.—Principals, the Misses MAC CORMACK, assisted by an efficient staff of Teachers and Professors. Studies will be resumed THURSDAY, January 27.

ST. IGNATIUS' COLLEGE, River View. Schools REOPEN MONDAY, 31st instant.

SYDNEY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—Mr. GOLDIE, of St. John's College, Cambridge, and a Master of the above, has a few VACANCIES for Boarders. Apply at the School, or at Wimbledon Hall, Bourke-street.

TO LADIES.—Mrs. NORRIS, Teacher of Writing, &c. Guarantees speedy improvement in easy lessons. Church-hill.

VIOLONCELLO.—Mr. JOHN ZEUGHEER HERRMANN, from London and Melbourne (pupil of Messrs. Liddle and Vieuxtemps), is open for Engagements and Pupils. 164, Palmer-street. Piano, Violin, and Tenor taught. Specialité.—A thoroughly sound, Classical, Musical Education. Terms—2, 3, and 4 guineas per quarter.

GOVERNESS.—Required by a young Lady, RE-ENGAGEMENT as Resident Governess in a gentleman's family. English, music, French, drawing. L. H., Herald Office.

Borough Council Notices.

BOROUGH OF VICTORIA.

Notice is hereby given that a Plan and Section showing proposed permanent level of a portion of Mount-street, south side, from William-street to Edward-street, will lie at the Council Chamber for thirty days from the date hereof, and may be inspected by all persons interested.

WALTER G. WILLINGTON, Council Clerk.

Council-chambers, Blue's Point Road, January 6, 1881.

BOROUGH OF NEWTOWN.

NOTICE is hereby given that GEORGE ALFRED HEWETT and ROBERT HANNAM have been duly appointed VALUERS to the Council for the Municipal Year 1881–2.

DANIEL [illegible], Council Clerk.

[illegible]

TO-DAY, AT FARMER'S,

THE GREAT LINEN SALE CONTINUES.

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AN INVENTORY.

For the convenience of customers visiting our establishment during the Great SALE of Linen Goods for domestic purposes, we have printed an inventory of the goods we intend to offer. Customers will thus be able to see at a glance the quantities and prices of each article; and purchases will, we hope, be facilitated. To customers in the country one of these inventories will be specially useful, as a list of linen requirements can most readily be prepared by reference thereto. FARMER and COMPANY.

WHAT THE LINEN GOODS CONSIST OF.

For full particulars it would be necessary to consult the inventory. It would be easier to enumerate the articles not included in the valuable stock now offered than to specify each line, as in it will be found every item in linen necessary for domestic purposes. Nothing is wanting that it usually to be found in a well-assorted linen stock. There are linen sheetings in 72, 80, 90, 100, and 120 inches. Pillow linens, stout, medium, fine. Irish linens, especially for surplices; Irish linens in 7-8 and 4-4 widths, fine and medium maker; Irish linen diapers in every width and pattern. Curiously fine frontings; double satin damasks in every width and pattern, from the small dice pattern to the most artistically elaborated early English designs. Satin damask cloths from the small 6-4 size to the extra large cloths known as 10 x 24; linen dusters, linen towels, fish napkins, table napkins, &c., &c.

FARMER and COMPANY.

HOW THEY ARE ARRANGED FOR SALE.

To do anything like ample justice to the stock of Domestic Linen Goods we are now offering (the invoice value of which exceeds £6000), we have found it necessary to devote the entire centre floor space in our principal drapery showroom to exhibition purposes. The Linens will accordingly be arranged on tables placed down the centre of the showroom, extending from the entrance to the end of the room. Purchasers will be able to inspect the goods at the various tables, and, with the assistance of an inventory, will readily gain any required information.

FARMER and COMPANY.

THE CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE PURCHASE.—Early in November of last year Messrs. Morley and Powell, a large wholesale soft goods firm in the city of London, announced their intention to retire from business, and opened negotiations for the sale of the entire stock. The Linen goods were offered to Mr. W. Farmer, and purchased by him at a price very much below the manufacturers' lists. The goods were shipped immediately, and, although they reach us entirely in excess of our requirements, we cannot but commend the wisdom of the purchase, as it enables us to sell at our usual profit every item in the parcel at a lower price than it could be landed at in Sydney if imported direct from the manufacturers. FARMER and COMPANY.

MRS. LOFTIE, IN THE DINING-ROOM, ("Art at Home" series), says:—"In old times a lady took pride in her LINEN CLOSET, and knew every tablecloth by name. Each piece had its story." FARMER'S LINEN SALE affords an opportunity for a revival of this good old-time custom, as the quality of the items offered is such that wear for years may be guaranteed.

TRAY CLOTHS.

Fine Damask Tray Cloths, at FARMER'S Linen Sale, at lower prices than they cost to make, 2s 6d, 2s 9d, 3s 3d, 3s 6d, 3s 11d, 4s 3d, 4s 6d each. A few days and there will be none remaining.

DAMASK CLOTHS.

"Before all things it is necessary, in order that a dinner table may look nice, that the cloth be perfectly clean. It may be unbleached to show the pattern, if this is the fancy of the lady of the house; it may be of plain linen, such as is often met with abroad; it may be of the coarse diaper, with coloured borders, to be found in the South of France; it may be of the finest double damask, but it must be spotless." The Damask Cloths catalogued in our linen sale commence at 1s 6½d each for 6-4 size, and finish at 87s 6d for those 10 x 24. It would puzzle anyone to name a price or quality we have not in stock. Prompt cash only.

FARMER and COMPANY.

FISH NAPKINS.

At Farmer's Linen Sale there are fine Fish Napkins at 4s 9d, 5s 3d, 5s 6d, 5s 11d, 6s 6d, 6s 9d, 7s 9d, 8s 9d, 10s 6d, 11s 6d, 12s 9d per dozen. Nothing remarkable in these prices you will say. No, nothing remarkable in the prices until you examine the qualities, and then the wonder comes in. Prompt cash only.

THREE-QUARTER NAPKINS.

At Farmer's Linen Sale there are 3-4 and 7-8 double Damask Table Napkins at 6s 11d, 7s 11d, 8s 11d, 9s 6d, 10s 9d, 11s 6d, 12s, 13s 9d, 15s 9d, 16s 9d, 18s 6d, 20s, 21s 9d, 22s 6d, 25s, 30s, 32s 6d per dozen. The quality is such that until every dozen is sold the stock previously held MUST remain in the fixture. This is inevitable.

SURPLICE LINENS.

Among the items offered in our great Linen Sale are some full-width Linens, manufactured specially for SURPLICES. There are several qualities—some suitable for choristers, some for clergymen. Are your choir surplices beginning to look the worse for wear, or is your minister properly provided with surplices? What about that pocket surplice?—it takes only 6 yards of Linen, and could be made in a day. You can purchase the Linen, really good, at 1s 6d, or 1s 9d, or 2s per yard; and to make a pocket surplice and present it does not require a COMMITTEE of ladies. You may do it quite alone. FARMER and COMPANY.

WHAT ELSE?

Pillow Linens, at 1s 2d, 1s 4d, 1s 6d, 2s, 2s 2d, 2s 6d, 2s 9d, 3s, 3s 3d, 4s 3d; Linen Sheetings, at 3s, 3s 6d, 3s 9d, 4s 3d, 4s 9d, 4s 11d; Fine Frontings, at 1s 6d, 1s 9d, 2s, 2s 3d, 2s 6d, 2s 9d, 3s; Irish Linen Diapers, 2s 3d, 1s 4½d, 1s 6d, 1s 8d, 1s 9d, 1s 11d, 2s 2d; Linen Damasks, at 1s 6d, 1s 8d, 1s 10d, 2s, 2s 4½d, 2s 6d, 2s 9d, 3s 3d, 3s 6d, 3s 9d, 3s 11d, 4s 3d, 4s 6d, 4s 11d, 5s 6d, 6s 3d; Striped Linen Ticks, every quality made; Brown Hollands, 6½d, 7½d, 8½d, 9½d; Linen Huckaback Towels, several thousand dozens. These and other items, too numerous to particularise, are included in the shipment of Linen Goods now being sold at prompt cash prices, at FARMER'S, which, for extent, variety, and value given, immensely surpasses any shipment previously submitted in Sydney.

LACE COLLARETTES, FICHUS, CUFFS.—French Lace Goods, choice, fresh, beautiful. Some 200 dozens in all, comprising every shape and style that has been fashionable this season. Every lady knows how much a nice collarette or fichu adds to the toilette; and some can, at a trifling cost, turn a little lace and ribbon to account in a marvellous manner. But to make anything like the goods we now announce at the price we are prepared to sell them would puzzle the deftest designer. They are so tempting in style. They are cheap beyond conception. Fancy a French Lace Fichu, or Collarette, or pair of Cuffs, for 9d, 1s, 1s 3d, 1s 6d, 1s 9d, 2s, 2s 3d, 2s 6d, for these are the marked prices. We bought these goods in this market. We admit, unhesitatingly, we could not have imported them at the price. SOME ONE loses money by the transaction, but that is not our business. FARMER and COMPANY.

THE NORMANDIE GLOVE, in black and colours, 2-button, 2s 11d; 4 buttons, 3s 11d; 6 buttons, 4s 6d. The celebrated Half-crown Glove, every pair guaranteed. Farmer's Victoria Glove, 2-button 4s 6d; 4-button, 5s 6d; 6-button, 6s 6d. Every item at the lowest wholesale quotation for prompt net cash. FARMER'S.

SEVERAL THOUSAND DOZENS of Ladies' White Cambric Handkerchiefs, direct from an Irish manufacturer. By this purchase, the warehouseman's profit is saved to the consumer. The prices range from 5s 6d to 12s 6d per dozen. Also, a large purchase of Hem-stitch Handkerchiefs, splendid qualities, 10s 6d to 21s per dozen. Buyers can economise by purchasing the best goods, at the lowest wholesale rates, for prompt net cash. FARMER'S.

MOSQUITO NETS.—Just Landed, and will be on view in our Drapery Department THIS DAY, extra quality Mosquito Nets in the following widths, viz., 72 inch, 9½d; 80 inch, 10½d; 90 inch, 11½d; 100 inch, 13½d; 108 inch, 15d. All at the very lowest wholesale prices, for prompt net cash. FARMER'S only.

GENTLEMEN'S TWEED SUITS.

We are exhibiting in our outfitting window this week, some Gentlemen's Tweed Suits at 28s 6d. The price surprises everyone who has seen them, as the suits are really well made and finished, and the material is pure Scotch Tweed. A few sample suits were received some six weeks since, and the bulk, about 550, are now to hand. We have not quoted a tweed suit at so low a price hitherto, because, even with our minimized profits, it is not possible, in the ordinary way, to sell a suit THAT CAN BE RECOMMENDED at this figure. But special circumstances enable us to do so in this instance. The suits were made up in our London factory from a parcel of tweeds purchased at ACTUAL COST from a Galashiels manufacturer. It suited the maker so to sell them. The production of the tweeds had enabled him to keep his skilled workers together during a slack period at a reduced scale of wages, and the bare expenses only were realized by the sale. Opportunities like this occur ONLY SELDOM to wholesale traders; to the ordinary retail trader, never. FARMER and COMPANY.

FOR SUN OR RAIN.—FARMER'S Half-Guinea Reversible Twill Silk Umbrella for GENTLEMEN has no equal at the price. It is made of a fine bright silk, double texture, green, blue, and violet lined; is mounted on strong natural sticks; Foxe's Patent Paragon Frame; altogether a most durable article. Fully 2000 Gentlemen's Silk Umbrellas in stock. Prices—7s 6d, 8s 6d, 10s 6d, 12s 6d, 13s 6d, 15s, 16s 6d, and on to 27s 6d prompt net cash. FARMER'S.

CEDAR TOILETS.

We have made arrangements with a large manufacturer for 300 pairs of polished Cedar Toilets, Dressing Tables and Washstands to match; and to-day have received the first delivery. We shall sell these Toilets at 15s per pair, about the lowest price ever quoted in Sydney. They would be very useful for hotels, boarding houses, spare bedrooms, &c., as they are strong and well constructed of thoroughly seasoned timber. FARMER and COMPANY.

STUFFED-OVER OCCASIONAL CHAIRS, for the Drawing-room and Boudoir. The Langtry, 45s; the Dudley, 63s; the Beatrice, 70s; the Grandmamma, 81s; and others. The most marked success has attended the introduction of these fashionable chairs. There is room for one or more in every drawing-room. Unapproached for comfort, they form a marked contrast to the stiff, unused, gilded articles that formerly did duty for occasional chairs in many otherwise well-furnished rooms. Bijou Settees to match the above. FARMER'S only.

A SALE OF OIL PAINTINGS.

A most valuable collection of OIL PAINTINGS, the property of a Gentleman recently from England, will be on view in our Furnishing Show Rooms during this month. They have been selected with great care and judgment, from the studios of—

T. S. Cooper, Esq., R.A.
F. J. Kinnaird, Esq.
Charles Leslie, Esq.
Sheldon Williams, Esq.

and other artists of note, and are now offered for Sale. As the owner is leaving the colonies very shortly, and must realise at once on the entire collection, each picture has been marked considerably less than the price in London. Seldom is such an opportunity afforded to gentlemen in the colonies desiring to purchase pictures. FARMER and COMPANY.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1425711

Amusements.

THEATRE ROYAL.

Lessee... ... ... Mr. Samuel Lazar.

LAST NIGHT
of the
Brilliant Comedy
OURS,
by T. W. Robertson,
author of "Caste," "School," "Play," &c.
Characters by Messrs. Edwin Shepherd, H. H. Vincent, Frank Cates, J. H. Rainford, F. Beverley, C. Chriss, and G. C. Titheradge; Mrs. George Gordon, Mrs. Marion Stammers, and Miss Blanche Stammers.

NEW SCENERY BY GEORGE GORDON.

SATURDAY EVENING, January 29,
the brilliant Comedy
SCHOOL.

Characters by Messrs. G. S. Titheradge, Edwin Shepherd, H. H. Vincent, Frank Cates, and Arthur Garner, Mrs. George Gordon, Mrs. Marion Stammers, Miss Nellie Playfair, and Miss Blanche Stammers.

POPULAR PRICES.
DRESS CIRCLE, 5s; STALLS, 3s; FAMILY CIRCLE, 2s; PIT, 1s.
Box Office at Elvy and Co.'s, 321, George-street, where plan of dress circle can be seen and seats secured.
ARTHUR GARNER, Manager.

AUSTRIAN BAND.

"Beyond all comparison the finest body of Musical Instrumental Executants that has ever visited this part of the world."—Melbourne Argus.

THE OPENING CONCERT
THE OPENING CONCERT
of this
RENOWNED ORCHESTRA OF FIFTY PERFORMERS
RENOWNED ORCHESTRA OF FIFTY PERFORMERS
will be given
THIS (Friday) EVENING,
in the
MASONIC HALL,
which has been specially arranged for the
AUSTRIAN BAND'S PERFORMANCES.

THE GRAND PROGRAMME
will include some of the Austrian Band's
MOST POPULAR NUMBERS.

Balcony (numbered chairs), 5s; central chairs, 3s; body of hall, 2s.

BOX OFFICE AT NICHOLSON'S,
where tickets can be obtained for all parts of the Hall.
Concert to commence at 8 o'clock. Carriages at 10.
R. HELLER, Manager.

SECOND CONCERT, MONDAY, January 31.

AUSTRIAN BAND.—TO-NIGHT, Masonic Hall, Overture to "William Tell," by Grandest Orchestra ever heard in Sydney.

AUSTRIAN BAND.—TO-NIGHT, Masonic Hall, Grand Potpourri, from "Martha," and Zimmermann's "Garland of Melodies."

AUSTRIAN BAND.—TO-NIGHT, Masonic Hall, Strauss's "Beautiful Blue Danube," and "Hydropaten" Waltzes.

AUSTRIAN BAND.—TO-NIGHT, Masonic Hall, Bach's famous "Meditation" and Suppe's Grand "Triumph" Overture.

AUSTRIAN BAND.—TO-NIGHT, Masonic Hall. For remaining Pieces, see Programme. Next Concert, MONDAY.

THE AUSTRIAN BAND.

The Performance advertised to take place is without the consent of the Proprietors under the existing contract, and is hereby protested against.
G. W. GODWIN, Secretary.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.
To-night, To-night, January 28, Benefit of Miss Mattie Taylor, the grandest wonder of the age. Last appearance but one.
The following artists have kindly consented to appear:—Miss Victoria Merrick, Miss Leslie, Miss Wallace, Mr. J. W. Sweeney, Mr. Gordon Barker, and a host of talent for this night only. Tickets may be had at Mr. Perkins' Exchange Hotel. Prices—3s, 2s, 1s.
W. H. RICHARDSON, Manager.

DEMONSTRATION, OPENING OF THE GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY TO ALBURY,
THURSDAY, 3rd February, 1881.
The opening of the Great Southern Line of Railway to Albury will be celebrated on the above date by a DEJEUNER and BALL and SUPPER.
Tickets for admission may be obtained at John Sands', George-street, and also from the Secretaries of the Demonstration at Albury.
Tickets to Déjeûner, on arrival of Train... ... £1 1 0
Ditto ditto Ball, at 8.30 p.m. 1 1 0
The holder of a ticket to either Déjeûner or Ball will receive a free railway pass to Albury and back.
Early application necessary. Tickets limited to two hundred.
THOMAS AFFLECK, } Joint
JOHN H. PAINE, } Hon. Secs.

DEMONSTRATION.

OPENING of the GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY TO DUBBO.
TUESDAY, February 1, 1881.

The OPENING of the Great Western Line of Railway to Dubbo will be celebrated on the above date by a BANQUET and BALL and SUPPER.
Tickets for Admission may be obtained at Gordon and Gotch's, Wynyard-street; and also from the Secretary of the Demonstration at Dubbo.
Tickets to Banquet, on arrival of train ... ... £1 1s.
Tickets to Ball, at 8.30 p.m. ... ... £1 1s.
The holder of a ticket to either Banquet or Ball will receive a free railway pass to Dubbo and back.
Early application necessary. Tickets limited to 200.
W. E. MORGAN, Secretary.

KOGARAH RACES,
JANUARY 29, 1881.
ANNIVERSARY HANDICAP.

	st.	lbs.
Boniface ...	9	0
Safeguard	8	0
Beeswing...	7	10
Victor	7	0
Hamilton Hill	6	12

FLYING HANDICAP.

	st.	lbs.
Margaret...	8	9
Brownieck	8	0
Beeswing...	7	12
Misfortune	7	4
Polly	6	0
Jack Shepherd	5	7

KOGARAH HANDICAP.

	st.	lbs.
Boniface ...	9	0
Lord Orville	8	12
Wagga ...	8	10
Margaret...	7	13
Victor ...	6	12

GALLOWAY RACE.

	st.	lbs.
Isabella ...	8	7
Lady Chester	8	6
Misfortune	7	12
Hanlan ...	7	6
Cossack ...	7	4
Paddy ...	7	0
Cœur de Lion	5	12

DANCING, Newtown.—Watson and Mitchell's Select Quadrille Assembly, Warwick Hall. To-night.

DANCING.—W. Jenkins' Select Quadrille Party, This Evening, City Hall, Castlereagh-st. Ad. 2s. T. Steel, M.C.

DANCING, Newtown,—Mr. A. READ'S Quadrille Party, MONDAY next, Warwick House, next station.

ARNOLD'S Quadrille Assembly, This (Friday) Evening, Oddfellows' Hall, Elizabeth-st. Dancing at 8 p.m.

FIRST GLEBE STRATHMORE C. C. v. BALMAIN SURREY C. C., at Camperdown. Meet 2.30 sharp.—Brown (2), Dummett, Elvy, Hawken, Irish, Kelly, J. Lynch, Preiddy, Smythe, Valentine, Croft 12th. D. BROWN, Hon. Secretary.

NEWTOWN 1st v. CARLTON, continued on Association Ground. 2nd v. Arundels, Newtown Ground.—Irish, Robbins, Hutchison, Fraser (2), Taylor, Dunlop, H. Fallick, Garton, Rigg, Hill, N. Neale 12th.

UNIVERSITY 2nd v. BURWOOD.

The following team please catch 2 p.m. train for Burwood, TO-MORROW, Saturday:—
Ayres, Barff, Barlee, Barry, Flynn, Fuller, M'Lelland, Metcalf, Roberts, Wilkinson H., Wilkinson F., James (12).

UNIVERSITY 2nd v. BURWOOD C.C.—Match off.

SURRY U. C. C. v. Excelsior C. C.—Surry Ground, January 29th. Beveridge, Newcombe, Beavis, Wright, Thomson, Finlayson, Croker, Smith, Bradley, Howe, Prescott, Berry, 12. R. J. BEAVIS, Hon. Sec.

SECOND CARLTON v. 2ND ALBERTS.—The Oval, SATURDAY, 2.15:—Beal, Briscoe, Molony, Coote, Magovney A., Magovney F., Clayton, Eaton, Lynch, Urquhart, Waters, M'Crea A.

IRON DUKE v. GRANVILLE.—All members please meet own ground, 2.30 sharp. HENRY J. FOSKETT.

PERTH.

A very pleasant Picnic took place at the Perth Public School on Wednesday, given by the teacher, Mr. W. C. KEMP, which was largely attended by parents and scholars, who did justice to the good things provided for them. The sports passed off very pleasantly, after which the teacher presented them with their prizes, which brought the day's proceedings to a close.

SCHNAPPER FISHING EXCURSION.—Steamer BRITANNIA to fish off Long Reef, and view the Collaroy, SATURDAY, 29th, 1.30 p.m., No. 4 jetty, Circular Quay. Fare, 4s, limited number, bait. James Halstead, No. 4 jetty, C. Quay.

SCHNAPPER FISHING, Schnapper Fishing, Schnapper Fishing.—Try our champion FISHING LINES, 3s, 3s 6d, 4s 6d each, 100 yards long, warranted not to twist up. Only to be had at EASTWAY, BROTHERS, 413, George-street. P.S. These Lines are by our Mr. George Eastway, also by all the members of the Nimrod Fishing Club. Note—Eastway, Brothers, George-street.

WATERSIDE SITES, NORTHCLIFF ESTATE

BUSINESS SITES, NORTHCLIFF ESTATE

VILLA SITES, NORTHCLIFF ESTATE

MILSON'S POINT, NORTH SHORE

MILSON'S POINT, NORTH SHORE.

☞ Northcliff Estate will be sold, ON THE GROUND, ☞ NEXT SATURDAY.

The HARBOUR and CITY VIEWS are VERY GRAND from ☞ NORTHCLIFF ESTATE.

⁂ Only FOUR DEEP-WATER frontages in ☞ NORTHCLIFF ESTATE.

☞ All the MAIN ROAD frontages opposite to ☞ NORTHCLIFF ESTATE are already built on.

NORTHCLIFF IS CENTRAL AND ACCESSIBLE.

LITHOS. ARE NOW READY, and the terms are 20 per cent. deposit, balance at 6 per cent.

HARDIE and GORMAN, AUCTIONEERS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
Lessees... ... ... Messrs. L. M. Bayless and John Solomon.
General Manager ... Mr. L. M. Bayless.

FIFTH WEEK of Mr. FREDERICK MARSHALL.

THIS (Friday) EVENING, January 28,
LAST NIGHT of
UNCLE,
and
MY TURN NEXT.
SATURDAY, January 29,
DEAL BOATMAN,
to be followed by Byron's comedy,
THE OLD STORY.

NO BONNETS or HATS ALLOWED in Orchestra Chairs.
Box Office and plan at Messrs. Nicholson and Co.'s, George-st.
PRICES of ADMISSION.—£3 3s., 5s., 3s., 2s.; Pit, 1s.
Omnibuses will ply to all the principal suburbs after the performance. Doors open at 7.15; performance commences at 8.
Carriages may be ordered at half-past 10.
JAMES D. COX, Treasurer.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
Managers ... Messrs. Coppin, Hennings, and Greville.
FIFTY THOUSAND VISITORS
have testified their delight, and we are now in our
FIFTH WEEK.
EVERY EVENING,
THE QUEEN'S XMAS PANTOMIME,
JACK THE GIANT KILLER,
with new annotations, local, vocal, and jokal,
illustrated with magnificent scenery by Hennings and Kinchela.
GRAND CONGRESS OF NATIONS,
King Arthur's Steel Castle, Rhine Views, and Harlequinade,
FAIRIES' HAUNT, and CRYSTAL GROTTOES,
Spring's Delights, to Summer's Glories.
Reserved Seats, 4s; Boxes, 3s; Stalls, 2s; Pit, 1s.
LAST DAY PERFORMANCE
of the PANTOMIME,
JACK THE GIANT KILLER,
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY.
Children to the Stalls, ONE SHILLING.
Children to the Reserved Seats, TWO SHILLINGS.
Pantomime commencing at half-past 2 o'clock.
Carriages to be ordered at a quarter to 5 sharp.
BOX OFFICE at PALING'S.

LAST DAY Performance of the PANTOMIME, TO-MORROW, Saturday. Last, last, last.

LAST DAY Performance of the PANTOMIME, TO-MORROW, Saturday. Last, last, last.

LAST DAY Performance of the PANTOMIME, TO-MORROW, Saturday. Last, last, last.

OPERA HOUSE.
Lessee and Manager ... ... Jas. A. South.
EVERY EVENING
EVERY EVENING
The
GREATEST SUCCESS
GREATEST SUCCESS
of the day.
HERO and LEANDER
HERO and LEANDER
HERO and LEANDER.
Prices as usual.

PETERSHAM Musical Society.—Practice This Friday Evening. New Music. J. Wheeler, Sec.

NEXT SATURDAY, 3.30 p.m.
GRAND VILLA SITES, 44 x 188.
To be sold on the Ground, BURWOOD, near station.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.
NO RESERVE. EASY TERMS.
Torrens' Title.
GET A LITHOGRAPH.

Musical Instruments.

W. H. PALING.
PIANOFORTE, ORGAN, AND MUSIC WAREHOUSE,
352, GEORGE-STREET.

The largest, best, and cheapest stock of
PIANOFORTES,
ORGANS,
and HARMONIUMS,
to select from.

All instruments are manufactured expressly to the order of
W. H. PALING
to suit the Australian climate.

SECOND-HAND PIANOFORTES
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SECOND-HAND PIANOFORTES,
FROM £10
FROM £10
FROM £10
FROM £10,
ON THE EASY TERMS SYSTEM
ON THE EASY TERMS SYSTEM
ON THE EASY TERMS SYSTEM
ON THE EASY TERMS SYSTEM,
at
W. H. PALING'S.

HARMONIUMS,
FROM £6.

AMERICAN ORGANS,
AMERICAN ORGANS.
W. BELL and CO.'S ORGANS
GAINED FIRST AND SPECIAL PRIZES
OVER ALL OTHERS
OVER ALL OTHERS
OVER ALL OTHERS
OVER ALL OTHERS
at the late Sydney International Exhibition.
Sole Agent:
W. H. PALING.

PIANOFORTES
FOR HIRE
FROM 15s PER MONTH,
at
W. H. PALING'S.

W. H. PALING, 352, GEORGE-STREET,
opposite WYNYARD-STREET,
SYDNEY.

W. H. PALING.
AMERICAN ORGANS.

W. BELL and CO.'s ORGANS were awarded
FIRST and SPECIAL PRIZES
OVER ALL OTHERS
OVER ALL OTHERS
OVER ALL OTHERS
at the late Sydney International Exhibition.

The cheapest and best Organs in the Market.

W. H. PALING, SOLE AGENT,
352, GEORGE-STREET, OPPOSITE WYNYARD-STREET,
SYDNEY.

PIANOS! PIANOS!! PIANOS!!!

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB
have just received consignments of
PIANOS, from Europe as under:

ENGLISH	ERARD, KIRKMAN, BROADWOOD, BRINSMEAD	In Walnut or Rosewood.
FRENCH	A. BORD, AUCHER FRERES	In all sizes, including Grands. In Walnut or Rosewood.
GERMAN	LIPP and SOHN, RONISACH, SCHWECHTEN	In Walnut or Rosewood, trichord or overstrung and oblique.

FURNITURE and PIANOFORTE WAREHOUSE,
Spring and O'Connell streets.

BURWOOD.—GOOD BUILDING SITES NEXT SATURDAY. Lithos. and particulars from HARDIE and GORMAN.

BORD'S PIANOS, all sizes, at wholesale prices. EDWARDS, DUNLOP, and CO., 102, Pitt-street.

ROSEWOOD Cottage PIANO, registered keys, by a first-class maker; bargain. 19, Little Macquarie-street.

PIANO for SALE, cheap, handsome walnutwood cottage, good tone. 332, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

General Merchandise.

VANITY FAIR. VANITY FAIR.
CIGARETTE SMOKERS
should observe that the words
VANITY FAIR
are printed on every cigarette, as none others are genuine.
PIPE SMOKERS
cannot do better than use
VANITY FAIR TOBACCO.
It has a delicious fragrant aroma.
FELDHEIM, JACOBS, and CO., Melbourne,
Agents for Australia and New Zealand.

PURE ISLAND LIMEJUICE, in 5, 10, 14, 20, and 28 gallon casks. H. S. BIRD and CO., Circular Quay.

AUSTRALIAN WINE.—CARMICHAEL'S PORPHYRY, equal to the finest Rhine Hock, awarded first prize at the Garden Palace. Pts., in 3-doz. cases, 13s 6d doz.; qts., 1 and 2 doz. cases, 21s doz. H. S. Bird and Co., Agents, Circular Qy.

RUM.—Fine sample Queensland RUM on SALE. I. E. IVES, Argyle Bond.

THE FRUIT put up so easily in the AMERICAN FRUIT BOTTLES will last for years, and is so easily done that every one ought to lay in a stock for winter. Come and see them at the DEPOT for DOMESTIC APPLIANCES. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-street.

FIRST PRIZE WASHING MACHINE, EXHIBITION, 1879.
The HOME WASHER being a WASHER, MANGLE, and WRINGER combined, gained the above award Sydney, 1879. The ATLAS MANGLES, £5; UNIVERSAL Ditto, £4 5s; PATENT LEVER Ditto, 70s. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-st.

SUNDRY ARTICLES in STOCK at the DEPOT for DOMESTIC APPLIANCES, HALLIDAY'S SELF-CLEANSING FILTERS, WALNUT WOOD, all sizes, in planks or veneers. BAGS for Flour, Rice Pepper, and Ore made to order; and a great variety of other goods. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-street.

KANGAROO SHOOTING.—RIFLES, 1000 yards range, £3; large assortment; all grades. Inspection invited. C. COWLES, Agent for W. and C. Scott and Sons, 407, George-street.

WATCH MANUFACTORY
EUG. DUCOMMUN ROULET,
CHAUX DE FONDS, SWITZERLAND,
(fabrication of all kinds of watches. Specialty: Remontoirs in gold, silver and metal.)
The above-mentioned wishes to have DIRECT RELATIONS with
WHOLESALE WATCH DEALERS,
assuring first-class workmanship, and precision; also very cheap prices.
Address direct to the abovenamed house.

TANK wanted, not less than 400 gallons, with taps preferred. Watkin, Temperance Hall.

Meetings.

KENNY HILL GRAVITATION WATER SCHEME.

The meeting of the General Committee to be held at the Town Hall, to-day, is
POSTPONED
until THURSDAY, 3rd February, at 4 o'clock p.m., to which those who are interested in the matter are invited to attend.
ENOS DYER, Hon. Secretary.
24, Jamison-street, Sydney.

BOROUGH OF DARLINGTON.
NOTICE is hereby given that a public MEETING of the Ratepayers will be held at the Council-chambers, Darlington Road, on MONDAY, the 31st instant, at 7.30, for the opening of the Public Library in connection with the above Borough.
N.B.—Donations of book will be thankfully received.
WILLIAM ELVY, Mayor.

BALMAIN SCHOOL OF ARTS.
The Twenty-second Annual General MEETING will be held, at the Institution, THIS EVENING, 28th January, at 8 o'clock.
W. MAC DONNELL, Hon. Sec.

Members in arrear will please forward their subscriptions to Mr. H. A. PERKINS, Hon. Treasurer, Johnston-street, or to the Hon. Secretary, Nicholson-street.

EVENING SCHOOL.
The Residents of Woolloomooloo and vicinity interested in the opening of an Evening School are requested to attend a MEETING, to be held on MONDAY, 31st, at 7.30 p.m., in Bourke-street Schoolroom. The inspector will be present.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.
The Annual MEETING of Members will be held in the Association Rooms, THIS (Friday) EVENING, 28th instant, at half-past 7 o'clock, to receive report and financial statement for the past year, elect officers for the current year, and transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting, in accordance with clause 14 of the constitution.
DAVID WALKER, General Secretary.

TRADES and LABOUR COUNCIL, National Anti-Chinese League, Political Reform Union, Defence Association, Friendly Societies,—MEETING, Temperance Hall, THIS EVENING, 8 o'clock, on the Public Park Question.
FREDERICK BRAINWOOD, Sec.

MASONIC.—LEINSTER MARINE LODGE OF AUSTRALIA, No. 1.—Emergent MEETING, Masonic Temple, Clarence-street, THIS EVENING, at 7 prompt. Raisings.
J. LEE, Secretary.

NO. 66, L.O.L., meets TO-NIGHT, in Protestant Hall, at 8 p.m. E. A. BRONSDON, Secretary.

NO 1, L. O. L.—Usual Monthly MEETING, THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, in the Protestant Hall, Castlereagh-street. Every member requested to attend. Visitors invited.
A. J. PRING, Secretary.

ROYAL BLACK ASSOCIATION OF IRELAND.
Annual MEETING of the Provincial Grand Chapter of N. S. W. THIS (Friday) NIGHT, at the Protestant Hall.
JNO. T. CASWELL, P.G., Reg.

NO. 349, "Moutray," Royal Black Preceptory.—Members are requested to attend the Annual MEETING of the Provincial Grand Chapter THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock.
A. J. LIONEL BONE, Reg.

I. O.G.T.—Excelsior Degree Temple, New Temperance Hall, To-night. Nomination and election of officers.

I. O. G. T.
The Picnic and Gala Sub-committee will please Meet, at Mr. Nicholson's, 118, King-street, THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 7.30 o'clock sharp.
GEORGE STEVENSON, Hon. Sec.

CHEFS DE CUISINE.—There will be a MEETING held at Uhde's White Horse Hotel, at 8 o'clock TO-NIGHT, to organise a society for the chief cooks of Sydney. All concerned please attend.

THE SYDNEY FREEHOLD LAND, BUILDING, and INVESTMENT COMPANY (Limited).

NOTICE is hereby given that the Half-yearly General MEETING of the Shareholders of this company will be held in the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, Sydney, on MONDAY, 31st January instant, at 4 p.m., to receive the report of the Board of Directors for the half-year ended 31st December last; to elect three Directors in the place of John Young, Esq., S. W. Gray, Esq., and Commander Arguimbau, R.N., who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election; the election of two Auditors; and any other business that may be brought before the meeting in conformity with the memorandum of association.
By order of the Board,
HERBERT WEYNTON, Manager.
Sydney, 18th January, 1881.

NOTICE.—John Young, Esq., Commander Arguimbau, R.N., S. W. Gray, Esq., and Thomas R. Smith, Esq., M.L.A., duly qualified shareholders, have given the requisite notice that they are CANDIDATES for the office of Director.

BRISBANE TIN MINING COMPANY.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventeenth Half-yearly General MEETING of Shareholders will be held on FRIDAY, January 28th instant, at 4 p.m., at the Company's Office, 135, Pitt-street, Sydney, to receive Directors' Report and Balance-sheet for half-year ended December 31st, 1880; to elect a Director and an Auditor, in lieu of those retiring (who, however, are eligible for re-election); and to transact general business.
By order of the Board.
GEORGE HARDIE, Manager.

TO THE GOVERNORS OF AND SUBSCRIBERS TO THE SYDNEY INFIRMARY.
Ladies and Gentlemen,—As the appointment of Honorary Surgeon to your institution is to be contested, I beg to offer myself as a Candidate for the vacancy caused by the retirement of Dr. Morgan by rotation.
I have the honour to be, ladies and gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
JOHN T. LEASK,
M.B., Mast. Surg., Edin.
Terra Bella, Pyrmont Bridge Road, Glebe Point,
January 26, 1881.

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS SYDNEY INFIRMARY.
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—
As a vacancy will occur in the Surgical Staff of the Sydney Infirmary at the next annual meeting, I beg to offer myself as a candidate, and solicit your vote and interest.
Yours faithfully,
VALENTINE E. BROWNE, M.B., T.C.D.
January 20, 1881.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
Ladies and Gentlemen,—I beg to inform you that I am a Candidate for the vacancy in the DIRECTION of our Company caused by the retirement of Mr. Moses, who is proceeding to Europe.
Soliciting the favour of your votes and support,
I remain, yours faithfully,
W. H. PALING,
352, George-street.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS IN KROHMANN'S GOLD-MINING COMPANY.
Ladies and Gentlemen,—I beg to notify my intention of offering myself, at the next annual meeting to be held on 3rd February, as a CANDIDATE for the office of one of the Directors of your Company.
B. O. HOLTERMANN.
St. Leonards, 27th January, 1881.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE SCHOOL OF ARTS.
Ladies and Gentlemen,—I notice my name, nominated without my consent, as AUDITOR. I served you WELL, first for four years, then retired for some time; and then served another year at the special request of members, on which occasion I received the highest number of votes out of five candidates. I will not serve in this capacity again.
After auditing I resigned again, the audit being such as took me two sittings, and I notified by advertisement I would not act again. The office in my opinion is, with your institute, a peculiarly unpleasant and ungrateful one, to do the duty conscientiously and true.
I value no kind of honours except as a means of usefulness; and if at any future time I can be of service in any other capacity I will exert myself to the very utmost for the true welfare of the institute.
I remain, ladies and gentlemen,
yours faithfully,
S. PARTRIDGE.
267, George-street.
P.S.—The institution, in my opinion, should be in the hands of the most independent-minded men, who value mere honours as little as I do.

NEXT SATURDAY, 3.30 p.m.
GRAND VILLA SITES, 44 x 188.
To be sold on the Ground, BURWOOD, near station.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.
NO RESERVE. EASY TERMS.
Torrens' Title.
GET A LITHOGRAPH.

Medical, Chemicals, &c.

J. S. ABRAHAM'S PILLS (Dandelion), the great Liver Remedy; warranted not to contain a single particle of mercury or any other mineral substance. Culled solely from Dame Nature's garden. Beware of imitations. 434, George-street.

LONG'S Compound Consolidated CASTOR OIL or PALMA CHRISTI PILL, the Great Liver Purge.
LONG'S FRUIT LINCTUS.—A few doses loosen the Phlegm, allay Tickling in the Throat, producing easy expectoration. In bottles, 1s and 2s 6d each. 1s 6d saved by taking the large size. Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

CHEAP LIFE INSURANCE.
Buy a bottle of BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP and always have it convenient to use, in case you contract a cold, even though it be ever so slight. Remember 3s 6d invested in GERMAN SYRUP may insure you many years of life, that you might not otherwise be permitted to enjoy. All chemists sell it. Wholesale Agents, ELLIOTT BROS.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.—The great Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.—For Heartburn and Indigestion, for Sour Eructations and Bilious Affections, the Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout, and Gravel.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.—Safest and most Gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy. Sold by all Druggists and Storekeepers. Agents: ELLIOTT, BROTHERS, 112, Pitt-street, Sydney. WM. TAYLER and CO., 219, Pitt-street.

BLAIR'S GOUT PILLS.
THE GREAT REMEDY
FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.
The excruciating pain is quickly relieved and cured in a few days by this celebrated medicine.
These Pills require no restraint of diet during their use, and are certain to prevent the disease attacking any vital part.
Sold in England at 1s 1½d and 2s 9d per box; or by any Chemist in the Australian colonies.

BLADON'S HEALTH SALINE.—Pleasant, Cooling, Aperient, Refreshing; patronised by the Governor.

BLADON'S HEALTH SALINE, of all Chemists; price, 2s 6d. W. H. Soul, Pitt-st.; Wholesale—Elliott, Bros.

COUGH WHILE YOU CAN! Because, after taking Dr. Thompson's American Coltsfoot Cough Linctus, you will not be able to cough. Price 1s, at WASHINGTON H. SOUL'S, 177, Pitt-street, next to Punch's Hotel.

Stock, Shares, and Money.

UNION LOAN AND DISCOUNT COMPANY.
OFFICES: 760, GEORGE-STREET (first floor),
3 doors from A. Hordern and Sons'.
Hours—9 to 5.

MONEY ADVANCED upon PERSONAL and other security, payable by instalments, as follows:—

£10 by weekly instalments of	...	£0 5 0
15	...	0 7 6
20	...	0 10 6
25	...	0 12 7
30	...	1 0 0
50	...	1 5 0

And in due proportion up to £100.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
To Borrowers not able to transact business during the day, these offices will be open Monday and Saturday evenings, from 7 to 9.
762, GEORGE-STREET, first floor,
3 doors from A. Hordern and Sons'.

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BURWOOD.—GOOD BUILDING SITES NEXT SATURDAY. Lithos. and particulars from HARDIE and GORMAN.

Books, Publications, &c.

THE EXPRESS THIS WEEK
contains the following
LEADERS:
SERPENTS' TEETH.
THE ARCHBISHOP'S SPEECH AT LAVENDER BAY.
LAND AND PEOPLE.
Also,
NOTES BY THE RAMBLER.
FULL REPORT of the OPENING of the JESUITS' SCHOOL AT NORTH SHORE.
PRESENTATION OF PRIZES AT ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE.
OFFICE, 247, PITT-STREET.
PRICE THREEPENCE.

THE FREEMAN'S JOURNAL, THIS WEEK, contains:—
LEADERS:
The Boarding out of State Children.
Dr. Moore White, on the "Scotch-Irish."
Woolnough v. Gladstone.
Judge Faucett and the Bar.
Opening of the Jesuit College.
"Young Ireland," by Sir C. G. Duffy—Chapter VI., The Celebrated Repeal Debate.
"Daniel O'Connell," a Biography.
The Humours of the Flaneur.
"AN IDOL OF NEW BARATARIA"—a slashing satirical poem, by Henry Kendall.
Home and Foreign; Sketches of the prominent Land Leaguers; The latest about the Land Agitation; News from each of the Provinces; General News—the latest and most reliable.

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AUSTRALIAN CHURCHMAN (January 27) contains:—LEADER—Sweeps—Concerning many Things, by "Anglicanus"—On Things in General—Interesting Report of Opening St. Barnabas', Norfolk Island, &c.
FULLER'S, Sydney and Parramatta.

PROTESTANT STANDARD, THIS DAY.—The Ticket; Last Sunday's Review; The latest about Ireland; The little Bill; Foundation Masses; Popery and Money; Buchanan on Titles; The Lavender Bay Speech.

NATIONAL PARK.
Sketch Guide Maps of the National Park, printed in colours, can be obtained at the Surveyor-General's Office, Sydney, and at the Land Offices, Liverpool and Campbelltown; price one shilling each.

PRESENTS. PRESENTS. — FULLER'S is the Depot where you can buy what you want. 384-7, George-st.

SCHOOL BOOKS, SCHOOL STATIONERY.—Fuller's is the shop to buy them cheap. Stationers' Hall.

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INTELLECTUAL and COMMERCIAL ECONOMY. —Periodicals, Music, &c., bound, plain or elegant; Account Books made for special requirements of any business. BOORE and LONG, 37, Market-street, west of York-street.

LIBERTY of the PRESS.—Milton's famous Speech. Rare copy for Sale. Robinson, Post-office, Woollahra.

THE WITNESS.—Leichhardt's Expedition and Death. International Conference. The Anniversary.

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PARLIAMENT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 27.

The PRESIDENT took the chair at twenty-eight minutes past 4.

QUESTIONS.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON, in reply to Mr. C. Moore, said that the subject of introducing a measure for effectually dealing with disorderly conduct, and other nuisances commonly known as larrikinism, in Sydney and other localities, was under consideration.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON, in reply to Mr. Piddington, laid upon the table the following return showing the names of the claimants for compensation for land resumed by the Government under the authority of 43 Victoria No. 9, and the amount of compensation paid to each:—William Hinton, £290; G. N. Griffiths, £235; Josiah Mullens, and L. E. Threlkeld, £17,000. Trustees in Williams Estate—compensation, £8470; interest, £211 15s.—£8681 15s. Solomon Fredman, £1500. C. H. Lloyd and George Jenkins—compensation, £5115; interest, £113 16s.—£5228 16s. M. Levey—compensation, £7370; interest, £202 13s. 6d.—£7572 13s. 6d. William Fowler—compensation, £7436; interest, £204 9s. 9d.—£7640 9s. 9d. Trustees in Wentworth Estate—compensation, £9000; interest, £122 4s.—£9122 4s. William Hunter, £7780; Mrs. L. Newman, £250; Mrs. Aldis, £150; total £65,471 12s. 9d. The Government had not yet arrived at any decision as to what they intended to do with the land so resumed.

PAPERS.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON laid on the table papers relating to the status of Agent-General, the returns for 1880 under the Real Property Act, abstract of cities, towns, and villages, abstract of Crown lands reserved from sale until surveyed, for the preservation of water supply, abstract of Crown land dedicated to religious and public purposes, by-laws of the Tamworth Free Public Library, by-laws of St. John's College, by-laws of the University of Sydney, and amended by-laws of the borough of Albury.

It was ordered that the documents be printed.

DIVORCE AND MATRIMONIAL CAUSES BILL.

The PRESIDENT reported the receipt of a message from the Legislative Assembly, forwarding, for the consideration of the Legislative Council, the Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Bill.

On the motion of Mr. DARLEY, the bill was read the first time, and it was ordered that it be printed.

TEMPORARY SUPPLY BILL.

The PRESIDENT reported the receipt of a message from the Legislative Assembly, forwarding, for the consideration of the Legislative Council, the Temporary Supply Bill for January.

On the motion of Sir JOHN ROBERTSON, the bill was read the first time.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON moved,—"That so much of the standing orders be suspended as would preclude the passing of the bill through all its stages in one day." This, he explained, was a desirable course in view of the necessity that the public servants should be paid.

Mr. PIDDINGTON objected.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON moved,—"That the bill be printed, and the second reading stand an order of the day for Wednesday next," and said that in view of the strange course which had been pursued, it would perhaps be better for him to give notice for the suspension of so much of the standing orders as would preclude the passing of the bill in one day.

Mr. PIDDINGTON said he could not understand why the Government should treat this Council with an evident desire to bring it into contempt, which everyone must infer from the proposal of the Government to suspend the standing orders of this Chamber. He did not object to the standing orders being suspended when the Government could prove the urgency of the case, and when the urgency did not arise from their own neglect. But the fact was that these proceedings on the part of the Government must have a tendency to bring the privileges of this House into contempt. He did not charge the Government with any settled design to accomplish that object; but what were the facts of the case? Parliament had been in session six weeks, and there had been several adjournments. The last adjournment was, he thought, one to the 11th of this month, and as a Government day followed the 11th, why could not this bill have been introduced by the Treasurer on Wednesday, the 12th January? He could see no reason why this House should be asked to suspend the standing orders and the Assembly not. But immediately the Government thought proper to delay their action and neglect to bring in this bill until a week ago, then, forsooth, the Council must be invited to suspend their standing orders as if standing orders were waste paper. He felt certain that the Government, when Parliament assembled, knew as well as he did that they would at least require monthly supply bills for January, February, March, and probably April of this year; and, therefore, if hon. members gave way in this instance, it would be only to invite the Government to treat them with contempt on the next occasion when they neglected their duty by not introducing a supply bill at the proper time. It was for these reasons he felt it his duty to object to this action of the Government. If any inconvenience arose, he threw the entire blame on the Government; and he gave them notice that in future he should always object to the suspension of the standing orders in the matter of these supply bills unless there were a clear case shown that neglect did not lie at the door of the Government.

Mr. C. CAMPBELL said he would not object to the suspension of the standing orders if this bill were confined to the payment of the salaries of the Civil servants and others; but he understood—though he had not perused the bill—that there was in the bill a provision for immigration. The present system of assisted immigration was something that he was very much opposed to, and he certainly objected to passing this bill before he had had time to peruse it.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON, in reply, said no one would suppose that the Government had any desire to bring the House into contempt; but he was afraid that many people would suppose that the course his hon. friend (Mr. Piddington) was pursuing by interfering with the necessary claim for the public service, would have a tendency that way. Of course his hon. friend did not desire that, but it was so.

The motion was passed.

The House adjourned at 15 minutes' to 5 until Wednesday next.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 27.

The SPEAKER took the chair at half-past 4 o'clock.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

Sir HENRY PARKES, in reply to Mr. Poole, said that he could not give the names of teachers who had resigned their positions under the department, or the reasons for their resignation. It was not unfrequently the case that a young lady resigned to be married, and he should not like in such a case to give the name or the reason for resignation, neither should he like to give the name and reason where a young lady had resigned on the ground of ill-health.

Mr. LACKEY, in reply to Mr. Farnell, said that the Government had not yet decided to place a sum of money on the Loan Estimates for 1881 for the erection of a high-level bridge to connect Sydney with St. Leonards. They had received an offer from an agent of an English company to construct a high-level bridge, and hoped to be in a position to consider the subject in a few days.

Sir HENRY PARKES, in reply to Mr. R. B. Smith, said that a sum was to be submitted on the Estimates, in order to recognise the services rendered by Mr. James Barnett, Colonial Architect, in designing the International Exhibition building, and superintending its erection.

Sir HENRY PARKES, in reply to Mr. R. B. Smith, said that he was informed that a site for a Public school was purchased by the Council of Education, near Bourke-street, from Mr. John Baptist. The area of the land was 1 acre 3 roods 10 perches, and the amount paid was £4000.

Mr. BAKER, in reply to Mr. H. C. Dangar, said that the protests against the appraisement of runs last year would be submitted to the three appraisers, together with appraisements which have been referred for report.

Mr. SUTTOR, in reply to Mr. Byrnes, said that an estimated return, in reference to the loss to the revenue sustained in consequence of the extension of the one penny postage system, was laid upon the table of the House in August, 1875. The loss of revenue was then calculated at £1886 per annum.

Mr. LACKEY, in reply to Mr. Bodel, said that amounts had been noted on the draft Estimates for the construction of tanks for the conservation of water in the country lying between the Lachlan and the Bogan and Darling Rivers. The Estimates were now under consideration by the Cabinet.

Sir HENRY PARKES, in reply to Dr. Ross, said that an application had been received for the erection of a public school at Bob's Creek, near Molong, and the erection of school buildings would be proceeded with when the appropriation of the site applied for was authorised.

Sir HENRY PARKES, in reply to Dr. Ross, said that the 71st regulation provided that the attendance of any pupil in a Public school, suffering from any contagious, offensive, or infectious disease, may be temporarily suspended by the teacher.

Mr. HOSKINS, in reply to Dr. Ross, said that an application had been received from residents on the Mondagory Creek, near Meranburn, asking for a reserve for a site for a township, but from the surveyor's report it was not deemed necessary to comply with the application. There was a much more suitable site for a village about four miles to the east of that applied for.

Mr. SUTTOR, in reply to Dr. Ross, said that if on inquiry the construction and extension of a telegraph line between Orange and Cargo, or Cudal and Cargo, were found to be necessary, there were funds available for their construction.

Mr. HOSKINS gave Dr. Ross certain information in regard to the conditional purchase of Alexander Clyne, Burrawang Cross Roads, near Molong.

Mr. LACKEY, in reply to Mr. Vaughan, said that a survey and report had been received on the subject of the Grenfell water supply. He could not at present say what action would be taken in any particular case, as the whole question of country water supply was now under consideration; but he could assure the hon. member that the claims of Grenfell would not be overlooked when the general question was decided.

Mr. BAKER, in reply to Mr. Holborow, said that a road had been surveyed from Parkesbourne to Breadalbane railway station. It had been proclaimed, but the proclamation had not been confirmed, pending settlement by the Railway Department of the question of the crossing over the railway.

Mr. BAKER, in reply to Mr. M'Elhone, gave information as to the appointment of Mr. Canvin as appraiser of runs. He also stated, in reply to Mr. H. C. Dangar, that the gentlemen appointed last year to report on the appraisement of runs were Messrs Mylecharane, Canvin, Thompson, Dargin, Edmonds, and C. W. Lloyd.

Mr. BAKER, in reply to Mr. Beyers, said it was the intention of the Government to introduce a bill to amend the Mining Act.

Mr. HOSKINS, in reply to Mr. R. B. Smith, said the total cost of the resumption of land and buildings in Macquarie-street was £66,586 5s. 8d. The annual rent up to the end of last December, was £3024 14s., but owing to a necessary reduction it was now £2954 14s. He further stated that the Government would shortly decide what they would do with the land and buildings resumed to the north of the Parliament buildings.

PAPERS.

Sir HENRY PARKES laid on the table the following papers:—Copy of By-law, University of Sydney; copy of By-law, St. John's College; copy of By-laws, Tamworth Free Public Library.

Mr. HOSKINS laid on the table an abstract of Crown Lands authorized to be dedicated to religious and public purposes.

It was ordered that the documents be printed.

BERRIMA COAL MINING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

Mr. GARRETT moved for leave to bring in a bill to enable the Berrima Coal Mining and Railway Company to construct a railway from the Berrima coal mine to the Great Southern Railway.

Leave was given.

WAGGA WAGGA GAS BILL.

Mr. DOUGLAS moved,—1. "That a Select Committee be appointed, with power to send for persons and papers, to inquire into and report upon the Wagga Wagga Gas Bill. 2. That such committee consist of Mr. Brodribb, Mr. Burns, Mr. Cramsie, Mr. H. C. Dangar, Mr. Farnell, Mr. Day, Mr. Loughnan, Mr. M'Culloch, Mr. Wilkinson, and the mover."

The motion was agreed to.

CORPORATE BODIES OF TRUSTEES.

Mr. STUART moved,—"For leave to bring in a bill to provide for the creation, within the dioceses of Sydney, Bathurst, and Grafton and Armidale respectively, of corporate bodies of trustees in which property belonging to the Church of England in such dioceses may be vested, and to make further provisions in reference thereto."

Leave was given, and the bill was brought in.

RAILWAY FROM WALLERAWANG TO MUDGEE.

Mr. LACKEY moved,—"That this House approves of the plan, section, and a book of reference of the proposed extension for the remaining portion of the railway from Wallerawang to Mudgee, viz., from 143 miles 47 chains to 188 miles 13 chains, being a distance of 45 miles 46 chains, laid before the House on the 12th January, in accordance with the 9th section of the Government Railways Act 22 Victoria No. 19." It was scarcely necessary for him, he thought, to say much in asking the House to approve of the resolution. The proposed extension consisted of 45 miles 46 chains, and would complete the line of railway between the length of line already constructed and the town of Mudgee. The line passed through country well known to many hon. members, and on the whole he believed it would be one which would yield a profitable return on the outlay. The line would follow the direction of the road into Rylstone, crossing the Cudgegong River at the township, thence through the properties of Mr. E. K. Cox, on past the back of the Lowe estate on to Dungaree, thence following Lawson's Creek to a point opposite Mudgee on the north branch of the Cudgegong River. From this point the line crossed the river, passing through the Burrandulla estate, and terminating in Crown lands on blocks in the southern boundary of the town of Mudgee, between Nicholas and Inglis streets. The policy of constructing a line of railway to this district had been decided upon by Parliament, and it would therefore be unnecessary for him to point out to hon. members the desirability of adopting the resolution which he now submitted.

Mr. M'ELHONE said that he had spoken to persons residing in the Mudgee district on this matter, and they honestly admitted that they had not the least idea that the line would be a paying one. He believed the whole of the money voted for this railway would be lost to the country. [Mr. CAMERON: I hope the hon. member will vote for the Illawarra railway now.] He never said he would.

The motion was agreed to.

FISHERIES BILL.

Sir HENRY PARKES moved the second reading of the Fisheries Bill. This bill was framed with the intention of carrying out the recommendations of the Commission which sat last year to inquire into the state of the fisheries of the colony, and to suggest measures for their development and general improvement. The Commission, it would be remembered, was composed of gentlemen, all of whom, more or less, had a knowledge of fisheries, many of them having been devoted to this pursuit for several years, and they fairly represented different classes of society. Altogether he thought the Commission embraced those who were capable of thoroughly investigating the subject. Their report, which was very carefully prepared, went fully into the state of our fisheries, and the present measure was substantially the outcome of their investigation. The bill which he asked the House to read a second time proposed new machinery for the management of our fish supply; and then it made provision for the objects which were to be attained by this machinery. It proposed to repeal the existing Acts, and a portion of the Act which now empowered the Minister for Lands to grant leases. The bill proposed to vest in three unpaid commissioners the control of our fisheries for the future. It made provision for the appointment of the necessary officers, and enacted that police officers and officers of the Marine Board, where they were engaged in the locality, should act as assistant inspectors. The colony would be divided into three districts—the Home, the Northern, and the Southern. Although we might not have rich sources of supply like some other countries, our supplies might be made richer and more valuable than at present, if the enormous waste of small fish was stopped. The Commission, in their report, made one or two references to the destruction of fish now going on:—"With an extensive sea-board, an apparently unlimited supply of fish, and a very limited consumption, it might naturally be supposed that for many years to come, legislation for the preservation of the fisheries of New South Wales would be premature and unnecessary. Experience, however, tells a very different tale. It is undoubted that in and about Port Jackson, Botany Bay, Broken Bay, and the Lakes Macquarie and Tuggerah, and indeed at every place easily reached by the Sydney fishermen, the quantity of fish has fallen off enormously of late years, and is continuing to do so. If this were due to the legitimate exhaustion of the supply by its use for food, or indeed for any useful purpose, there would be less reason for regret or interference; but the fact being that the quantity of fish caught and consumed has never at any time been sufficient of itself to affect to any appreciable degree the supply, and that the diminution which is going on in the supply of some of our best fishes is due entirely to the wanton destruction by fishermen of the spawn and young, indicates a state of things which demands immediate legislative interference. The fishes which suffer most in this way are those which spawn on the shallow banks and beaches." In another part of the world, but with a new population like our own, they were able to keep up their supply. The Commission reported:—"There is not a salmon river in Europe that does not annually liberate a much larger number of artificially-reared fish than the annual catch, and the process has been adopted and carried out most successfully on the western coasts of North America, a country newer to European advancement and civilization even than we are ourselves. The many millions of large salmon annually tinned or canned on the Sacramento and Columbia Rivers seem not as yet to affect the supply, but we find from a report of the Commissioners of Californian Fisheries for 1878 and 1879, that in the Sacramento River the supply is amply kept up by the annual hatching and liberation of 2,500,000 young fish. It is probable that the same effectual mode of preventing exhaustion of the supply is employed on the Columbia, where a still greater number of the adult fish are utilized and canned, and often eaten here as English salmon. We give these simply as illustrations of the value of fish-culture, which affords a means of sustaining alike all fisheries which are so valuable as to be threatened with destruction." Again, they stated in another portion of their report:—"We have pointed out the destruction at present constantly occurring of the young fish and the spawn; and we recommend for their protection that a close season shall extend from 1st April to 1st October in each year, in which the use of all nets shall be prohibited within any bay, lake, or inlet of the coast, unless specially exempted by proclamation in the *Government Gazette*; that during the other six months the mesh of the nets used shall not be smaller than 1½ inch, measured diagonally, and that no prawn net shall be permitted to be used of greater length than 15 fathoms. We also advise that, where fixed or stake nets are used for the capture of fish, they should be prohibited from being stretched completely across any creek, river, or inlet, and that the minimum size of the mesh should be 4 inches." The second part of this bill gave power for granting leases under a new form of administration; also, that in all cases boats should be licensed. It made provision that licenses should be issued for working private oyster beds, and that dealers in oysters should be compelled to take out licenses. There were penalties for burning oysters for lime, a practice extensively carried on; the bill provided for a close season from April to the end of September for certain fish; that the meshes of the nets should not be smaller than 1½ inches, in order that the small fish might escape; there were penalties for the destruction of undersized fish, and for riddling prawns, except in the water where they were taken from; and that in future no explosives should be used for the mere purpose of destroying fish.

Mr. FARNELL, while agreeing with a great many of the provisions of the bill, thought that it contained too many regulations and too few enactments. That was a frequent fault in our legislation. (Hear, hear.) This bill provided for six commissioners, [illegible] the Royal Commission recommended three. It [illegible]

peared that the commissioners were to perform these onerous duties without remuneration, and he did not believe that six capable men would be found willing to undertake the task. In reference to the appointment of Custom-house officers as assistant inspectors, he did not believe that they would be able to devote the time and attention to that work. It was necessary that there should be an efficient staff of inspectors. The division of the fisheries was good, and he agreed with the proposed close season. He believed that we had in this country a magnificent supply of fish, such as the sea mullet and the herring, but it was to be regretted that no steps were taken for the preservation of the fish. Notwithstanding the large quantity of fish brought to market, a very small proportion of the people partook of that food in consequence of the want of proper means of distribution. That is a thing which ought to be provided for, and was provided for, in this bill. Well, instead of our being importers of fish, we ought to be exporters in very large quantities. Very few fish were salted; and, indeed, the only article of export was gelatine, obtained from the fish and shark fins, which were sent to China. Hitherto we had a law which was not so defective as some persons wished to make out, but it was no use having a law unless they had persons to administer it. If they had not sufficient supervision, the law would become a dead letter, and such was the case with the Act they were now asked to repeal by this bill. We had an inspector of oyster fisheries, and a good result was obtained from that inspection, but we have had no inspector of fisheries. There was no doubt that many fish were caught and sold which ought not to be caught, and steps should be taken to prevent the practice. He thought, however, that there should be enactments in this bill instead of regulations. A bill was prepared by a Royal Commission in 1876, which provided by enactment for all these things instead of leaving them to regulations. As to that portion of the bill dealing with oyster fisheries he thought it was almost, if not quite, as important as the other part of the bill. He believed if this oyster culture were properly carried out oysters would become an immense article of export, as was the case in America, and particularly in Baltimore; and yet our climate was more suited to the culture of the oyster than any part of America, or indeed any part of the world. In this colony we had any amount of spat or ware which was never utilized, and they knew that in some places the oysters grew so thick that they did not come to maturity. What they wanted to encourage was the artificial production of oysters. Every river in the colony of New South Wales had oysters more or less within them, and also every lake, but he thought it necessary that they should be fished, because if they were not dredged periodically and taken out of their natural bed they would die. He believed, however, that injury had been done to our oyster beds by the practice indulged in by lessees of overdredging. It was to the interest of these lessees to take all they could out of the oyster beds and they cared nothing for their preservation, the result being that many of the beds were past reclaiming. [Mr. CAMERON: Some of them have been immensely improved.] He believed there was no evidence to show that a single bed had been improved. He believed these oyster beds ought not to be closed for more than four years, as the oyster was edible in that time and the beds ought to be dredged after that time. The inspector ought to have a thorough knowledge of this matter, and when he found these beds being overworked he should get authority to have them closed for a certain period in order to allow them to resuscitate. (Hear, hear.) That had not been done hitherto; but it was proposed to do this under this bill, and also to give every encouragement to persons who would lay down artificial oyster beds, and who might lease our foreshores and other places for the purpose of producing oysters. Some of our rivers were limited in the character and nature of the soil suitable to oysters, and it was found that in some places the oysters had become extinct altogether, so that it would be useless to close these localities unless they were under thorough protection. The Manning River was supposed to be closed, and yet oysters were brought to Sydney by the steamers trading there, and he believed they were taken from another river, which was also supposed to be closed and carried overland to the Manning and shipped in these steamers. There could be no objection to people taking the oysters as long as they were taken under proper supervision and restrictions, and under this bill he believed that would be accomplished. Anybody who had read anything about oyster culture in England would know that it had been carried on there for a number of years, and he believed the first charter dated back as far as the reign of Queen Anne. The oysters there were cultivated from the spat or ware which was procured in other countries, and laid down in beds suitable for the purpose; and those people who had a charter really paid nothing to the Government. The Government did this to encourage the production of oysters. We did not propose to give away the land, but to charge a small rent, and if persons would lease land for the purpose of oyster cultivation, he believed it would become a most profitable industry. People did not do that now, because the public came in and took the oysters away, and there were no means of preventing it. Mr. Holt had thirty miles of country, in which he had dug trenches for the purpose of fattening and rearing oysters; but this was private property, and not in Crown lands. He did not think, however, that this gentleman was giving them exactly what was required. There were too many cockleshells and other shells of the same kind, whereas oysters preferred decayed shells of their own species. The oyster had many enemies besides man, although he believed man to be the greatest enemy. (Hear, hear.) He would like to see some of the things which it was provided in the bill should be dealt with by regulation—dealt with, rather, by enactment. The leases in the past had been issued under regulations, and it was now decided that they were all illegal; and he thought the result should show how careful they ought to be in making regulations. No doubt these leases had been granted in good faith, and were taken by the lessees in good faith; but owing to the manner in which they had been issued, the result had been that, instead of endeavouring to develope the culture of oysters, all that could be taken had been taken and the natural beds had been destroyed. He considered that it was just as necessary for a person to understand the proper culture of oysters as horticulture, or any system of farming on land, if he wished to be successful. (Hear, hear.) A great deal of caution would have to be exercised in making regulations under the Act, because our rivers were not all alike. There was a wise provision in the Act for closing rivers by proclamation in the *Gazette*. This could not be done by the Act, because the seasons were so different in various portions of the colony, and even in different portions of the same river. He would support the bill and the culture of oysters and the preservation of their fisheries upon national grounds. It was, he thought, a disgrace to the colony to import a single tin of oysters or a single tin of fish; we ought rather to be large exporters on our own account. He did not wish to quote the report of the Commission, but he could assure them that their fish would be to this colony what the herrings were to Scotland, for they passed by our shores in myriads. There was one point in reference to compensation to the lessees to which he wished to refer. Hon. members would see that they did not propose to lease the natural oyster beds at all, but that they should be dredged under a license and under proper supervision. Yet it was proposed to compensate the lessees, either by paying them for the leases, or by issuing new leases. He thought this last proposal must be a mistake on the part of the draughtsmen, because as he had pointed out, they were setting their faces altogether against the practice of leasing the natural beds. (Hear, hear.) He thought that instead of granting compensation to the lessees the Government ought to demand compensation for the destruction of the beds. He thought he had said sufficient to justify hon. members voting for this bill, and bring it into law with some amendments in details that they might make in committee. There was a very wide provision there to give encouragement to persons who owned land, and had a little beach, where the soil was suitable, to enter upon the cultivation of oysters. This bill would enable the Government to give such persons a lease and would encourage them in that industry. In some cases in this bill the penalties were altogether too low. In a case that occurred the other day at the Hunter River, twenty bags of oysters were seized, and the men were fined £5. They could go and make that amount in one night. He should have much pleasure in moving the second reading of this bill.

Mr. STUART considered it difficult to over-estimate the importance of this bill, and he congratulated the Colonial Secretary upon having been in a position to bring it before the House. The state of the law under which our fisheries have been regulated for the last ten or twelve years, instead of giving us a good supply of a good article, had done the very opposite; it had not only given us an indifferent supply, but it had to a great extent destroyed the source of that supply. This bill divided itself into two parts—that relating to fish, and that relating to oysters. With regard to the first part he quite agreed with the last speaker that few had an idea of the enormous value which might yet be obtained for the colony from its fisheries. Take the sea mullet, for instance. He supposed there was no supply of fish passing any shores in greater quantity, except perhaps the herring in more temperate climates. He believed if proper encouragement were held out for the pursuit of this industry it would in the course of time attain an importance equal to that of the herring fishery on the coast of Scotland and other places. But in order to attract capital, skill, and intelligence to the pursuit of this industry he thought a good deal more was required than the provisions of that bill. He most heartily gave his assent to the second reading of the bill, but he thought to make it thoroughly effectual it would be necessary not only to amend it, but also to extend its provisions. This bill seemed only to contemplate the supply of the ordinary Sydney market, or the amusement of amateurs. He would look further than that. What was the course adopted in other countries where there are annual migrations of fish on their shores? There were fishing villages on the parts of the coast which were most frequented, and where it would be most easy to effect a large capture. That was one point which had been lost sight of in the drafting of this bill. He would like to see provision made for reserves for fishing villages on certain parts of the coast where it was notorious that those enormous shoals of fish did most congregate. If any persons had enterprise enough to attempt a fishery here there was no place where they could go. They might be warned off as intruders, or prosecuted as trespassers, or be put under the taboo of a Government ranger. If there were tracts on the coast, where they had a right to go, in the course of time we might see fishing villages and fleets of boats going out at particular seasons to take advantage of these large shoals of fish. These fishes, the mullet especially, were valuable, not only as edible fishes, but enormously so as oil producing fishes. On the coast of America we found that not only was the herring caught in large quantities for the purposes of food, but it was tinned up for export. And we found, also, that large quantities of oil were produced from them. Thousands of tons of this fish were taken annually, and the oil was expressed from them. We found here our tanners were actually using oil for the production of leather, oil expressed from the herring caught upon the coast of California. We talked of the encouragement of native industries, and keeping the money in the country, and yet we had here myriads of these fish, producing a very much larger quantity of oil than we could require, passing our shores unmolested, and we sent to other countries for the oil we want And if the fish demanded our attention, how much more so was it the case with regard to the oyster fishery. No country was more specially favourable for the cultivation of the oyster than ours. Allusion had been made to the great extent of the trade in this mollusc on the American coast. Baltimore derived great part of its income from this source, and a large portion of its population was supported by the oyster fishery, by canning up these oysters to be sent to all parts of the world. The oyster fishery of the Chesapeake was stated in the House of Commons to be of the annual value of upwards of four millions sterling. Yet it was not so well situated for the cultivation of the oyster as many of the bays and harbours on our own coast. In 1868 an Act was passed having for its object the protection and encouragement of this trade. But instead of protecting and encouraging it the effect of that law had been almost to ruin and destroy it, and it had done this chiefly not by the Act itself, but by the regulations which were published under the Act. The Act itself, read without the regulations, contemplated only the cultivation of the oyster, but where it failed was that it did not provide by legislation for what was to be done for the natural beds. If it had done so a great mistake would not have been made in leasing the natural beds. Because the Act itself was clear that the land was to be leased for the purpose of cultivating and increasing the oysters. The regulations made under it unfortunately went directly contrary to the Act, and instead of encouraging the cultivation of the oysters, had been the means of destroying them. Now, in order to understand something of the requirements of this cultivation of the oyster, it was necessary to know something of the habits of the oyster, and the reason why no leases should have been given of the natural beds, whereby, as Mr. Farnell had said, the very sources of the supply had been destroyed. The oyster required, in order that it might increase and grow, that the beds should be very carefully formed indeed; they required some artificial care. For instance, during some part of the year the oyster emits what is called the spat, or that which by-and-bye forms the spat. If the beds were left entirely uncared for, it rose to the surface and floated. Hence, in strong winds it was blown about on rocks, and much of it was destroyed. It became the food of fishes and birds, and was to a great extent lost. Proper care of these oyster beds would compel the persons in charge of them to lay down fascines of twigs, or nets even, made of coir rope yarn, weighted down. The spat was caught upon these, and never rose to the surface, and was greatly conserved. But this could not be done if these beds were leased to dredgers, who would dredge them as long as there were any oysters left upon them. Suppose, then, they were to collect the spat this year. By dredging the oysters, without any reservation as to size, in two or three years the bed would be entirely destroyed, and you would have no oysters left to produce fresh spat. So much for the natural beds. Then as to the artificial cultivation of the oyster. The spat, as it is called in the first year, or the brood, as it is called in the second year, is taken and removed under favourable circumstances in places where it is developed into what is technically called "ware," or third year's oyster, and then into a full grown oyster; so that it really took four or five years to mature oysters taken from the natural beds and planted on the artificial ones. It would be evident to any one who looked into the matter that one of the fundamental errors in the measure of 1868 was the shortness of lease given. As far as the leases of natural beds were concerned they were far too long; but in leasing beds for the cultivation of the oyster the time was far too short, and he thought the error existed in the present bill. He thought the term, "Shall not exceed thirty, and shall not be less than fourteen years," would answer; for though thirty years looked a long time, it was a very short time in the history of fish culture. He thought leases should be given for fifteen years on certain definite terms, but with the right on the part of the lessee at the end of the tenth year to claim another fifteen years in his lease, and so on. It took four or five years to mature the oyster; and if a man knew that his lease was for a definite time, during the last 4 or 5 years he would do nothing towards extending the culture. He knew that he would not reap the benefit of the thing, and he would not go to expense to continue planting for the maintenance of that continuous supply which we wanted. Continuity of lease seemed to be essential to the carrying on of oyster culture on a large and extensive scale. With regard to dredging on the area of these leases, he thought that a very grave mistake was made in the leases already issued under the 1868 Act. The lessees were allowed to take possession of a whole district, bay, or estuary—an immense tract of water—and no one else was allowed to come in. They did not cultivate, and they had a monopoly of the natural beds. He thought that 100 acres was far more than any lessee could possibly do justice to, and that 10 or 20 acres was probably as much as it would be prudent to give to any single lessee. As to the dredging of the natural oysters, it appeared to him that there should be some limitations in granting licenses, and that residents in the district, or those who were lessees of artificial beds, should have the preference. In dredging natural beds the dredgers could not help bringing up small, young, oysters, which at present were brought in in their immature state and sold; but if the dredgers were lessees of artificial beds they could replant all these small oysters. But to go and give one man the lease of a natural bed, and to give others leases of artificial beds, would be to make confusion worse confounded, because it would be to put the cultivator at the mercy of the lessee of the natural beds. He thought there was a very important omission in regard to the portion of the bill dealing with oyster culture. The other portion of the bill—that referring to fish—provided for a close season, which he ventured to think was rather too long; but it was an immense mistake not to have a close season also for the oyster. He knew of no other country in the world which had omitted to provide for such a season. We intended to shut up beds for three or four years at a time; but it would be far better to allow the natural beds to have a yearly period of repose, during which the spat might settle, and the beds recover themselves, than to dredge a bed for four or five years until it was nearly exhausted, and then close it for four or five years. By having a certain close season, say three or four months each year, during which no oysters should be taken away and brought to market, they would adopt one of the best modes of increasing the growth of oysters. The condition of things just now was that in Sydney Harbour not an oyster was to be got; and going from one end of the coast to the other there was no one harbour where the same complaint was not to be heard. The oyster-beds were exhausted or nearly so, and now they were to be made unproductive for four or five years. With regard to the constitution of a body to deal with the fisheries, he thought that the bill could in this respect be improved. It would be better to have a board whose members would be paid for their services, and not a body of amateurs, and it ought not to have as one of its members the Minister for Lands. He thought it a glaring defect to propose to put the Minister for Lands in the position of being controlled in a matter of public policy by making him a member of the board. A responsible Minister should not be in the position of being overborne or overawed by the board. He thought the board should be formed and placed in entire dependence upon the Minister for Lands, as the Marine Board now depended on the Colonial Treasurer. These were his views on the general scope and end of the legislation they were asked to take part in; and though he differed with some of the provisions, upon the general question of the necessity for this legislation he had no doubt, and therefore he should support the bill.

Mr. H. C. DANGAR did not intend to detain the House by speaking at any length; but as he was, he believed, the only member of the House, except the hon. member for St. Leonards, who served on this Fisheries Commission he did not think he should give a silent vote. The legislation contemplated had not come much too soon, for as where nature was over-bountiful man was over-improvident—our improvidence with regard to our fish and oysters had been such that we had now very nearly lost them both. The hon. member for St. Leonards called this a skeleton bill; but if hon. members would examine the three former measures they would see that they did not form the ghost of a bill. He sympathized with the remark of the hon. member as to the inexpediency of providing by regulation for what should be provided for by absolute enactment; but the hon. member must admit that in the working of an Act like this there were so many matters of detail that it was well-nigh impossible to give them all effect by enactment. He hoped the House would not agree to provision being made for paid commissioners, because he was sure that if the appointment were sanctioned they would lose the services of some gentlemen who would most willingly give their assistance in an unpaid capacity to establish the machinery necessary to carry out this measure; and when it was once put in thorough working order, he thought no great difficulty would be experienced in insuring a sufficient protection of fish from the enemies they had to encounter. He was sorry to observe that there was no provision in the Bill for the extinction of the natural enemies of the fish, such as cormorants, and those fishing prey which were far more destructive to fish than those improvident fishermen who destroyed almost as much as they secured. There was one reason why this bill should pass, and that was because steps should be taken to provide for the preservation of the fish which might be captured. Hitherto there had been an enormous waste on account of the difficulty in getting the fish to market, but, as hon. members were aware, a company had lately been formed for the freezing of fish, and it was anticipated that the waste would thus be obviated. On the whole, he thought the measure would be a most valuable one, and he would have much pleasure in giving it his support.

Mr. FREMLIN thought that there were some unnecessary fears entertained about the destruction of fish. It seemed to be forgotten that directly man sought his food he became a destroyer of beasts of prey; and though they might condemn these improvident fishermen for destroying the fish, it must be remembered that they were benefactors, since they destroyed a great many of those birds which proved destructive to the fish. He objected to the clause which provided that a royalty should be levied upon the fishermen as well as the license-fee of £10. In his opinion the license-fee was ample, and there was no necessity for the royalty.

Mr. JACOB thought that every member who had read the report of the commission must come to the conclusion that legislation was necessary on this subject. In the electorate he had the honour to represent there was a large extent of fishing ground; and he considered that in this bill they were going to extremes, and that the industry would be hampered to such an extent as to prevent a great many people from earning their livelihood by its provisions. He quite agreed with the remarks of one or two hon. members who had already spoken on the subject, to the effect that they were drifting too much in the direction of legalising by regulation. There was a provision in the bill which said that prawns should be riddled when caught. It was a matter of some difficulty to riddle them alive, and it could only be done when they were boiled. The fishermen of his electorate had written to him to point this out, and he thought that clause should be altered when the bill was in committee. [Attention was called to the state of the House, and a quorum formed.] This bill from beginning to end was teeming with blunders. It appeared that the Colonial Treasurer had had a hand in this bill, because there were provisions for issuing licenses, and thereby getting a little more revenue. Many of the provisions in reference to licenses were too stringent. He considered it a very proper provision in the bill that licenses could be issued for dredging on natural oyster beds. It was absurd to make embarrassing provisions for limiting the weight of fish that might be caught and sold. A regulation in reference to the size of the net would be quite sufficient. It was necessary that the fish should be protected; but the fishermen should be protected also, and their livelihood should not be interfered with, as would be the case if this bill were passed.

The bill was then read a second time, and the House went into committee.

The preamble was postponed.

Clause 1, "Short title and arrangement of Act," was agreed to.

In reference to clause 2, "Interpretation of terms,"

Mr. JACOB pointed out that this bill did not, in his opinion, provide for persons establishing upon their own lands. A part of the clause, as it stood, gave the definition of "tidal waters" thus:—"All lands within the territorial jurisdiction of the Crown in New South Wales permanently covered by salt water, or over which the tide ebbs and flows." He proposed, as an amendment, the addition of the words, "except private lands over which such water has been artificially overflowed."

Sir HENRY PARKES agreed to accept the amendment upon the understanding that he would re-commit the bill if he saw anything objectionable in the amendment.

Mr. FARNELL did not think there was any necessity for the amendment. Land over which the tide ebbed and flowed was the property of the Crown.

Mr. HOSKINS said if the amendment was carried it might lead to very great abuses. He happened to know that there were persons who were owners of land in the Hunter River district, where there were tidal creeks flowing through the land, and this gave opportunities for despoiling the natural oyster beds belonging to the public. He had known this to be done, and the effect would be that the revenue obtainable from public oyster-beds would be greatly diminished, to the benefit of private individuals.

Mr. STUART said if such places were included in the bill, they might have this anomalous position that a lessee might claim those particular waters surrounded on all sides by his land, and there would be a conflict of ownership. These inlets, it appeared to him, would be under the control of that person whose land surrounded it, but if it was a tidal water, then some other person might apply for the lease of the water.

Mr. HOSKINS thought if the amendment was carried, it would entirely reverse the policy of the country with regard to the relationship between the Crown and persons having land adjoining tidal waters.

Mr. JACOB said the bill clearly contemplated private persons having oyster beds. It provided for it incidentally, and what he wanted was to make it definite.

Mr. FARNELL said this reservation of 100 feet could only be enforced against a private individual when the land was wanted for some public purpose, and the rights of the individual were good against anyone but the Crown.

Mr. JACOB withdrew his amendment.

The clause was amended by inserting after the word "tide,' in line 30, the word "naturally."

Mr. STUART asked the hon. gentleman in charge of the bill whether his intention was that all oyster bearing rocks should be excluded from legislation under this bill. At present it was at variance with what had hitherto been the law. Persons had been prohibited under the present law from taking oysters from the rocks; but this bill appeared to him to introduce a change in this respect. He thought it would be a desirable change; but still he thought it better to point it out to the committee.

Mr. FARNELL said this interpretation clause was certainly an alteration of the law, and he thought a wise one. Hon. members would see the wisdom of excluding the banks of the Parramatta River and such places which were not oyster beds. The clause did not apply to rocks. It only applied to rocks above or below high water-mark.

The clause, as amended, was agreed to.

Clause 3 was passed as follows:—"The Act twenty-eight Victoria number ten intituled 'An Act to protect the Fisheries of New South Wales,' the Act thirty-first Victoria number ten intituled 'An Act to amend the Fisheries Act of 1865,' and the Act thirty-first Victoria number twenty intituled 'An Act to regulate Oyster Fisheries and to encourage the formation of Oyster-beds,' and so much of the thirty-eighth section of the 'Lands Acts Amendment Act, 1875,' as empowers the Governor in Council to grant leases of Crown lands for the purpose of a fishery are hereby repealed, but without prejudice to the past operation of, or to any right lawfully created offence committed, or penalty incurred under any of the said Acts." Clause 4. "The duty of protecting, developing and regulating the public fisheries of New South Wales shall be vested in six commissioners, to be called the 'Commissioners of Fisheries for New South Wales,' who by that name shall be a body corporate with perpetual succession, and a common seal with power to sue and be sued, and to take and be the subject of all legal proceedings by such name. And the duties, powers, and authority of the said commissioners shall extend to the territorial limits of the said colony. Such body corporate shall be composed of the Minister for Lands for the time being, and of five persons to be appointed by the Governor, by commission under the Great Seal, each of whom shall hold office for the term of five years from the date of his appointment, unless his office become vacant in the meantime by death or resignation. But any commissioner may be re-appointed after the expiration of his term of office. The Governor shall, either by the original commission or otherwise, as to him seems proper, appoint two of the commissioners to be respectively president and vice-president. And the president or vice-president, or (in the absence of either) one of the commissioners appointed from time to time by the meeting, shall preside at all meetings, and any voting shall have an original as well as (in cases of equality of votes) a casting vote. Any three commissioners shall be a quorum."

Mr. FARNELL said that, in his opinion, three commissioners were enough, and if it were intended that the commissioners should perform the duties of the Commission without pay, the thing would be a failure. Perhaps it would be better to leave the duties to the administration of the Minister for Lands. The Royal Commission on Fisheries recommended that the number of commissioners should be three.

Mr. GARRETT thought it would be necessary to pay fees or small salaries. Those gentlemen who were best qualified by knowledge, experience, or study of this question, were men well off—and the better a man was off, the more valuable his time was, and the more highly he valued his time. The gentlemen who formed Boards of Directors in this city were, every one of them, men of fortune, and yet they were very willing to take the fees attached to the office. If a thing were worth while having, it was worth while paying for, and if the commissioners were paid, they would be expected to perform their duty, and could be called to account if they did not perform it. He did not think five commissioners were too large a number, and an odd numbers was very desirable. Then if there were only five commissioners, it would not be necessary to have the Minister for Lands as one. The Minister would be out of place among the gentlemen constituting this Board; he would either become next to a nullity, or assume a position of superiority which would be very distasteful to the others.

Sir HENRY PARKES said he had no objection whatever to the clause being amended so as to exclude the Minister for Lands from this Board, and he thought that would be an improvement. The committee would make a very great mistake in creating this Commission if they did not enlist as the members of it men who took a great personal interest in the question of our fisheries. If we had this Board composed of persons who served upon it simply for the sake of the fees or some small salary we should make a very great mistake, because the duties would not be adequately performed unless from the interest which the persons forming the Commission took in the preservation of our fisheries. We had gentlemen in the community—and it so happened that most of these gentlemen were men of fortune—who had throughout their lives taken a thorough interest in the fisheries of the colony, and it would be far better to secure zeal of that kind voluntarily given. Those men would not be attracted by fees—they would more likely be repelled by the offer of fees; and it would be far better to enlist the services of men of that stamp than any other men whatever. Then there was another objection to paying these commissioners, and it was this—that the moment you paid them, whether it were 20s. or £100 per annum, that moment you excluded the whole of the members of both Houses of Parliament. The present Government had suffered from this regulation. At the present time the Government required two gentlemen to perform a particular service. The gentlemen who of all others could perform that service best were members of this House, but the Government must turn from them and go to men who were very much inferior. If this Commission were formed to-morrow and the commissioners were paid, the Government could not look to the Legislative Assembly or to the Legislative Council, but they must have persons outside Parliament. Then there was one evil inseparable from, and apparently inherent in, all Boards or Commissions which were excluded from the political life of the country. They lost sight of the responsibility as it was felt by men who moved in the political life of the country. The only way to introduce anything like life into a Board of that kind was to bring the members of it face to face with Parliament, and if these commissioners sat in Parliament they could be asked questions as to how their work was going on, and they could avail themselves of any debate that might arise upon the questions. As it was necessary to the success of the Commission that the gentleman forming it should perform the duty more as a work of love than for any other reason, because they took a thorough, live, abiding interest in the preservation and development of our fisheries, and seeing that we had a wider field to choose from, including some of the best and ablest men, by not giving remuneration, and that in addition to that advantage we should bring them into the place where they would have a sense of responsibility—seeing all these things he did not think there could be any argument for the payment of these commissioners. With regard to whether the number should be three or five, he thought five a better number than six, because he was in favour of an odd number in order to provide for the chairman's vote; but whether it were to be five or six was a matter of no consequence beyond this—that if there were only three it would be necessary to exclude some men very capable for this particular business, and by having five we should be likely to have five men who would enter into the work thoroughly and perform it well.

Mr. GARRETT pointed out that if the Minister for Lands were excluded the number of commissioners would be five.

On the motion of Sir HENRY PARKES the clause was amended by omitting the word "six" from before the word "commissioners," with a view to insert in its place the word "five."

Sir HENRY PARKES moved that the word "five" be inserted.

Mr. M'LAUGHLIN called attention to an ambiguity in the clause. Power was given to the commissioners to sue and be sued, but the clause did not give them any power to hold real and personal property.

Mr. STUART said they could hold personal property without special enactment.

Mr. M'LAUGHLIN said the personal property would be the property of the Government, and therefore it would be a matter of doubt whether proceeding should be brought in the name of the Attorney-General or in the name of the commissioners.

The motion for the insertion of the word "five" was passed.

Mr. M'LAUGHLIN moved the insertion of the words "to hold real and personal estate and" between the words "power" and "to sue."

Sir HENRY PARKES doubted whether it would be right to give the commissioners this power, but he would accept the amendment subject to the opinion of the Attorney-General afterwards.

The amendment was adopted.

Sir HENRY PARKES moved to strike out the words "the Minister for Lands and of."

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. W. J. FOSTER pointed out that the proposal in the clause to fix the term of five years would probably have a different effect from that intended, as it would not be competent to remove any member of the Board until his term of office expired.

Sir HENRY PARKES moved to insert at the end of the paragraph on the subject the words, "Subject nevertheless to removal by the like authority."

Mr. W. J. FOSTER: That will serve precisely the same purpose.

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. STUART moved to strike out the provision appointing a vice-president of the Board.

Sir HENRY PARKES said he had no objection to this.

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. GARRETT moved to add to the clause the words, "Notwithstanding any provision in the law to the contrary, members of the Board being members of either House of Parliament may receive any fees or salaries that may be fixed as payment for their services."

Mr. ROSEBY trusted that the Ministry would not accept the amendment, as if it were carried he felt sure there were gentlemen who would refuse to accept a position on the Board.

Mr. FOSTER felt sure the Colonial Secretary would not accept an amendment which introduced a principle so entirely contrary to the great constitutional principle which had been adopted, that no member should accept any pecuniary remuneration from the Government. (Hear, hear.)

Sir HENRY PARKES said one other reason had occurred to him since the amendment was offered why he should not accept it. He scarcely thought the Government should accept an amendment which introduced so vital a principle withot notice being given. He had felt on several occasions that the Government was so severely hampered in getting the best talent that he had regretted that the rule existed in the extreme sense in which it did exist. It would he was sure operate often to the detriment of the public service; but if a provision of this sort were to be introduced it should be by notice; and hence, on second thoughts, he hoped the hon. member would not press the amendment now.

Mr. GARRETT: I have no objection to withdraw it at present.

Sir HENRY PARKES: Then it would probably be better to introduce a new clause.

The amendment was withdrawn, and the clause passed as amended.

Clause 5. "Place of meeting."

Mr. H. C. DANGAR contended that this clause was unnecessary.

Mr. FARNELL thought the Commissioners should have the appointment of the secretary. He thought the clause should be omitted.

The clause was negatived.

Clause 6. "Inspectors of fisheries."

The clause was agreed to.

Clause 7. "In addition to such inspectors, it shall be lawful for the Governor to appoint any officer of Customs, or officer in the Department of the Marine Board, stationed at any outport, or pilot station on the coast of the colony, to act as an assistant inspector of fisheries at such outport or station, and for such extent of waters as may be placed under his supervision. All such assistant inspectors shall carry out the directions of the Commissioners, so far as practicable, to the best of their ability, and shall act in concert with the inspectors, and shall be paid such sums in addition to their ordinary salaries as the Governor may appoint, and as Parliament may vote."

Mr. STUART moved the insertion of the words "other persons" after the word "colony."

Mr. FARNELL objected to the insertion of these words.

Sir HENRY PARKES supported the amendment, which was agreed to.

The clause, as amended, was agreed to.

Clause 8. "Certain officers of the police force to be inspectors *ex officio*."

The clause was agreed to.

Clause 9. "It shall be lawful for the Governor, by proclamation in the *Gazette*, to define the various fisheries on the seaboard of the colony situated in any estuary, bay, river, lake, inlet, or creek influenced by the tides, or in the offing within one league of the coast, and to distribute the same into divisions to be designated respectively—(1) The Home Fisheries; (2) the Northern Fisheries; (3) the Southern Fisheries; and each of such divisions shall be placed under the supervision of one or more inspectors or assistant-inspectors, who shall report in detail at least once in every month, or oftener if required, to the commissioners upon the state of the fisheries included within his division, in accordance with regulations to be made by the Governor, or, in their absence, in accordance with the directions of the Commissioners. Provided always that the Governor may, by a like proclamation, from time to time rescind any such definition, and alter the boundaries of any such division or subdivide the same."

Mr. JACOB did not see that it was necessary to prevent fishing within three miles of the coast. This had not been recommended by the commission.

Sir HENRY PARKES: The commission is not infallible.

Mr. COPELAND pointed out that if any distance were mentioned it would lead to great difficulty. They could not define the three miles and say whether a fishing boat was within that distance or not.

Mr. H. C. DANGAR said this would effectually include all net fishing. It would be perfectly safe if all net fishing were included in this Act.

Mr. COPELAND said trawl fishing would be carried on almost entirely on banks more than three miles from the coast.

Mr. M'LAUGHLIN said the words should be retained, or they would have no power to prevent fishing on any of the beaches.

Mr. STUART said they had already decided what tidal waters were. The same term might be used here, instead of the words "within one league of the coast."

Mr. PURVES moved the omission of the words "in detail." He thought it should be left to the inspectors as to what they should report, and he would suggest the words "as often as required" should be inserted in their place.

Mr. FOSTER supported the suggestion made by Mr. Stuart, they should use the words already agreed to in the interpretation clause, and he moved the omission of the words "within one league of the coast," with a view of the insertion of the works "tidal waters."

Sir PATRICK JENNINGS thought "three miles" would be a better term than "one league."

Mr. M'LAUGHLIN contended that it was necessary to lay down a limit.

Mr. O'CONNOR suggested that the Government should run a fence along.

Mr. PIGOTT thought the words "tidal waters" would not make the matter clear to fishermen. The word "league" was a well-known nautical term.

Sir HENRY PARKES thought the words should stand as they were in the clause, and he should not like to make any alteration without consulting the Attorney-General, who was absent, owing to domestic affliction. If necessary, he would agree to re-commit the clause.

Mr. FARNELL contended that no alteration was necessary.

Mr. FOSTER withdrew his amendment.

Mr. YOUNG moved the omission in line 43 of the words "or in the offing within one league of the coast."

Sir HENRY PARKES said that he certainly understood that the committee had assented to allow the clause to stand as it was. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. YOUNG, with the consent of the committee, withdrew the amendment.

Mr. COPELAND did not see what benefit was to be gained by dividing the fisheries. Something might take place just on the boundaries between the southern and home fisheries, and some point of difficulty might arise over it. No possible gain could arise from it, and he could see a great many difficulties which might occur.

Mr. FARNELL said that the home fisheries were those around Port Jackson, while the northern ones stretched up to the Queensland border, and the southern ones to the southern border. The Commission would describe them, and the distinction was useful as it might be necessary sometimes to close one or another of them.

Mr. PURVES proposed to amend the clause by the omission in line 50 of the words "at least once a month, or oftener if required."

Sir HENRY PARKES hoped the hon. member would not press his amendment, as he thought one of the most important objects to be gained was information properly authorised and based on facts. (Hear, hear.) These reports would enable the Commission to do their duty properly.

Mr. PURVES, with the consent of the Committee, withdrew the amendment.

The clause as read was agreed to.

Clause 10. "It shall be lawful for the Governor to make regulations from time to time for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Act as to all details whatever, and in addition to any purpose hereinafter mentioned for any of the purposes following namely—1. For regulating the conduct of business by the Commissioners and defining the duties of all officers and other persons clothed with any duty or authority under this Act. 2. For prescribing the forms and condition of all licenses, modes of payment of license fees, and the due transmission of, and accounting for, all moneys to the Treasury and Audit departments respectively. 3. For prescribing the mode of testing the length of nets and the dimensions of the meshes of nets, and (notwithstanding anything contained in the Second Schedule hereto) the weights or sizes of fish prohibited to be caught, sold, or consigned or exposed for sale, and for defining what are marketable and unmarketable prawns. 4. For determining all rights of priority in shooting nets or dredging for oysters as between fishermen and dredgermen netting or dredging on the same ground. 5. For prescribing the mode and times of inspecting artificial oyster beds, dredging and cleaning natural oyster beds, and marking the boundaries of oyster culture leases. 6. For prescribing the times and conditions when and under which natural oyster beds may be dredged, and for the payment of royalties on oysters dredged from such beds. 7. Providing that all oysters of unmarketable size, together with all dead shells, cultch, and substances dredged up to which oysters, whether alive or dead, are found attached, shall be thrown back in the places where the same shall have been dredged. 8. Prescribing the size of marketable oysters which may be lawfully dredged, taken, consigned, or exposed for sale. 8. For supplying or enabling lessees and owners of private fisheries to supply themselves with oysters, spat, or brood from Crown lands for the purpose of stocking oyster layings, and under what conditions and by what persons such spat and brood may be collected on such lands. 10. Prescribing the mode of dealing with and temporarily depositing any oysters seized under the authority of this Act—how oysters so seized shall be restored in case of no adjudication of forfeiture thereof, and how and where oysters shall be disposed of in case of such adjudication; and under what circumstances and conditions any such oysters may be sold prior to adjudication of forfeiture, and how the proceeds of such sale shall be accounted for. 11. Prescribing the mode and place of branding oyster bags, and of registering such brands. 12. Prescribing a scale of rewards (and the terms and conditions of the payment thereof) for the destruction of cormorants or shags. Provided that no such reward shall exceed the sum of for any one such bird, and shall be payable out of the moneys received into the Treasury under the provisions of this Act. It shall be lawful for any such regulations to provide for their enforcement by the imposition of a penalty not exceeding in any case the sum of twenty pounds, and to appoint at the same time a minimum penalty. And all such regulations shall, after approval by the Governor and on publication in the *Gazette*, have the full force of law, and a copy thereof shall be laid before the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly within fourteen days after the making thereof, if Parliament be then in session, and if not then, within fourteen days after the commencement of its then next ensuing session."

Mr. DANGAR said that the commissioners might, with advantage, have power to make regulations.

Sir HENRY PARKES said that the commissioners could readily make regulations and submit them to the Governor in council, and they would become valid on receiving the sanction of that high authority. It was not supposed that the Governor would make the regulations.

Mr. JACOB said that when the hon. member for St. Leonards was speaking on the second reading of the bill; he took exception to its giving the Government power to make such extensive regulations; and he himself must say that these were not matters of detail, but that the Government had power to make a new law altogether. He wished to draw attention to the third subsection. The weights of certain fishes were defined by a schedule, but this subsection three gave power to change the weights. He proposed that in the subsection all the words after the word "nets" be omitted.

Mr. COPELAND thought it would be very injudicious to fix the weights of the different fishes now, and that the second schedule should be left out. Power should be left in the hands of the commissioners to fix the weights by advertisements as they gained experience.

Mr. JACOB said that if the Government would leave out the schedule the amendment might be withdrawn.

Sir HENRY PARKES said that he should be quite willing to recommit the bill for the consideration of any clause, if after consultation he found the suggestion was a good one.

Mr. ROSEBY thought that the commissioners should have the power to find what was marketable and what was unmarketable, for unless they had the power to say what was fit for food, the object of the bill would be defeated. (Hear, hear.) It was well known that millions of fish were destroyed by the wholesale manner small fish were caught and of which no further use was made.

The amendment was withdrawn.

Mr. COPELAND proposed that pelicans should be dealt with in the same manner as cormorants and shags, and proposed an amendment to that effect in sub-section 12 of the clause.

Mr. JACOB pointed out that in the Game Act the pelican was protected, while in this case it was proposed that such birds should be destroyed.

Mr. FOSTER trusted that the word "pelican" would not be included in this clause. The pelican was being driven away from civilized spots, and if they were to be destroyed, they would almost become extinct. Not very long ago numbers of pelicans might be seen at the mouths of our principal rivers. [An hon. member: What good are they?] They were very ornamental birds. (Laughter.) Shags did more damage than pelicans, while the actual damage caused by the pelicans to the fisheries was inappreciable.

Mr. FARNELL suggested that among the enemies of the oysters that should be destroyed was the "five-fingers" or star-fish, which lived almost entirely upon oysters, and frequently destroyed whole oyster beds. When the bill was re-committed he would submit some amendment to meet this case.

Mr. Copeland's amendment was then negatived.

The words "one shilling" were then inserted in the blank in the clause.

Mr. PIGOTT said that in reference to the provision for making by-laws, he would propose some amendment to provide such means that members of the Assembly should have an opportunity of seeing whether those by-laws were in accordance with the Act, and deciding whether they should have the force of law.

Sir HENRY PARKES agreed to accept an amendment to the effect that the regulations should be laid before Parliament, and if not objected within a month, they should have the force of law. (Hear, hear.)

Sir HENRY PARKES then proposed to insert, after the words "by the Governor and," the following words:—"Be laid before both Houses of Parliament if Parliament be then sitting, and if not then sitting, then within fourteen days after the commencement of the next ensuing session, and if not disallowed by resolution of both Houses within one calendar month shall."

Mr. PIGOTT thought it was scarcely necessary that there should be a resolution of both Houses. He thought that if these regulations were laid on the table of the Houses of Parliament, and if a resolution should be adopted by either House against them, then they should not become law; but it was a matter of impossibility to obtain a resolution of both Houses upon a question of this kind.

Sir HENRY PARKES said it was in many Acts of Parliament. It was in the Public Schools Act, and was frequently to be found in other Acts of Parliament. It was perfectly clear that, if there was anything so objectionable as to induce one House to disallow it, the other House would concur. If the matter was so open to dispute, then there was some reason why there should be a full concurrence of Parliament. He thought it would be an unprecedented thing to allow one House to have such a power.

After some remarks by Mr. FOSTER, Sir HENRY PARKES, and Messrs. PIGOTT, BURNS, O'CONNOR, and M'LAUGHLIN, the amendment was agreed to.

On the motion of Sir HENRY PARKES, the clause was amended by omitting the words "and a copy thereof shall be laid before the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly within fourteen days after the making thereof, if Parliament be then in session, and if not, then within fourteen days after the commencement of its then next ensuing session."

The clause as amended was then agreed to.

The Chairman left the chair, and progress was reported.

ADJOURNMENT.

Sir HENRY PARKES moved,—"That this House do now adjourn."

Mr. O'CONNOR said that he wished to bring a certain matter under the notice of the Government. He, in common with many members of this House, the aldermen of Sydney, and several eminent citizens, had received an invitation from the trustees of the National Park to attend a picnic. [Mr. CAMERON: Not from the trustees of the National Park.] Well, from some of them. The picnic was to come off next Friday and Saturday, and people made very elaborate preparations to be present. (Laughter.) He happened to be in the fortunate position of not having accepted the invitation. But the paltry contemptible reasons given by the gentlemen who had issued the invitations for not carrying out their contract, which nobody asked them to undertake, called for notice. They said they would not carry it out because a large number of citizens were going to make an onslaught on them. (Laughter.) As representing a large body of the citizens of this city he did not believe that there was one man in this country so mean or so paltry in spirit as to attempt to go to the picnic without an invitation. If it were in the power of the Government to visit these trustees with any punishment, they should do so for the insult offered to the majesty of the people. (Laughter.) He did not care in what way they were brought up; but as some of them were members of the Upper House, he would either visit them with the punishment of removal or promote the others. (Laughter.)

Sir HENRY PARKES regretted that the hon. member occupied their time with a matter of this kind. (Cheers.) They had nothing to do with it. Not one of the persons who issued these invitations was even a member of this House. As to their being punished, he thought they had escaped a most unbearable punishment which would have been inflicted upon them if they had carried out their absurd resolution. (Hear, hear.)

The motion was passed, and the House adjourned at fourteen minutes to 11 o'clock until 4 o'clock p.m., this day.

NEW NOTICES OF MOTION.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 28.

Mr. M'Elhone to move,—That this House, at its rising do adjourn until Tuesday week, to enable hon. members to attend the opening of the Albury and Dubbo railways.

Mr. Stuart to move,—1. That a select committee be appointed, with power to send for persons and papers, to inquire into and report upon the Church of England Trust Property Incorporation Bill. 2. That such committee consist of Mr. Edmund Barton, Mr. Brodribb, Mr. Burns, Mr. Farnell, Mr. Garrett, Mr. M'Culloch, Mr. Slattery, Mr. Trickett, and the mover.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 8.

Mr. Kerr to move,—That there be laid upon the table of this House copies of all correspondence, appraisements, minutes, and papers, referring to the application of Mr. John Smith, of Gamboola, for permission to purchase 80 acres of improved land in the county of Wellington, and land district of Molong, dated on or about the 19th October, 1877, and the conditional purchase of the same by Mr. G. F. Milgate.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 11.

Mr. Levien to move,—That there be laid on the table of this House—1. A return showing the names of all persons struck off the jury list by the Bench of Magistrates at Narrabri when last revising the same. 2. A list of all the new names placed upon the same jury roll at the same revision.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 22.

Mr. Myers to move,—1. That, in the opinion of this House, the railway rates on colonial produce are excessive and unequal, and should be reduced. 2. That the foregoing resolution be communicated by address to his Excellency the Governor.

The INTERCOLONIAL CONFERENCE and the CHINESE QUESTION.

The following is the remonstrance agreed to by the Intercolonial Conference against the action of Western Australia for the introduction of Chinese to that colony:—

"To the Right Honorable the Earl of Kimberley, P.C., &c.

"The undersigned, members of a Conference of all the Australasian Governments, now sitting in Sydney, and the duly accredited representatives of the colonies named after our respective signatures, have the honour to respectfully approach your Lordship as her Most Gracious Majesty's Secretary of State for the Colonies, and to represent to your Lordship certain transactions now taking place in Western Australia, which we consider highly prejudicial to the best interests of her Majesty's free and loyal subjects in this part of the world.

"As a preliminary explanation, we desire to point out that the computed population of the six colonies we represent is over 2,500,000, while the population of the Crown colony of Western Australia is under 30,000 souls. In all the six colonies a strong feeling prevails in opposition to the unrestricted introduction of Chinese, this opposition arising principally from a desire to preserve and perpetuate the British type in the various populations. In several of the colonies stringent measures have been passed at different times to restrict the influx of Chinese immigrants even at their own expense. In Queensland, a law of this restrictive character exists at the present time, in New South Wales a similar bill was passed by the Legislative Assembly not two years ago, though it was subsequently lost in the Legislative Council; and in South Australia a similar measure was twice passed by the House of Assembly last year. The present Conference has been convened to consider, amongst other things, the subject of Chinese immigration, and a resolution has been agreed to "recommending uniform legislation on the part of all the colonies to restrict the influx of Chinese into these colonies."

"It is while sitting in Conference that we learn for the first time that the small and remote colony of Western Australia is introducing Chinese at the public expense. In the *Government Gazette* of that colony, of the 28th December last, the following notice was published:—

"'CHINESE IMMIGRANTS.

"'Colonial Secretary's Office, Perth,
"'28th December, 1880.

"'The Legislature having sanctioned the introduction of Chinese immigrants into the colony at the public expense, the Government is prepared to receive applications from settlers who may be desirous of employing such immigrants as farm labourers, shepherds, gardeners, mechanics, or domestic servants; application to be made in writing on the following form, copies of which may be obtained at the offices of the Colonial Secretary, and the various resident magistrates. Fifty immigrants must be applied for before action can be taken by Government. The immigrants to be taken over from the Government Immigration Agent immediately on arrival, free of expense to the Government.

"'By his Excellency's Command,
"'GIFFORD, Colonial Secretary.'

Name, Occupation, and address of Person requiring Immigrants.	Number of persons required of each description of trade, &c.	Where to be employed.	Period for which employment is guaranteed if immigrant is qualified.	Wages per month offered in addition to food and lodgings to s'tisfa'tion of Gvrnmt.	Remarks.
John Smith, farmer, Albany.	1 rough carpenter 2 shepherds 1 house servant	Kojonup Ditto Albany	One year, certain	£2 5 0 2 0 0 1 15 0	

"We are satisfied that the publication of the fact that the Government of Western Australia is employing the public revenue for the introduction of natives of China to occupy the various avenues of labour—a course never at any time adopted by any of the colonies under Parliamentary government—will create throughout the rest of Australasia a strong feeling of public disapprobation. The objection to the Chinese is not altogether one of prejudice of colour or race, but is founded in a rational view of the dangers to these British communities which might in the course of time flow from a people numbering more than 400,000,000, whose language, laws, religion, and habits of life are alien to those of her Majesty's subjects in Australasia, and whose geographical position makes the danger more imminent.

"If Western Australia persists in her policy it cannot fail to engender among the people of the other colonies a sense of public injury and of resentment, and it is almost certain to lead to the enactment of laws imposing restrictions on communication between her ports and the other Australasian ports. It cannot be expected that the people who object to receiving Chinese immigrants direct from China will submit to their arrival by way of Western Australia. At a time when a disposition is growing up in the colonies to draw more closely together the ties of political relationship, it is a matter for deep regret that the smallest colony of the group should take a course so calculated to cut her off from popular sympathy and to isolate her in her colonizing progress.

"We desire to urge upon your Lordship that the action of the Government of Western Australia cannot be regarded as other than opposed to the common interest in the social advancement of these colonies, and that, if it be continued, it must be attended by consequences which it is highly desirable to avoid; and we join in an earnest hope that her Majesty's Government will take such steps as may be deemed expedient to procure its reversal.

"We have the honour to remain,
"Your Lordship's faithful and obedient servants,
"HENRY PARKES,
Colonial Secretary of New South Wales,
Chairman of Conference.

"GRAHAM BERRY, Chief Secretary.
"WILLIAM M. K. VALE, Attorney-General. } Victoria.
"JAMES WATSON, Colonial Treasurer, } New South Wales.
"THOMAS DICK, Colonial Secretary, } New Zealand.
"WILLIAM MORGAN, Chief Secretary,
"C. MANN, Treasurer, } South Australia.
"A. H. PALMER, Colonial Secretary,
"BOYD D. MOREHEAD, Postmaster-General, } Queensland.
"W. R. GIBLIN, Colonial Treasurer,
"W. MOORE, Colonial Secretary. } Tasmania.

"Colonial Secretary's Office, Sydney, January 25, 1881."

EVICTION POWDER.—According to *St. James's Budget*, "a French chemist asserts that he has concocted a substance by means of which tenants in Ireland or elsewhere, who will not pay their rents, may be evicted without difficulty and without the expenses attendant on legal proceedings. The mixture is in the form of a powder. A small quantity of it sprinkled before sunrise on parts of the land adjacent to the tenant's dwelling will render it absolutely impossible for any human being to remain within half a mile of the spot where the sprinkling has taken place for at least seven days, when the process should, if necessary, be repeated. The effect of the powder is to produce violent nausea and other feelings of so uncomfortable a kind as to be quite unbearable. It is, however, not dangerous to life, and produces no injurious effects on cattle. The chemist offers, for a consideration, if the Great Powers and the Sultan approve, to settle the Dulcigno difficulty in twenty-four hours by means of his powder. He undertakes that the place shall be vacated by the Albanians in that time, and fit for occupation by the Montenegrins ten day later. Under arrangements he is making, Irish landlords will soon be able to buy the powder at any respectable chemist's shop in Dublin at a reasonable price. Land leaguers will, he thinks, also find it useful for the purpose of getting rid of obnoxious agents. If used impartially and in sufficient quantities, it might, indeed, secure some very striking and unexpected results."

YOU are invited to view the valuable Pictures at Farmer and Co.'s, George-street, on sale at reduced prices; also, the Edict of Nehemiah, at the Town Hall.

THE ART OF CONQUEST IS LOST WITHOUT THE ART OF EATING.—A gentleman writes:—"When I feel out of sorts I take a dose of Eno's Fruit Salt one hour before dinner; the effect is all I could wish." How to enjoy good food, that would otherwise cause biliousness, headache, or disordered stomach, use Eno's Fruit Salt. All chemists. Price 2s 9d. [illegible] 4s 6d.—ADV.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—January 27.

Coraki (s.), 300 tons, Captain J. Magee, from Kempsey January 26. Passengers—Mrs. Simon, Mrs. Ryan, Mrs. Regan, Mrs. Sheriffs, Mrs. Willis, Mrs. Groves, Miss Cochrane, Miss F. Cochrane, Miss Patterson, Miss Emmerton, Miss Rafferty, Miss Turner, Rev. C. Willis, Messrs. Regan, Toohey, Carey, Bates, Clark, Hibbard, M'Hugh, Turrell, and 9 in the steerage. C. and R.R.S.N. Co., agents.

Ne Oblie (s.), 222 tons, Captain T. Bishop, from Port Macquarie January 26. Passengers—Messrs. Spence and Liechfield. A. Kethel, agent.

Australian (s.), 300 tons, Captain H. Chudleigh, from Clarence January 26. Passengers—Mrs. Henderson, Mrs. M'Cullan, Mrs. Lloyd, Mrs. Lutton and 3 children, Miss Huntley, Messrs. A. H. How, Mott, M'Cullan, J. Morris, H. Hibbind, J. B. Bapistie, M'Cleod, Smith, Henderson, Master M'Cullan, and 4 in the steerage. Nipper and See, agents.

New England (s.), Captain Bracegirdle, from Grafton January 26. Passengers—Mrs. Northcott, Master Northcott, Messrs. Bennie, Frances, Baillie, Northcott, Smith, Williams, Marshall, Heine, Gibson, Brown, and 1 in the steerage.

DEPARTURES.—January 27.

R.M.S. Hydaspes, for Galle, via Adelaide and Melbourne.
R.M.S. Australia, for San Francisco, via Auckland and Honolulu.
Tasman (s.), for Hobart, via Eden.
Coraki (s.), for Richmond River.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—January 28.

Chimborazo (s.), for London, via Adelaide and Melbourne; James Paterson (s.), for Townsville; Leura (s.), for Melbourne; Wotonga (s.), for Brisbane; Lismore (s.), for Richmond River.

CLEARANCES.—January 27.

R.M.S. Hydaspes, 2984 tons, Captain R. Harvey, for Southampton and Galle, via Melbourne and Adelaide. Passengers—For Southampton: Rev. W. K. and Mrs. Brodribb, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Howell, Miss and Master Howell, Mr. and Miss Moriarty, Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Hogg and infant, Mrs. Duncan Mackay, Misses Mackay (3), Rev. A. Penny, Rev. J. Murphy, Messrs. M'Cabe, D. G. Peele. For Venice: Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Lord, Mr. and Mrs. E. Way, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Want 2 children and governess, Mrs. Lord, Miss Edith Lord, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Docker, Messrs. J. Barlow, A. Fairfax, H. E. Lord, Percy Romer. For Brindisi: His Honor Judge Faucett, Miss Faucett, Mr. John Hart. For Suez: Rev. C. Priddle, Miss F. Priddle, Mrs. G. M'Arthur, Misses M'Arthur (2). For Melbourne: Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Smith infant and nurse, Miss Parry, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Alderson, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Brodribb, Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Snow, Mrs. Inman, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Hoere, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Neild, Mr. and Mrs. Broomfield, Mrs. W. Plunkett, Miss Plunkett, Miss Kyngdon, Messrs. W. P. Plunkett, Sandoz, Dewez, Percy Hordern, J. B. Thallow, W. F. Aitkins, G. Stogdale, Philemspin, Laurie, and Master Hill.

R.M.S. Australia, 3200 tons, Captain Cargill, for San Francisco, via Auckland and Honolulu. Passengers—Saloon to San Francisco: Mr. and Mrs. James Webster, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Woodriff, Mrs. Watson and 6 children, Mr. and Mrs. H. Hudson and Miss Hudson, Mr. and Mrs. G. Brooke, Mr. and Mrs. Bannerman, Mrs. Berry and 6 children, Mrs. Cargill and 2 children, Miss Wallace, Miss M'George, Mrs. Tuttle, Messrs. A. Kenrick, Steel, Caldwell, J. E. Pearson, M'George, D. Bell, A. B. Davis, D. P. M'Ewan, J. Naylor, J. Webster, T. Whitaker, E. Wood, H. Wood, E. C. Woodriff, J. Williamson, and 22 in the steerage. Saloon to Honolulu: Mrs. Pfluget, Miss Purvis. Saloon to Auckland: Mrs. Rathan child and servant, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Holden, Lieut. Jervois, Captain Ferguson, Rev. E. H. Gullwar, Rev. S. W. Baker, Messrs. G. Clifford, W. L. Cunningham, Ellis, Gullwar, S. Brown, and 7 in the steerage.

Tasman (s.), 720 tons, Captain W. D. Lyon, for Hobart, via Eden. Passengers—Mrs. A. Fitzsimons, Mrs. J. E. Fleming, Miss Fleming, Misses White (4), Miss M. Stephens, Messrs. J. E. Fleming, W. B. Carr Icely, J. P. Harris, T. Lewis, W. B. Christie, C. Fischer, Masters W. Jamieson, C. Mainprize, H. Jamieson, E. Poolman, and 10 in the steerage.

COASTERS INWARDS.—January 27.

Jane, from Tomakin, with 17,000 feet timber; Venture, from Newcastle, with 180 tons coal; Heron, from Newcastle, with 144 tons coal; Marie, from Newcastle, with 300 tons coal; Prince Alfred, from Port Stephens, with sundries; Fox, from Broken Bay, with 13 tons firewood; Maid of Australia, from Hawkesbury River, with sundries; Jessie Sinclair, for Manning River, with 87,600 feet timber; Brilliant, from Cape Byron, with timber; Morpeth (s.), from Morpeth, with 80 bales wool, 118 bales hay, 40 bales skins, 145 hides, 142 bags potatoes, 11 bags oysters, 22 bags onions, 87 cases grapes, 83 lambs, 24 cases eggs, 21 casks 11 cases wine, 4 pigs, 12 casks tallow, 25 coops poultry, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—January 27.

Jane, Jessie Sinclair, for Manning River; Venture, Heron, Marie, Brilliant, for Newcastle; Fox, for Broken Bay; Prince Alfred, for Port Stephens; Maid of Australia, for Hawkesbury River.

IMPORTS.

[A special charge is made for consignees' notices in this column.]

Ex British Ambassador: 155 casks Anglo-Bavarian ale—Prate and Harcourt.

Ex Inch Murren: 25 packages frying-pans; 51 furnace-pans; 948 camp-ovens; 745 pots—John Keep, 14, 18, 20, Barrack-st.

Ex British Ambassador: 110 cases Dingo brand galvanized corrugated iron—John Keep, 16, 18, and 20, Barrack-street.

Ex British Ambassador: 200 drums boiled and raw oil; 240 kegs No. 1 white lead; 10 kegs yellow ochre; 40 bundles oakum; 4 casks double-tape; 10 kegs galvanized screws; 1 case Stubb's files; 7 hogsheads holloware; 24 dozen shovels; 2 cases cartridge cases; 1 cask; 4 Down weights; 20 dozen galvanized air bricks, 9 x 6; 24 fire irons; 1 case Turkey stoves; 38 bundles galvanised gas tubing, ½ to 2 inch; 1 cask Bright trace chains; 3 dozen L. H. frypans; 4 casks sad irons; 13 bundles galvanized wire netting; 1 case sash tools; 1 cask assorted hames; 1½ ton bolts and nuts; 1 cask lanterns; 1 cask tin basins and plates; 1 cask rim locks; 1 cask kettle ears, rivets, and gimp pins—Rabone, Feez, and Co.

EXPORTS.—January 26.

Rodondo (s.), for Melbourne: 222 bales wool, 324 bags maize, 26 bags oysters, 135 cases fruit.

January 27.

R.M.S. Hydaspes, for Galle, via Melbourne and Adelaide: 4382 ingots, 30 tons tin, 4 cases meats, 1 case wine, 10 cases butter, 6 cases jams, 9 cases dried fruit, 1 case watches, 13 cases provisions, 4 packages sundries, and 1 box sovereigns (£5000).

R. M. S. Australia, for San Francisco, via Auckland and Honolulu: 36 boxes opium, 88 packages sugar, 19 cases paint, 32 bales wool, 599 ingots tin, 1 case tortoiseshell, 15 cases old tom, 176 cases fruit, 40 cases geneva, 15 cases brandy, 96 cases claret, 20 cases Chablis, 29 cases galvanized iron, 20 cases butter, 152 packages.

Custom House.—Entered Outwards, January 27: City of Melbourne (s.), 615 tons, Captain R. M. Phillips, for Noumea; Leichhardt (s.), 459 tons, Captain J. T. Durrell, for Brisbane, Maryborough, and Rockhampton; Yaralla (s.), 303 tons, for Port Mackay; James Paterson (s.), 387 tons, Captain H. Rowe, for Townsville; Menmuir (s.), 1247 tons, Captain W. Ellis, for Hongkong, via Queensland ports; Leura (s.), 758 tons, Captain John Pain, for Melbourne via Newcastle.

Our postal communication with England is surely up to the requirements of the times, when it is found that two mail ships leave Sydney on the same afternoon, as was the case yesterday. The Hydaspes, which takes the mails via Suez, left the Company's wharf yesterday, shortly after noon, taking with her 78 passengers for various places. The ship cleared the Heads at 1.20 p.m., and steamed southward with a light fair wind. She leaves Melbourne with the mails for Southampton, on February 2. The Pacific mail ship Australia, with mails for Europe via San Francisco, weighed anchor in Sydney Cove at 3 p.m., and as her head pointed seaward, she steamed off without delay of any kind, taking her 87 passengers. The Heads were cleared at 4.30 p.m. The Chimborazo, which leaves to-day, affords another quick means of communication with Europe. She leaves at noon, and up to yesterday 72 passengers were booked by her, making a total of 237 passengers leaving by these three vessels.

The Australian (s.) crossed the Clarence bar at 1.15 p.m. on January 26, and entered Sydney Heads at 8 p.m. on the 27th. Experienced fine weather throughout the passage. Cargo: 1656 bags maize, 1592 bundles bananas, 12 cases eggs, 40 cases 9 coops fowls, 2 cases honey, 3 pigs, 1 wheel, 3 casks bananas, 1 box bananas, 45 bales wool, 1 bale sheepskins, 562 bags bones, 7 casks tallow, 306 bags sugar, 348 ingots tin, 141 hides, and sundries.

The Coraki (s.) crossed the Macleay bar on Wednesday at 5.15 a.m., and arrived in Sydney on Thursday at 7.30 a.m. Experienced light head winds and fine weather throughout. Cargo: 1609 bags maize, 163 bags potatoes, 18 bags barley, 20 bags onions, 74 pigs, 23 hides, 9 cases eggs, 3 bags turnips, 7 bags horns and bones, 3 tins tallow, 3 coops fowls, 2 horses, and sundries.

The Ne Oblie (s.) left Port Macquarie at 5 a.m. on January 26, and arrived in Sydney at 10 a.m. on the 27th; sea smooth. Cargo: 20,000 feet hardwood, 500 bags maize, 40 pigs, 50 hides, 100 cedar boards, 12 casks wine, 4 coops fowls, 6 cases eggs, and sundries.

The New England (s.), left Grafton at 6 a.m. on January 26th; crossed the bar at 2.40 p.m. same day, and entered Sydney Heads at midnight of the 27th instant. Experienced fresh to light south-easterly breezes the first part, and moderate to light N.E. breezes the latter part of the trip; fine weather throughout. She brings the following cargo:—830 bags maize, 202 bags tin ore, 302 ingots tin, 41 bags oysters, 18 bags bones, 27 casks molasses, 355 pockets sugars, 50 casks rum, 3 cases eggs, 2 coops fowls, 141 bunches bananas, 1 horse, 3 casks tallow, 1 parcel gold, and sundries.

The Lady Franklin, schooner, has returned to Newcastle, with loss of fore and main topmast.

The R. M. S. Rohilla left Melbourne yesterday, at 3.50 p.m. for Sydney, and may be expected here to-morrow.

The Liguria (s.) arrived at Plymouth on the 26th instant, thirty-eight days from Adelaide.

The Aconcagua (s.) left Aden for Adelaide, Melbourne, and Sydney, on the 26th instant.

The A.S.N. Co.'s s. Wotonga, which was announced to sail on Saturday for Brisbane, has had her date of departure altered to to-day, at 11 p.m. The alteration is made at the special request of the Queensland delegates.

The Leichhardt (s.) has had her sailing date postponed until to-day.

The James Paterson (s.), for Townsville, will leave on Saturday instead of Friday, as announced.

The following passengers are booked for the Chimborazo (s.), which leaves to-day at noon, for London, via Melbourne and Adelaide. Saloon to London: Rev. J. Rutherford, Messrs. Enoch Taylor and N. D. Davis. For Melbourne: Mr. and Mrs. D. Mills and Mr. and Mrs. Wilkinson. Second-class to London: Mr. and Mrs. Toni, Messrs. A. F. West, H. Haines, W. Gorton, George Lamereux, and 59 third-class and steerage.

The mails dispatched, per Pacific Mail steamship Australia, via San Francisco, consisted of 119 bags, exclusive of 61 sealed mails from other colonies, particulars as under:—For New Zealand, 1044 letters, 19 books, 927 newspapers; Fiji, 108 letters, 267 newspapers; Honolulu, 100 letters, 10 books, 209 newspapers; San Francisco, 2124 letters, 70 books, 2570 newspapers; other ports of America, &c., 8 letters; Canada, 900 letters, 10 books, 107 newspapers; Panama, 34 letters, 1 book, 24 newspapers; Vancouver's Island, 18 letters, 2 books, 18 newspapers; Liverpool, 1443 letters, 6 books, 160 newspapers; Dublin, 1197 letters, 20 books, 1650 newspapers; Glasgow, 1342 letters, 35 books, 2225 newspapers; London, 3927 letters, 207 books, 9625 newspapers: total, 12,840 letters, 380 book, 17,682 newspapers.

Passengers per Gulf of Finland (s.), Captain G. J. Allan, from London December 15, for Adelaide (Semaphore), Melbourne, and Sydney:—Mr. Arthur W. Bateman, Mrs. Bateman, infant and nurse, Mr. Sidney Stuart Clayton, Mr. W. Cox, Mrs. Cox, Dr. Alexander, Dr. Jackson Cross, and Mr. E. M. Mount. Per Peshawur (s.), Captain D. Rennoldson, from Southampton December 15:—From Suez to Melbourne: Mr. and Mrs. Cox, son and daughter, and Miss Harwood; from Southampton: Miss C. L. Hart; for Sydney: Mr. H. Salomons, Mrs. Salomons, Miss Salomons and maid, Mr. and Mrs. Fairfax, Miss Fairfax, Master Fairfax, Miss Graham, Mr. and Mrs. Fairey and infant, Miss Swinson and servant, and Mr. and Mrs. Tait. Per Indus, Captain S. D. Shallard, to leave Southampton December 22:—For Sydney: Mr. and Mrs. Severne and 2 children, Miss Severne and servant, Mr. and Mrs. W. Friend, Miss Friend, 2 children, 2 sons and servant, Mr. Main, and Mr. and Mrs. James Robertson. From Suez to Sydney: Mr. O. Langtry. Suez to Glenelg: Mr. Archer and Miss Archer. Melbourne: Mrs. Irving and child, and Mr. Christie.

By telegraph from New Zealand we learn that, yesterday, the Silver Cloud, three-masted schooner, 291 tons, belonging to Napier, and just arrived at that port from Newcastle with a cargo of coals, has parted her warps at the wharf there, and has driven ashore. Her stern-post is started, and she is nearly full of water.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORTS.—January 27.

South Australia: Cloudy weather prevails on south coast, with strong southerly winds, rising barometers, and rough sea; no rain. Victoria: No telegrams. New South Wales: Fine at majority of stations, cloudy at Sydney, and N.W. on the inland slopes of mountains about Dubbo, Mudgee, and Cassilis; smooth ... fresh N.E. winds, and rising barometers on coast: heavy sea at Eden and Gabo Island; for rainfall see weather map. Queensland: Fine with fresh S. wind, rising barometers, moderate sea; rain at Brisbane, 0·100. Victoria: No telegrams. New South Wales: Deniliquin, N.W., storm coming up, temperature 92°; Goulburn, N.W., fine, temperature 78°; Forbes, N., cloudy, temperature 94°; Eden, N., 28, fine, heavy sea, 75°; Cape George, N.E., 42, threatening, moderate sea, temperature 73°; Sydney, N.E., 12, dull, smooth sea, temperature 73°; Newcastle, N.E., cloudy, smooth sea; Port Macquarie, N.E., 56, fine, smooth sea, temperature 79°. State of Rivers.—Murrumbidgee: At Wagga, 2 inches below summer level. Murray: At Albury, 11 inches above summer level.

Astronomical Memoranda for January 28.—Sun rises at 5.19, sets at 7.7; Moon rises at 3.10 a.m., sets at 5.14 p.m.; Mercury, 5.20 a.m., 7.14 p.m.; Venus, 3.37 a.m., 9.15 p.m.; Mars, 3.6 a.m., 5.22 p.m.; Jupiter, 10.41 a.m., 10.15 p.m.; Saturn, 11.10 a.m., 10.39 p.m. New moon, 1st; full moon, 15th; new moon, 30th.

TELEGRAPHIC SHIPPING NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

NEWCASTLE.—January 27.

Arrived.

Lady Franklin returned to port, with loss of fore and main topmast.
Shannon, Fiji, Vindex, New Caledonia, Turtle, from Lake Macquarie.
Coonanbara (s.), Wentworth (s.), Lubra (s.), Leura (s.), Norman, Duckenfield (s.), Saxonia (s.), from Sydney.

Sailed.

Especulador, for Lyttelton.
Maitland (s.), Waratah (s.), Prompt, Amy, Scotia, City of Brisbane (s.), for Sydney.

BALLINA.—January 27.

Arrived.

Neptune, from Sydney.

Sailed.

Lismore (s.), for Sydney.

CLARENCE HEADS.—January 27.

Arrived.

City of Grafton (s.) and Richmond (s.), from Sydney.

BRISBANE.—January 27.

Arrived.

Alexandra (s.), Keilawarra (s.), from Sydney.
Katoomba (s.), from Cooktown.
Derwent (s.), from Rockhampton.
Southern Belle, barque, from Adelaide.
The Mennock, barque, from London, arrived at Cape Moreton last night.
The Egmont (s.), from Sydney, arrived at Rockhampton this morning.
The Elamang (s.), for Cooktown, arrived at Port Douglas at noon to-day.

Sailed.

Corea (s.), for Cooktown, via way ports.

PORT PHILLIP HEADS.—January 27.

Arrived.

South Australian (s.), Claud Hamilton (s.), from Adelaide.
You Yangs (s.), from Melbourne.

Sailed.—January 26.

Firefly, brig, for Newcastle.
City of Adelaide (s.), Macedon (s.), for Sydney.
Arawata (s.), for New Zealand.

January 27.

Granite State, ship, for London.
R. M. S. Rohilla, for Sydney, at 3.50 p.m.

ADELAIDE.—January 27.

Arrived.

Victorian (s.), from Melbourne.
Glenelg (s.), from Sydney.
Taramung (s.), from Newcastle.

FOREIGN SHIPPING.

(Per Merchant Shipping and Underwriters' Association, Limited.)

LONDON, Jan. 26.

Arrived.—Liguria (s.), from Sydney December 16, Melbourne December 18, Adelaide December 19.

SYDNEY HEADS.

Date.	Time.	Wind.	Remarks.
January 27.	8.30 a.m.	Calm.	Fine and clear.
	Noon.	N.E.	Light and fine.
	5 p.m.	N.E.	Ditto and ditto.

High water at Fort Denison, January 28: 8.23 a.m., 7.5 p.m.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Thursday Evening.

Business in the Stock and Share market is very slack. Few transactions were reported to-day. In Banks, Joint Stock had buyers at 17, sellers at 17½; for City 12¾ asked, 12½ offered; Commercial held for 108, buyers at 106, new issue wanted at 98; for Mercantile 6 offered, 6½ asked; New South Wales obtainable at 57, buyers at 56½; New Zealand held for the advanced quotation of 23, buyers at 22½; 22 offered for shares on Queensland register; for Union 68½ offered, but no sellers; Queensland National had buyers at 8, sellers 8½. In Steam, Australasian had sellers at 19, buyers at 18½; Clarence and Richmond had buyers at 4, but no sellers; 14½ asked for preferent stock, 13 offered; Hunter River were held for 10, buyers at 9; Illawarra had sellers at 6½, buyers at 6¼; North Shore wanted for 17s. 6d., but no sellers. In Insurance, Australian General were sold at 90s., with sellers at close at 92s., for City Mutual, 1s. asked, 8d. offered; Mercantile Mutual had buyers at 1s. 3d., sellers 1s. 8d.; for Pacific 72s. asked, 69s. offered; Sydney Fire wanted at 84s., but there were no sellers; Sydney Marine were held for 40s., buyers at 37s. 6d.; for United 48s. offered without finding sellers; Australian Mutual had buyers at 9s. 3d. New South Wales Shale and Oil were obtainable at 10s., buyers at 9s. 6d. Australian Gaslight wanted at 14½, sellers at 15—for new shares 6 offered. Sydney Exchange had buyers at 9½, but no sellers. Volunteer land orders were quitted at 135, with buyers afterwards at the same figure, sellers at 136. In Coal, Bulli had sellers at 12, ex div., but no buyers; for Wallsend, 12½ paid ex div., buyers afterwards at the same; Waratah were held for 7, buyers at 6½; Vale of Clwydd held for 17s., buyers at 16s. 6d. Great Cobar Copper had sellers at 82s., buyers at 81s. For Star of Peace, 5s. 6d. asked, 5s. offered. Funded stock and debentures were unchanged.

We are authorised to state that it is the intention of the directors of the A. S. N. Co. to declare a dividend at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum for the past half-year.

The half-yearly meeting of the Newcastle Wallsend Company was held to-day at noon, Mr. M. Metcalfe in the chair. It appeared that there was from last half-year a balance of £7077; profit on sale to 31st December, £10,319, and receipts from traffic, £1445; making in all, £18,841; from which had been written off pit, rolling-stock, &c., £5497; added to reserve, £400; leaving £12,948, from which the directors declared a dividend of 10s. per share, amounting to £5000, and carry forward £7948 to next half-year. The report was adopted. Messrs. R. C. Close, George Ferguson, W. H. Paling, and Frederick Perks were elected directors. Mr. W. H. Chater was elected shareholders' auditor, and Mr. J. C. Taylor professional auditor.

The half-yearly meeting of the Pyrmont Bridge Company was held this afternoon, Mr. R. A. A. Morehead in the chair. The report showed that the bridge receipts for the half year had been £3553; interest on deposit, £12; and balance for last half year, £809; making together £4374. The expenses had been £829, leaving £3545, which the directors recommended should be appropriated—£1730 5s. to payment of a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, £1000 to reserve, leaving £816 to be carried forward. The Hon. Professor Smith, M.L.C., was re-elected a director, and Mr. C. W. Roberts was elected an auditor.

At a special general meeting of the Star of Peace Gold-mining Company, held this afternoon, at which more than 69,000 shares were represented, it was unanimously resolved that the directors should be authorised to send one of their number or an agent to England or otherwise to raise money to carry on the business and objects of the company by the sale of shares to the extent and as provided by resolutions passed at special general meeting of 10th June last; or, if they find it necessary or desirable, absolutely to dispose of the property of the company. And the shareholders sanctioned the appointment of Mr. Alfred Fairfax, empowering him to exercise full discretion, and act as possessing complete authority in the matter.

The half-yearly meeting of the Amelia Gold Mining Company was held to-day. Mr. J. G. O'Connor in the chair. The report was adopted. The directors and auditors were re-elected. Confidence in the prospects of the mine was expressed.

The report of the Southern Insurance Company shows that the net premiums for the half-year ended 31st December had been £20,347; interest and rent, £2386; which, together with last half-year's balance, made £48,847. The expenditure had been:—Losses, £15,821; expenses, £1686; depreciation of furniture, £18; leaving a balance of £31,321, from which the directors propose a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent., absorbing £2500, that £5000 be placed to reserve, and £23,821 be carried forward.

The half-yearly meetings of the Parramatta Gas and the Brisbane Tin Companies will be held to-morrow.

The Import markets had a quiet tone, and there was but little business done to-day. The auction sale of groceries to-day was of an unimportant character, there being no line to test the market. Breadstuffs were unchanged. There was a little more inquiry for medium to fine teas, and sales are noted at from 52s. 6d. to 70s. per half-chest. Dried fruits are still scarce in some lines, but the demand has slackened. A shipment of Elemes, to arrive, was quitted at 8d. A scarcity of several lines of fish is noted, especially ling and sardines. Good ling is selling in trade lines at 6½d.; albert sardines are quoted at 5s. 6d., and 8s. 6d., quarters and halves: Cook's salmon selling at 8s.; Coward's pickles are moving off at 7s. 3d.; salad oil was sold—half-pints 5s. 3d., and pints 9s.; Colman's mustard had some inquiry at 5s. 4½d. In chemicals, we note sales of tartaric acid in trade lines at 2s. 1d., in jars; and cream of tartar, in kegs, at 1s. 4½d. In metals, we hear of the quittance of a line of wire nails at a full figure. The sale of No. 10 White Cross wire, to arrive, at £17 10s., is reported. Galvanised iron is selling at late rates, with a firm market. In liquors, a London telegram has been received by a private firm stating that Lowndes' rum has gone up to 3s., a price relatively higher than that ruling in the colony. Here, however, the market is firmer, at 3s. 5d. to 3s. 6d. Burnett's old tom, in bond, was quitted at 11s. 6d., and a line of Dunville's whisky, f. o. b., at 17s. 1½d. Cornsacks are selling at 10s. 6d. There is but little change in the state of the produce market, and there is not much prospect of prices improving for some time. Lucerne hay is coming forward in very large quantities, and, notwithstanding that the quality generally is fair, it is only with difficulty that sales can be effected, and at prices that the farmer will scarcely rejoice over. Quotations are from £2 10s. to £2 15s. Some oaten was received this morning from the Hunter River, but there was no demand for it, even at from £2 10s. to £3. There is no straw in the market. Maize is in fair supply, but a great deal of it is inferior, and while 3s. can be obtained for prime, as low as 2s. has had to be submitted to for weevily sorts. Potatoes show no sign of animation; owing to the large supplies to hand Warrnambool are quoted at £3 10s., and Hunter River at from £1 5s. to £2 15s.; Victorian onions, £5 to £5 10s.—Hunter River, £4 to £5; butter, best, 5d.; bacon, 4d. to 6d.; cheese, 4d. to 8d.; hams, 6d. to 9d.; eggs, 1s. to 1s. 3d. per dozen; fowls, 2s. to 2s. 9d. per pair; ducks, 3s. to 3s. 6d.; geese, 5s. 6d. to 6s. 6d.; turkey-cocks, 10s. to 12s.; turkey-hens, 6s. to 9s.; millet brooms, good demand, 9s. to 10s. 6d.

Auction sales of wool and sheepskins were held to-day, and for the catalogues submitted there was active competition, with the result that late rates were obtained. Mr. John Bridge sold, among other lots, K, 17 greasy at 9½d.; JD, 13 at 8d.; M Hayes, 5 fleece at 16½d. Among the lots offered by Mr. F. L. Barker were:—E over AMK, 6 greasy at 9d.; H over AMK, 5 at 9d. Messrs. Maiden, Hill, and Clark's catalogue comprised —RH conjoined, 202 bales greasy at 9½d.; RW, 5 at 8½d.; SJK over Pamerman, 15 at 8d.; MTK over Wingidgeon, 9 at 8d.; MU over C, 5 at 8d.; TG over Collingwood, 5 scoured pieces at 18½d.; HKD over Burnett, 21 greasy at 7½d. Sheepskins realized up to 6½d.

At the fat stock sales to-day, about 900 cattle were yarded. The advance obtained on Monday was maintained, and best beef was quitted at up to 14s. per 100 lbs. About 8500 sheep were penned, and 60-lb. wethers brought 9s. to 9s. 6d.; 54-lbs., 8s. 3d. to 8s. 6d.

The light portion of the P. and O. Co.'s mail, with London dates to 17th December, arrived to-day. Commenting on the money market, Mr. W. Westgarth says that the 4 per cent. Queensland, Tasmania, South Australia, Victoria, and New South Wales, had within the month touched respectively the prices of 99¼, 101, 102½, 103¼, and 104¾, and constituted a stage of market appreciation which had never before been attained. Even including, as these prices did, nearly 6 months' coupon or about 1¾ per cent., they were still so high as to warrant the ambitious project of a rate of interest still lower than 4 per cent. Already it was understood that the next New South Wales loan, which was expected so soon as next month, might be at 3½ per cent. These stocks were reported to be fairly steady at ¼ to 1 per cent. lower than the culminating values. The striking feature of the market had been the advance of the New South Wales Fours to 104¾. This colony's stocks, after some alternations with those of Victoria, decidedly headed the list of this class in the London market, the high position having been attained by the colony's comparative financial prosperity. Bank of Australasia were quoted at 79-81; English, Scottish, and Australian Chartered Bank at 23½, 24½; New South Wales, 57-59; New Zealand, 22, 23; Oriental, 19½, 20½; Queensland National, 3½-3¾, pm.; Union, 65½, 66½. From Messrs. Charles Balme and Co.'s wool report we learn that 123,974 bales were catalogued during the series of sales terminating on the 13th December. Of these 21,891 were Sydney. 16,000 bales were held over for future realization, 7500 of which were Australian. It was estimated that 50,000 bales had been taken for export. The French trade had not been very numerously represented. The fluctuations had been generally very unimportant, and the quotations for most descriptions had ruled substantially within a shade of the prices paid during the latter portion of the preceding series. The lower grades of crossbred produce suffered a sensible decline shortly after the opening, but in all other respects the results of the auctions for Australian wools had established but little quotable change in the position of our article. A prominent feature of the sales had been the arrival of 17,000 bales of new Australian clip, which for the first time had reached the market at that period in anything like an appreciable supply. Of the latter, as far as an opinion can be formed on the shipments offered, it is said that, with few exceptions, their merits would not compare favourably with those of the produce of the previous clip. The bulk of the Port Phillip and New South Wales shipments was somewhat starved and shorter in staple, in many instances tender, and not infrequently heavier and more faulty. The Adelaide flocks were comparatively sounder and better grown, though not perhaps lighter in condition. Messrs. Good, Rigg, and Co. report that the demand for Australian tallow had been extremely good at the three sales since previous report, and out of 9022 bales catalogued 7771 were sold. At the last sale, on the 17th, good to fine mutton realized 34s. 3d. to 35s. 3d., a few casks very fine 36s., and fair to fine beef 32s. 6d. to 33s. 3d. per cwt.; inferior descriptions were much wanted and brought very extreme rates. The market for salted hides had been very quiet and sales unimportant. Sydney hides were quoted up to 5¼ for first, heavy 5d. Leather had been in a little better request, though the demand was by no means active. Best tannages were worth 11d. to 11½d. per lb., and ordinary and fair 10½d. to 10¾d. per lb. Nothing of importance had been done in basils. 150 bales of rabbit skins were offered at auction on the 8th December, of which 66 bales were sold at a decline of 1d. per lb. The prices paid were—fair to good 1s. 6d. to 1s. 10d., and middling to fair 1s. 2d, to 1s. 5½d per lb. Mimosa Bark: The market has been quiet, and prices must be quoted 10s. per ton lower. Messrs. Flack, Chandler, and Co. reported an advance in the price of horns and heaviest Sydney ox, 14¾ oz. average went up to 44s. per 100 lbs. Good shankbones were slacker, and sold at £10 10s. to £12 12s. 6d. per ton; common bones, £5 to £6 10s; hoofs, £6 to £12 15s. Hair: Superior horse tail, 1s. 8¾d. to 2s. 2¼d.; cow, 8d. to 1s. 2½d. The market for cocoanut oil had been dull for the former, and prices had ruled in buyers' favour; there was no Sydney oil offering. Copra had been slow of sale without material change in value, though the tendency had been to easier prices; fair to good Sydney, in bags, were quoted at £17 10s. to £18, and inferior £16 to £17 per ton. From Mr. E. Hawkins' metal circular of the 16th December we learn that tinplates, IC coke, were quoted at 18s.; zinc, £21 per ton; English pig lead, £15 to £15 5s.; sheet lead, £15 10s. From Messrs. Hale and Son's produce circular of the 16th December we learn that at the sales on the 14th the light supplies of pearlshell went off quietly, with but slight variation in prices. Sydney: Of 154 cases offered, 114 cases sold at firm prices; medium and bold selected, mostly good colour, part slightly mixed, £7 15s. to £8 5s.; two lots, £6 15s. to £8 17s. 6d.; oysters and small part yellow-edged, £8 15s. to £9 2s. 6d.; rough wormy and blistered pickings, £3 17s. 6d. to £5 17s. 6d.; bad ditto, £3 7s. 6d.; dead, £3 to £3 10s.; broken, £5 2s. 6d. to £5 12s. 6d. per cwt. Freemantle were limited to 9 casks old import, which sold at about 10s. per cwt. advance; medium and bold, selected, £8 to £8 5s. per cwt. Black-edged were irregular, but previous prices were about maintained: Of 111 cases offered (of which 77 cases were old import) only 42 cases were sold—Tahiti, mixed sizes, £5 7s. 6d.; Auckland, good mixed sizes, £5; Sydney, good mixed sizes, 77s. 6d. to 80s.; a few inferior, at 69s. to 72s. 6d. per cwt. Green ear shells: Common qualities are almost unsalable, and of 176 casks and cases offered 78 casks, &c., sold at a considerable reduction; good bold selected good colour, 1s. 1d., with one lot 1s. 2d.; medium and bold part, slightly coated, 9d., with one lot 10d., and one lot medium at 6d. per dozen. Ivory nuts remain neglected, and 88 tons 288 bags were withdrawn without offers. Tortoise-shell—Sydney: 5 cases sold, one lot, fine mottled sorts, 24s.; chicken to medium, 18s. to 17s.; scabby and defective pickings, 6s. 6d. to 9s.; low ditto, 3s. 3d. to 5s. 6d. per lb.

The following is Messrs. Hunt and Abraham's report of the dried fruit market, under date London, 17th December:—

"Currants: The trade has been, during the last month, extremely dull, and prices have declined some 2s. per cwt. This applies to the home demand, the requirements for export being above the average. There is a fair selection of sound fruit now obtainable, and as the price is moderate, good business should result. Stocks, about 15,000 tons against 22,500 tons, 1879. Raisins: Elémes have been in fair demand at firm rates. The fruit is better in size than the early arrivals. Supplies very short. Valencias: Large home trade doing at extreme prices for common fruit, the better qualities have not advanced, and show better value. Very fair parcels fit for export. Sultanas: Large arrivals by the Petrarch have for the moment supplied a large market. Prices dropped at first, but are now recovering, and with the large home trade doing, scanty shipments advised, and short supplies, there is little chance of any immediate decline. Shipments have been very light to the colonies. Stocks, about 700 tons against 1500 last year. Muscatels: Good value still to be had in boxes. Fruit very good at moderate figures. No half or quarter boxes to be obtained. Figs: Sound fruit in 1-lb. boxes very scarce, and likely to be. This article with discrimination in selecting (for there are a good many unsound parcels about) should be worth attention."

The following is a return of produce received at Darling Harbour station, per rail, for the week ending 27th January:—Wheat, 767 bags; flour, 1700 bags; maize, 226 bags; potatoes, 479 bags; bran, 162 bags; hay, 174 trucks; chaff, 5 trucks; wool, 1802 bales; sheepskins, 91 bundles; butter, 289 kegs, 49 cases; cheese, 45 cases; bacon, 51 packages; eggs, 178 cases.

The R. M. S. Hydaspes sailed yesterday for Galle via Melbourne and Adelaide, with 4382 ingots, 30 tons tin, 4 cases meats, 1 case wine, 10 cases butter, 6 cases jams, 9 cases dried fruit, 1 case watches, 13 cases provisions, 4 packages sundries, and 1 box sovereigns, valued at £5000, shipped by the Oriental Bank.

The R. M. S. Australia also sailed yesterday for San Francisco via Auckland and Honolulu, with 31 boxes opium, 88 packages sugar, 19 cases paint, 32 bales wool, 599 ingots tin, 1 case tortoiseshell, 15 cases old tom, 176 cases fruit, 40 cases geneva, 15 cases brandy, 96 cases claret, 20 cases chablis, 29 cases galvanized iron, 20 cases butter, and 152 packages.

The Customs duties received to-day were as follows:—Spirits, £1106 1s. 7d.; wine (still), £93; wine (sparkling), £2; ale, porter, and beer (in wood), £78 15s.; ditto (in bottle), £24 18s. 9d.; tobacco (unmanufactured), £61 9s.; cigars, £25 6s. 3d.; tea, £322 15s. 3d.; coffee and chicory, 16s. 3d.; sugar (refined), £1 1s. 4d.; ditto (unrefined), £149 13s. 2d.; molasses, £1 15s.; hops, £121 16s. 9d.; sarsaparilla, £54 7s. 6d.; specific duty, £947 6s. 11d.; pilotage, £86 7s. 8d.; harbour and light dues, £81 13s.: total, £3159 3s. 5d.

LATEST COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 26.

3 per cent. Consols, 99¼.

Market rate of discount, 3½.

5 per cent. New South Wales Loan (1895-1902), 110; 5 per cent. New South Wales Loan, with 2 cent. annual drawings (1872-1898), 105; 4 per cent. New South Wales Loan (1903-1905), 101; 5 per cent. Victorian Loan (1894), 110; 4 per cent. Victorian Loan (1899-1901), 99½; 4½ per cent. Victorian Debentures (1904), 105; 4 per cent. South Australian (1894-1916), 99; 4 per cent. Queensland (1913-1915), 96½; 6 per cent. Tasmanian (1893-1901), 115; 5 per cent. New Zealand 10-40 Loan, 102; 5 per cent. New Zealand Loan (1889), 107½; 4½ per cent. New Zealand Loan (1879-1904), 99¼.

Tin: Straits and Australian, £90 10s. per ton; steady.

Copper: £72 per ton, quiet.

Adelaide wheat, per 496 lbs., ex warehouse, 50s. Adelaide flour, per 280 lbs., ex warehouse, 34s. New Zealand wheat (ex ship), per quarter, 45s.

Tallow: Best Australian beef, 34s. 6d. per cwt.; best Australian mutton, 37s. 6d. per cwt.

Copra, £16.

Hennessy's and Martell's brandy, 11s.

Pig iron: No. 1, f. o. b., 55s.; galvanized iron, £17 10s.

MINING REPORT.

Krohmann's Amalgamated Gold-Mining Company (Limited).—The mining manager reports under date Hill End, January 25:—"Perpendicular shaft has been sunk a further depth of 4 feet, making present depth 720 feet. Have cut two small quartz leaders, but not gold bearing, sinking through hard diorite. Underhand and back stoping new vein from 628 feet level, vein taken down in back stopes; it is from 5 to 6 inches, showing fine gold through the stone. Vein in underhand stopes taken down; it is over 7 inches thick, showing fine gold in places. Since last report, underlay shaft has been sunk a further depth of 8 feet below the stopes, vein taken down it shows fair gold at bottom of underlay, and expect next breaking down to show payable gold. 16 tons of quartz have been raised from this level, making 18 tons of stone at surface. Shallow levels stoping out on east vein at 80 feet. Driving in a stope south on west vein at 235 feet level. 7 tons of quartz have been raised from these levels; it looks over 1 oz. per ton."

Union Jack Gold Mining Co.—The mining manager's report:—"During the past week the main shaft north has been sunk a further depth of 11 feet, making 136 feet from surface; no special change in country. The crosscut from south shaft is extended east a distance of 38 feet, with strong quartz leaders carrying gold making in the face."

HORSE AND STOCK SALES.

Messrs. Brunker and Wolfe held an important sale of horses at their yards, Campbell's Hill, West Maitland, on Tuesday last. The stock offered comprised consignments from the well-known studs of Mr. W. J. Dangar, Neotsfield; Mr. Thomas Cook, Turanville; Messrs. W. and C. Durham, Wombo; Mr. R. G. Yeomans, Belford; Mr. James M'Cormick, Clevedon; and Mr. James Kelman, Kirkton. The buyers in attendance came from all parts of the colony. About 158 head were sold, the sale realized £2400.

Messrs. Sullivan and Simpson report having sold by private contract, on account of Mr. A. H. M'Culloch, 14,000 maiden ewes delivered on his Colane Station, viz.: 3600 at 9s. per head, and 10,400 at 7s. per head—terms, cash. Mr. James Tyson, purchaser.

Messrs. Pitt, Son, and Badgery report having sold the following high-class Riverina ewes and rams for Messrs. T. and S. Learmonth, of Groongal—4000 ewes, 2-tooth, a run of the flock, at £1 1s.; 200 stud ewes, rising 2-tooth, a run of the first-class stud flock, at £5 5s.; 400 rams, rising 2-tooth (comprising the whole of the Sale rams from the pure flock), at £5 5s.; 13,500 ewes, rising 6 and 7 years, all of the age, for delivery after shearing in October next, at 10s. For Messrs. Angus Robertson and Brothers, of Yarrabee Park, 12,000 ewes, rising 5 years, all of the age; and 500 ewes, rising 6 years, ditto, for delivery after shearing in October next, at 10s.; for Mr. Thomas Baillie, of Benerembah, 6300 ewes, rising 4, 5, and 6 years, all of the age for delivery after shearing in October next, at 9s.; for Messrs. Mills, Neilson, and Smith, of Wardry, 5000 ewes, rising 5 years, all of the age for delivery after shearing in October next, at 9s.; for Messrs. M'Gaw and Co., of Burrabogie, 200 rams, rising 2-tooth, at £4 4s.; for Messrs. Swift and Hann, 14,000 ewes, 2, 4, and 6 tooth, at 9s. 6d.; also 4000 store wethers, on Liverpool Plains.

THE MAILS.

Mails will be made up at the General Post Office, for the undermentioned places, as follows:—

For Melbourne.—Overland, daily, at 6.30 p.m.
For Adelaide.—Overland, via Melbourne, daily, at 6.30 p.m.
For Hobart and Launceston.—Overland to Melbourne, and thence per steamer, daily, at 6.30 p.m.
For Manning River.—By the Diamantina (s.), this day, at 4 a.m.
For Brisbane, Maryborough, and Rockhampton.—By the Leichardt (s.), this day, at 4 p.m.
For Richmond River.—By the Lismore (s.), this day, at 5 p.m.
For Brisbane.—By the Wotonga (s.), this day, at 6 p.m.
For Gosford.—By the Pelican (s.), this day, at 8 p.m.
For Merimbula.—By the Kiama (s.), this day, at 8 p.m.
For Noumea, New Caledonia.—By the City of Melbourne (s.), on Saturday, at 11 a.m.
For United Kingdom and Continent of Europe.—Overland to Melbourne, and thence per Chimborazo, on Saturday, at 5.30 p.m.
For Southern Ports of New Zealand, via Melbourne and Bluff.—Overland to Melbourne, and thence per Rotomahana (s.), on Saturday, at 6 p.m.
For Grafton.—By the New England (s.), and Australian (s.), on Saturday, at 8 p.m.
For Macleay River.—By the Queen of the South (s.), on Monday, at 8 p.m.

DISPATCH OF MAILS PER ORIENT STEAMSHIP CHIMBORAZO FROM MELBOURNE.

Mails for the United Kingdom, via Naples and Plymouth, and Continent of Europe, will be made up at this office on Saturday, January 29, 1881, closing at 5.30 p.m., to catch the Orient Company's steamship Chimborazo, which leaves Melbourne on Tuesday, February 1, 1881. The following rates of postage will be charged on letters, viz.:—United Kingdom, via Plymouth, 6d. per half-ounce; via Naples, 8d. per half-ounce. Correspondence intended for dispatch by this mail must be specially endorsed "Per Chimborazo," otherwise it will not be forwarded.

General Post Office, January 24th, 1881.

DISPATCH OF MAILS FOR THE UNITED KINGDOM, CONTINENT OF EUROPE, INDIA, CHINA, AND OTHER PLACES, PER HYDASPES, FROM MELBOURNE.

Mails, containing letters, packets, and newspapers, will be made up at this office, and forwarded overland to Melbourne, Monday, January 31, 1881. Mails will close as follows:—
Registered letters at 4.30 p.m.
Unregistered letters at 5.30 p.m.
Newspapers and packets at 4.30 p.m.
Late letters for the United Kingdom, via Brindisi, will be received at the General Post Office up to 6 p.m. Late fee, 6d.

Important Sale by auction, this day, at 11 o'clock, of very superior household furniture and effects; also, at 2 p.m., Southdown sheep, lambs, milch cow, carts, harness; on the premises, Greesen Cottage, Parramatta Road, Petersham, by Bradley, Newton, and Lamb.

ABSTRACT of SALES by AUCTION THIS DAY.

G. KISS.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, Vehicles, &c.; at Camperdown, at 2, Horses.
T. COSGROVE.—At the Bazaar, at 12, Horses, Vehicles, &c.
W. INGLIS and CO.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, Vehicles, &c.
W. INGLIS.—At Railway, at 12, Calves, Pigs, &c.; at 2, Dairy Produce.
DENT and HOSKIN.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, &c.; at 11, Wood.
F. L. BARKER.—At his Produce Stores, at 10.30, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow.
ELLIS and CO.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, &c.; at 11, Wood; at their Yards, at 12, Pigs, Calves, &c.; at 1, Dairy Produce, &c.; at 4, Hides, &c.
S. PROCTER.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, &c.; at 11, Wood; at his Mart, at 12, Calves, Lambs, &c.; at 3, Dairy Produce, Tallow, &c.
MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK.—At their Produce Stores, at 9, Hair, &c.; at 10.30, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow.
MORT and CO.—At their Produce Stores, at 9, Horns, &c.; at 10.30, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow; at their Wool Warehouses, at 2, Sheepskins; at 2.30, Wool.
H. VAUGHAN.—On the Ground, Clarence-street, at 3, Building Materials, &c.
S. S. JOEL and CO.—On the premises, Oxford-street, Fancy Goods, Glassware, Scales, &c.
J. RODD.—At the Rooms, at 11, Fancy Goods, Jewellery, Cutlery, &c.
FRASER and CO.—On the premises, De Mestre-place, off George-street, at 11, Stock and Machinery of a Confectionery Establishment.
J. LAZARUS and CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Electroplated-ware, Cutlery, &c.
HARRIS and ACKMAN.—At the Rooms, at 11, Fancy Goods, Bags, &c.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB.—On the premises, Giessen Cottage, Petersham, at 11, Furniture, Pianoforte, &c.; at 2.30, Sheep, Cows, &c.; at Park View-terrace, Bourke-street, at 11, Furniture, &c.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.—At the Rooms, at 11.30, Houses Miller's Point, Haymarket, St. Leonards, Missenden Road, Waterloo, Burwood; Land, Five Dock Bay, Darlington, Elizabeth-street South, Bringelly; Houses and Land, Enfield.
R. J. HUGHES and CO.—On the premises, Bourke-street, at 11, Household Furniture and Effects.
DUNN and GOULD.—On the premises, Elizabeth-street, Waterloo, at 10, Household Furniture and Effects; at their Rooms, at 2, Clothing, Books, &c.
COULTER and GORREL.—At the Corporation Yards, at 12, Pigs, Calves.
PALMER and THOMPSON.—At their Rooms, at 11, Milton Farm, Numbugga.
J. BRIDGE.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Bran, Pollard, &c.; at his Stores, at 10.30, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow.
HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN.—At their Produce Stores, at 9, Hides, &c.; at 10.30, Calfskins, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow.
C. MOORE and CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Drapery, Clothing.
A. MOORE and CO.—At their Mart, at 11, Household Furniture, &c.; on the premises, Hutchinson-street, Moore Park, at 11, Household Furniture, &c.
WELLS and SMITH, BROTHERS.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, May, Straw, &c.; at 11, Wood, &c.; at their Yards, at 2, Pigs, Calves, &c.; at 2.30, Dairy Produce; at 3.15, Fruit.
LAVERACK and CO.—On the premises, Wexford-street, Haymarket, at 11, Household Furniture and Effects.
BRUNKER and WOLFE.—At their Wool Stores, at 11, Hair, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow.

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Special Advertisements.

BURWOOD VILLA SITES.
BURWOOD BUILDING LAND.
The best Sites for Villas and Cottages will be sold at auction, on the Ground, NEXT SATURDAY, at 3 o'clock.
THE LAND is within 4 or 5 minutes' walk of the Railway Station, is very elevated, and surrounded by good dwellings. Torrens' Title. Easy Terms. Call for a Litho.
HARDIE and GORMAN.

NEXT SATURDAY
A Stone-built Villa Residence, commanding the very finest harbour views, will be sold at 3 p.m. next Saturday. The residence is known as "NORTHCLIFF," Milson's Point, North Shore, and is a very desirable waterside residence.
SEE AUCTION ADVERTISEMENT.
HARDIE and GORMAN, AUCTIONEERS.

BRELLAT'S ESTATE (THURNBY ESTATE), NEWTOWN RAILWAY STATION.
AUCTION SALE AT THE ROOMS,
NEXT MONDAY, AT 11 O'CLOCK.
Frontages to London-street, Liberty-street, Trafalgar-terrace, Gladstone-street, Phillip-street.
. Terms—10 per cent. deposit, 15 per cent. in 3 months without interest, balance in 3 years at 6 per cent.
Lithos. ready. HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

THIS WEEK'S SYDNEY MAIL.
The Intercolonial Conference: Portraits of Sir Henry Parkes, the Hon. Graham Berry, the Hon. Arthur H. Palmer, and the Hon. James Watson
The Great Austral Plain: Concluding Paper, with Illustrations of Polygonum Bushes and Inland Fresh-water Lake
Editorial: The Intercolonial Conference—The Boarding-out System—America and Australia—Notes on Current Subjects
Portrait and Biography of the Rev. George Woolnough, M.A.
Report of Wesleyan Conference Proceedings
Children's Story: Toddlekins and the Diver. By F. M.
In the Children's Hospital. From Tennyson's last volume
Australian Literature and the Sydney Free Library
The Biographer: The Hon. Graham Berry
Science: Lava Eruptions; by Archibald Geekie
Fiction: A Laodicean—Lord Brackenbury
Naturalist: The Lyre Bird and his Haunts. By Tyrone White
News of all the Churches
Mining: The Share Market—No-Liability Mining Company's Bill—Victorian Items—A New Gold Discovery in New Zealand—The Diamond Drills in Victoria—Gold Receipts of New South Wales for 1880—Latest Telegrams from the Gold-fields
Country News: Letters from Bourke, Wilcannia, Gosford, Newcastle, Albury, Wagga, Bathurst, Grafton, Young, Orange, and Mountreal
Bowled: Prospect v. Kenny Hill. By the Meddler
Mitchell's Exploration of Australia Felix. By the Rev. George Grimm, M.A.
How to Produce a Rainfall. By the Meddler, with illustration
Scientific Experiments with Other Worlds than Ours. By the Meddler, with three illustrations
What May Happen to an Impecunious Swell. By the Meddler, with illustration
The Recent Yacht Races in Port Jackson
Reports of Recent Race Meetings
Full Account of the Anniversary Regatta
Wheat-Growing on the Coast. By A. A. Leycester
Farming at Ulladulla. By Demetrius
Amateur Gardeners' Guide for February
Clydesdale's Fifth Paper on the Breeding of Horses
Australian Meat and Butter in London
Latest News about the Alleged Leichhardt Discovery
Musical and Dramatic Doings of the Week
Telegraphic, Commercial, and Shipping Summaries.
NOW READY.

SYDNEY INSURANCE COMPANY, PITT and Hunter streets. Capital, £250,000. Reserves, £50,000. Unlimited liability of shareholders.
FIRE risks accepted at premiums as LOW as those of any other office.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.—ESTABLISHED 1710, LONDON. INSURANCES EFFECTED at lowest Rates. A. T. WILSHIRE, Agent, 34, Hunter-street, Sydney.

GOODLET AND SMITH, TIMBER AND GALVANIZED IRON Merchants, George-st., near Bathurst-st.

TRAVELLERS BY SEA AND LAND.—PORTMANTEAUS, Trunks, and Bags; a large variety to select from. JOHN BRUSH, 407, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.

SALMON.—COOK'S 1-lb. PRIZE MEDAL, NEW Catch. Cornsacks. MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
SYDNEY INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE.
Messrs. W. WALKER and SONS,
Bunhill Row, London.
Mr. Charles Walker, their representative, is again in Sydney for a short time, and may be communicated with at Petty's Hotel.

FOR THE LATEST AND FULLEST EUROPEAN TELEGRAPHIC NEWS, see the ECHO, published every Afternoon.

VANITY FAIR. VANITY FAIR.
CIGARETTES
Have a delicious Aroma.

FIFTY POUNDS REWARD.—INFERIOR CIGARETTES packed in boxes bearing my label, "Eureka," are being sold as genuine. Shopkeepers and the public are hereby cautioned against imposition, and the above reward will be paid for information leading to conviction of offenders. T. SAYWELL.

LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE.
In consequence of Imitations of the
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE
which are calculated to mislead the public,
LEA AND PERRINS HAVE TO REQUEST that purchasers see that the Label on every bottle bears their Signature—"LEA and PERRINS," without which no bottle of the original WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE is genuine.
Ask for LEA and PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

THE SHIPPING.—Arrivals, Departures, Mails, Outward
Commercial, &c., &c.
THE ECHO,
AN EVENING JOURNAL.
Price One Penny.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.
Advertisements for Monday's paper are received at the Office as late as 9 o'clock on Saturday night. With the exception of announcements of an important or urgent nature, advertisements brought to the Printing Department after that hour cannot be guaranteed insertion.

SUPPLEMENTARY SUMMARY OF NEWS.

A supplementary summary of news for transmission by the R. M. S. Hydaspes to India and England will be published in Monday's *Herald*. The mail for newspapers will close at 4.30 p.m. on Monday.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1881.

In the Legislative Council, yesterday,—

The President took the chair at twenty-eight minutes past 4.

Sir John Robertson, in reply to Mr. C. Moore, said that the subject of introducing a measure for effectually dealing with disorderly conduct and other nuisances commonly known as larrikinism, in Sydney and other localities, was under consideration.

The Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Bill was received from the Legislative Assembly, and, on the motion of Mr. Darley was read the first time.

The President reported the receipt of a message from the Legislative Assembly, forwarding for the consideration of the Legislative Council the Temporary Supply Bill for January.

On the motion of Sir John Robertson, the bill was read the first time.

Sir John Robertson moved the suspension of so much of the standing orders as would preclude the passing of the bill through all its stages in one day.

Mr. Piddington objected.

Sir John Robertson moved,—"That the bill be printed, and the second reading stand an order of the day for Wednesday next," and said that in view of the strange course that had been pursued by Mr. Piddington, it would, perhaps, be better for him to give notice of motion for the suspension of the standing orders.

Mr. Piddington said he could not understand why the Government should treat the Council with an evident desire to bring it into contempt, which everyone must infer from this proposal of the Government to suspend the standing orders of this Chamber. The Government had neglected to bring in this supply bill until a week ago, though they must have known that when Parliament assembled they would require monthly supply bills for January, February, March, and probably April; and, therefore, if hon. members gave way in this instance and consented to suspend the standing orders, it would be only to invite the Government to treat them with contempt on the next occasion when they neglected their duty by not introducing a supply bill at the proper time.

After some remarks from Mr. C. Campbell and Sir John Robertson, the motion was agreed to, and the House adjourned at 15 minutes to 5 until Wednesday next.

In the Legislative Assembly, yesterday,—

Ministers answered questions respecting the payment of the salaries of Public school teachers, the proposed erection of a bridge between Sydney and St. Leonards, the Savings Bank returns, the claims of the Colonial Architect in connection with the Exhibition Building, the purchase of a site for a Public school in Bourke-street, the recommendation of the Royal Commission that Messrs. Burton and Jones be removed from the Lands Titles Office, the protests lodged against the appraisement of runs, the loss of revenue from the extension of the penny postage system, the want of reservoirs between the Lachlan, Darling, and Bogan, the application for a Public school at Bobs Creek, near Molong, the exclusion from school of children suffering from cutaneous or other contagious diseases, the application for a site for a township at Mandagery Creek, the proposed construction of telegraph lines between Orange and Cargo, or Cudal and Cargo, and between Molong and Obley, or Obley and Wellington; the inspection of the conditional purchase of Alexander Clyne of Burrawang Cross Roads, the water supply for Grenfell, the survey of a road from Parkesburn to Breadalbane railway station, the obstruction to the footpath in the north side Macquarie-street, the cost of the land and buildings resumed under the Act 43 Victoria No. 9, the run appraisements of Mr. Canavan, the names of the gentlemen appointed to appraise runs last year, and the necessity for amending the Gold Mining Act.

Leave was given to Mr. Garrett to introduce the Berrima Coal Company's Railway Bill; and to Mr. Stuart to introduce the Church of England Trustees Bill; and the latter bill was subsequently brought up and read a first time.

The Wagga Wagga Gasworks Bill was referred to a select committee for inquiry and report, on the motion of Mr. Douglas.

Ministers laid on the table by-laws of the Sydney University, by-laws of St. John's College, abstracts of Crown lands dedicated as sites for towns and villages, and by-laws of the Tamworth Free Library; and it was ordered that the documents be printed.

It was resolved, on the motion of Mr. Lackey, that the plan, section, and book of reference of the remaining portion of the railway from Wallerawang to Mudgee be approved; Mr. M'Elhone first remarking that the Mudgee Railway would not pay its working expenses.

Sir Henry Parkes moved the second reading of the Fisheries Bill, which he stated was intended to carry out in the main the recommendations of the Royal Commission on Fisheries. The bill would repeal the existing Acts on the subject, and authorise the appointment of six unpaid commissioners to control the fisheries for the future. It would divide the fisheries into the Home, the Northern, and the Southern, and establish a close season from the 1st April to the 1st October in each year, unless in cases of exemption by special proclamation; and it would regulate the issue of licenses, the description of nets to be used, and the infliction of penalties for the violation of its provisions.

Mr. Farnell supported the second reading, but thought the bill was too much of a skeleton, and that it would leave matters which should be determined by positive legislation to be dealt with by regulations. He feared they would not be able to get an honorary Board to perform the duties of general management efficiently. The natural fisheries could be made a source of enormous wealth for the colony, and legislation was absolutely necessary for their protection and development. Compensation as proposed for the lessees of oyster beds was objectionable, inasmuch as their oyster fisheries had been in a great measure destroyed by the dredgers, whose only object was to obtain an immediate and direct return without any regard for the future supply.

Mr. Stuart congratulated the Government upon the introduction of the bill. He believed that very few persons had any idea of the enormous value of their fisheries. Mullet fishing might alone be made as valuable as a herring fishery; but it would be necessary to extend the provisions of the bill for reserves. The oyster fisheries should also be leased for fifteen years at a time, with a right on the part of the lessees to the renewal of their leases for further periods of ten years; but the area in each instance should be much smaller than was allowed under the old law, and there should also be a close season for oysters. He did not believe an honorary Board would be satisfactory, and he did not think the Minister for Lands should be a member of the Board.

Mr. H. C. Dangar, as a member of the Royal Commission, was pleased at the introduction of the bill. He hoped the House would not alter the constitution of the Board, and was sorry that there was no provision in the bill for the destruction of the natural enemies of the fish.

Mr. Fremlin thought there were unnecessary fears respecting the destruction of their fish supply by fishermen, who destroyed the enemies of the fish to a large extent. He thought the taxation would fall too heavily on those in the business, and that rewards should be given for the destruction of cormorants and other birds that preyed on fish.

Mr. Jacob, while supporting the second reading, pointed out provisions in the bill which he contended were inconsistent and impracticable.

The second reading was agreed to without division, and the House went into committee on the bill.

Clause 2, as to the interpretation of terms, was verbally amended, on the motion of Mr. Jacob, and passed; clause 3, respecting the previous Acts, was passed; clause 4, repealing the appointment of the Commissioners, was debated at some length. The provision that the Minister for Lands should be one of the Com-

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missioners *ex officio* was omitted at the suggestion of Mr. Stuart and Mr. Garrett. Mr Garrett also proposed that any member of either House should be eligible for appointment, and be entitled to fees in common with the other Commissioners, any Act to the contrary notwithstanding; but the amendment was withdrawn, with an intimation from the hon. mover that he intended to propose it in another shape. The clause was then amended so as to render the Commissioners liable to removal by his Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, and passed. Clause 5, as to the place of meeting for the Commissioners, was negatived. Clause 6 to 8 inclusive, in reference to inspection, were passed. Clause 9, respecting the division of the Marine Fisheries, was debated, and agreed to. Clause 10, as to regulations, excited a lengthened debate, and was at last passed with amendments. At this stage the committee reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again on Wednesday next.

On the adjournment of the House being moved by Sir HENRY PARKES,

Mr. O'CONNOR drew attention to the failure of the trustees to carry out their contract with hon. members and others who had accepted other invitations for a grand picnic at the National Park, and said he thought the Government should in some way mark their displeasure of such conduct.

Sir HENRY PARKES regretted the introduction of a subject in which the Government were in no way concerned.

The House adjourned at 10.45 p.m. to 4 p.m. this afternoon.

In another column will be found the remonstrance agreed to at the Conference against the proposed introduction of Chinese into Western Australia at the Government expense. The representative of that colony was of course no party to this protest, as he could not be expected to censure his own Government; but all the other representatives concurred, and their action in this respect will be generally approved.

There has long been, and still is, a great difference of opinion as to whether we should restrain the voluntary immigration of Chinese to these colonies. On the one hand, we do not desire to be flooded with a population alien to our own, which cannot become homogeneous, and which as a foreign element is always liable to become a social and political difficulty; on the other hand, we are loth to establish invidious distinctions, to proscribe by law four hundred millions of our fellow-creatures, and to surrender the proud boast that our country is open to all, without distinction of creed or colour. The question is one as to the practical imminence of the danger. Those who think that we never have been overrun, that we are not overrun, and that we are not seriously likely to be overrun with Chinese, and that as it is a most ungracious thing to taboo a people whose seclusion we have forced, think that we had better hold our hands, and stand in readiness to take prompt steps when we are compelled to it. There are others who feel no compunction at all, and who want at once to build an Australian wall against Chinese incursions that shall be more effective than ever the Chinese wall was against foreign aggression. Our difference of opinion and feeling on this point has been marked by the varying action of our Legislatures at different periods. But there would be a very general unanimity as to the impolicy of deliberately importing Chinese at the public expense, and thus officially inviting them to this country. We do not desire them to come here in large numbers, and we would far rather discourage than encourage them. Western Australia, being a Crown colony, is the only colony which could have a Chinese immigration policy, and it is natural that the others should unitedly object to it. There is no wish to check the advancement of that colony; on the contrary, there is every desire to see it go forward. It is a misfortune and a disappointment that Western Australia has hitherto hung so long and so far in the rear. But just as a too dear experience made the other colonies protest against Western Australia being made a convict depot, so a justifiable apprehension makes them protest against it being a doorway to let in a Chinese population. It may seem hard that the prosperous colonies should thus dictate a policy to their least prosperous neighbour, but the common good leaves no alternative.

As to the value of Chinese as labourers there is no dispute. Indeed, it is their very value that amongst a large class of the population constitutes the objection to them. They are industrious and frugal, and would invade one occupation after another. But the effect would be a social antagonism that we cannot allow to develop itself. We do not want a slave class either in form or in substance, and it is better to go without the advantages of cheap and trustworthy labour than to peril our social and political institutions. Western Australia is tempted to risk the future for the sake of the present. It has been unfortunate in its first land system, unfortunate in its attempt at convictism, but it would be equally unfortunate in attempting to make its territory a second China. All the other colonies are forced to deprecate such an experiment.

Mr. BUCHANAN'S resolution, condemnatory of the action of the trustees of Cook Park, appeals to Parliament and the public for support on the ground that it is introduced in defence of the people's rights. But no such appeal, however taking it may be, is to be accepted as sound simply because a popular dress is placed upon it. Let us see how the question stands. Cook Park is a piece of land dedicated to the people, for purposes of public recreation, convenience, health, and enjoyment. But that is not all. If it were, the erection of a fence upon it by anybody might be termed an infringement of the people's rights, and so also might the act of any number of citizens who might presume to authorize anybody else to erect the fence. If the Park had simply been placed in the hands of the people to be kept in order and be managed as well as used by the people, nobody but the people would have had a right to meddle with it; and as there are no efficient means for getting the people together and enabling them to deal with such matters as this, the management of the Park being everybody's business would soon have proved to be nobody's; in other words, the Park would not have been managed at all, and instead of serving as a benefit to the public would soon have become a public nuisance. The case is somewhat analogous to that of the general government of the colony. The right of self-government has been conceded to the people; but the people do not meet together in a mass to govern themselves, nor is government postponed until they could assemble for the purpose. The governing power is exercised by a Parliament, that is to say by a small number of persons appointed for the purpose under the provisions of a statute, and exercising the rights of the people, in behalf of the people, within limits which the law assigns. Cook Park belongs to the people; but Parliament, acting for the people, has placed the management of it, not in the hands of the people, but in those of trustees who stand in the people's place. And Parliament has given the trustees, in respect of the land, "the powers of absolute owners (except for the purposes of alienation.)" Unless, then, the trustees have alienated the land they have, instead of infringing the people's rights, been exercising rights conferred upon them by Parliament, lawfully representing the people.

The question, then, is not whether the rights of the people have been infringed, but whether the rights exercised by the trustees in the name of the people have been exercised well or badly in this case; and that question cannot be answered aright without a careful study and a candid recognition of the actual circumstances. It is like shaking a red flag before the eyes of a bull to say "if this be tolerated, there will be no check against abuses of all kinds," or to assert that the whole of the parks may be cut up into patches for cricket, croquet, lawn-tennis, shooting-galleries, and so forth. The check lies in the sound judgment of the trustees; and if they do a sensible thing in permitting the formation of a bowling-green where it would not interfere with anybody's recreation, convenience, health, or enjoyment, that is no reason why they should be expected to fall into the very foolish policy of cutting up the whole of the parks into patches for special games, and practically destroying their value to the public. Notwithstanding the permission given to the Bowling Club, the trustees have an unquestionable right to refuse any and every fresh application of a corresponding character, on the general ground that the conditions do not correspond. They can say, there is no more land available without injury to the public interest. It is absurd to argue that because a man does what he considers right in one case there is reason to fear that he will be bound to do what he considers wrong in a number of others.

In this particular case, the trustees, doubtless, held that the public would not suffer loss or injury through the limited, conditional, and temporary concessions made to the Bowling Club; and it would be very hard to prove that the public would, if a reasonable and fair regard were had to the actual circumstances. It is raising a false issue to compare the area of the bowling enclosure with the area of Cook Park, and to talk of taking two acres out of six. It is a mere accident that the piece of ground on one side of College-street is styled Cook Park, and that the piece on the other bears the name of Hyde, whilst a third area, separated only by a street, is called after Governor Phillip. The bowling-green is really situated in the midst of a series of parks or reserves, which extend from Elizabeth-street to the waters of the harbour, and cover so large a space that even if this small speck were absolutely withdrawn from it the loss would be too insignificant to be appreciable. Neither the fence nor the shed shut out any noticeable quantity of air. And, as a matter of fact, the land itself was before utterly waste and unused; the probability is that not fifty people have stood on it, or crossed within the last five years. There was a cartoon in *Punch* some years ago, representing a signboard erected on the wilds of North America, with the inscription, "Travellers are requested not to expectorate on the vast prairie." The outcry about public rights and recreation in this case calls the satire to mind. In point of fact, while the public will lose neither air nor space worthy of mention by the loan of this land to the Bowling Club, many more of the public will gain enjoyment by witnessing games of bowls than have ever enjoyed the use of the land, or were likely to enjoy it, in its unimproved condition.

Upon its merits, the war against the trustees, if they are charged with a mistaken use of their discretionary powers, has not a leg to stand upon. But if it be said that the powers conferred by law ought never to be exercised, then the agitation should take the form of a movement for the amendment of the law. If the public parks are to be kept absolutely open at all times, and every foot of them, to the perambulations of the people, then the law should prohibit the enclosure of trees and flower-beds, and the erection of statues, so that no one should be able to say "I have a right to stand or walk upon this particular spot, but I have been shut out by unwarrantable obstructions."

Mr. JOHNSON, in his letter on the subject of an Intercolonial Court of Appeal, has submitted some considerations that are well worthy of notice. One of these relates to the points of machinery and cost. Of whom would the proposed Court consist? Certainly it would be unfit that the judgments of colonial Supreme Courts should be subject to review or reversal by a body of men who had not attained to the judicial position. But if the Appeal Court is to consist of Judges, who is to do the ordinary work of those Judges at the time when they are sitting to hear appeals? It may be doubted whether the Supreme Court in any one of these colonies is overmanned, or in a position to spare any of its members for the discharge of other functions. It is very well known that for some years past in this colony we have been driven to the necessity of appointing temporary Judges, or Judges by commission for special circuits. This can hardly be accepted as evidence in support of burdening our Judges with new duties that would consume more of their time. It is hard to see how the Court of Appeal can be constituted unless each colony is prepared to pay for a permanent increase to the strength of its Supreme Court. This, however, is a mere question of money. A point of far greater importance is raised by the question whether litigants are to be shut out from the right to appeal to the Privy Council, and compelled to accept decisions of an intercolonial Court, by anything short of their own consent. It is not clear that they would be deprived of their rights in this matter even by a colonial statute purporting to do so. A Court of Final Appeal was created in Canada under the Constitution of the Dominion; but a decision of the Supreme Court of Quebec goes to show that, although this law excluded appeal to any other Court, it did not destroy the subject's right of appeal to the Queen in Council. But passing by this aspect of the question, and assuming for argument's sake that our people could be deprived by law of this right which they now hold as British subjects, there are grave objections to the adoption of such a course. To cut off the appeal to the Privy Council in all cases would weaken one of the ties yet remaining to bind us to the empire; would tend to favour a divergence of principle between the law as laid down in the colony and the jurisprudence of the mother country; and would deprive our litigants of recourse to an authority which, sitting at the heart of the empire, commands legal knowledge and ability of the highest order. But if all are not cut off why should any be who now possess the right, unless they consent before the suit in the Court below is heard? It is the losing party who desires to appeal, not the party who wins. It is unjust that a man who considers that his rights have been established should be compelled, at the choice of anyone else, to have them jeopardised by a further trial before a colonial Court, when he would prefer the highest authority in the empire. It is true that some of the advocates of a colonial Court of Appeal go so far as to depreciate the value of the decisions of the Privy Council, and say that the Judges in England, being unfamiliar with the conditions of colonial life, are less trustworthy than colonial Judges in dealing with questions arising out of colonial litigation. They have no waste lands, it is said, and they cannot understand our land laws. But may it not be said, with at least equal truth, that English Judges are likely to give better decisions than colonial Judges upon the dry questions of law which go before them, by reason of their freedom from colonial prejudices, prepossessions, and influences? To get a sound decision as to the strict legal interpretation of our land law, for instance, who would be the safer Judge to apply to—an English Judge, who knew nothing of colonial politics, or a colonial Judge who had taken part in the passing of the law, been a member of the Ministry that passed it, and whose mind was charged with the ideas which his party had desired to embody in the law, although the language of the statute might be such as to convey a different meaning?

Pending the formal publication of the minutes of the Conference, we are left to infer the general result from the mood and temper of mind in which the delegates find themselves at the close of their labours. It so happened on Wednesday that the festivities of Anniversary Day allowed two opportunities for speaking—one on board the Flagship, and one at the Mayor's picnic, on board the Coonambera. The speakers were of course in festive humour, and on such occasions the most agreeable side is always to the front. It was to be expected, therefore, that they should express themselves as disposed to believe that a great deal of good comes out of conferences, and that something will result from this one. Still it is impossible not to trace between the lines a vein of disappointment—an intimation that the colonies have developed so much separateness that union is a thing rather to be desired and aimed at than a thing to be achieved. All the speakers live in hope, but the hope reaches forward to some undefined future. The delegates are all about to return to their several colonies, where they will have to report progress, and to give an account of their proceedings. If we infer rightly the impression produced upon their minds, it is to the effect that closer intercourse is desirable, that a more accurate knowledge of each other's affairs would be a general gain, and that efforts towards a closer union should be unceasingly made, but that the terms of that union are at present quite unsettled, and that the public opinion which alone can enforce it has almost to be created.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE House of Commons, after a sitting of twenty-two hours' duration, has by a large majority approved the course proposed by the Government, to allow the bill for the adoption of coercive measures in Ireland to take precedence of all other business. The terror occasioned by the Irish malcontents is spreading to England. There the Fenians are causing increased anxiety, and the Government find it necessary to strengthen the guards at the various armouries throughout the country. As a precautionary measure, portions of the Tower of London have been closed. Our messages of this morning also report a desperate encounter between the Russian forces and the Tekke-Turcomans, in which the latter were defeated and their stronghold of Geoktepe captured. The state of affairs in Lancashire is becoming more serious. Fresh bodies of miners have struck, and riots are of frequent occurrence. The military of the county being unable to cope with the disturbances, reinforcements are under orders to proceed to the disturbed districts without delay. From the Cape news comes that an encounter between Sir George Colley's forces and the Boers is expected shortly.

THE latter portion of the English and Eastern mails, brought by the P. and O. Co.'s steamer Robilla, via Suez, reached Sydney overland from Melbourne, and was delivered from the Post Office yesterday morning. The latest date is December 17.

A MOTION was made in the Legislative Council, yesterday, for the suspension of so much of the standing orders as would preclude the passing through all its stages of the Temporary Supply Bill for January. Mr. Piddington objected, and consequently the standing orders could not be suspended. The second reading of the bill was therefore made an order of the day for Wednesday next, and the Civil servants will, consequently, have to wait some days before they can receive their salaries.

THE Legislative Assembly was occupied during the greater part of yesterday's sittings in discussing the provisions of the Fisheries Bill—a measure founded in a great degree upon the report of the Fisheries Commission of last session. The bill was read the second time, and was considered in committee as far as the 10th clause.

IT was elicited in the Legislative Assembly, yesterday, that the Government had received an offer from an agent of an English company to construct a high-level bridge between Sydney and St. Leonards, and they hoped to be in a position to consider the subject in a few days.

MR. M'ELHONE, in the Legislative Assembly yesterday, gave notice that he would on Tuesday, February 8, ask the following questions of the Minister for Works:—"1. Is he aware, or has he heard that Mr. Gippa, of Kenny Hill Water scheme, was engineer for a company to bring water from the head of the Turon to the Wallaby Rocks for sluicing purposes, and that his scheme failed after a large expenditure, as he could not make the water run up hill? 2. If he has not heard of this matter, will he cause inquiries to be made with the view of testing its correctness, and so save Mr. Gippa's friends and the public a lot of trouble?"

MR. THOMAS RUTLEDGE has been elected to represent the Queanbeyan electorate in the Legislative Assembly, in the room of Mr. J. B. Thompson resigned.

THE Intercolonial Conference met at 10 o'clock yesterday morning; all the members were present. Some further discussion took place with reference to the quarantine regulations for sheep, but no decision on the subject was arrived at. A resolution in favour of selling all grain per cental of 100 lbs. was adopted. The question of the duplication of the telegraph cable, and New Zealand and Queensland paying part of the subsidy, was discussed for some time. A motion was submitted by Mr. Chief Justice Wrenfordsley in favour of building a lighthouse at Cape Leuwin. It was held by the Conference that Cape Leuwin was out of the course of ships coming to Australia. The motion was withdrawn by the mover, with an intimation that he would submit information on the subject. Mr. Berry drew attention to matters connected with the postal service. Nothing was done in the matter, except that a memorandum from the Postmaster-General of Victoria was received, and ordered to be printed in the appendix to the proceedings of the Conference. A motion was agreed to in favour of uniform legislation on the subject of orders in cases of debt and damage issued in one colony being in force in all the colonies. A remonstrance against the introduction of Chinese into Western Australia was signed by all the representatives of all the colonies (except Western Australia), and forwarded to his Excellency the Governor for transmission to the Secretary of State for the Colonies. A report was brought up by the committee appointed to inquire into the powers of Sir Arthur Gordon as High Commissioner for the South Pacific Islands; and this was also forwarded to the Governor to be transmitted to the Secretary of State for the Colonies. A vote of thanks to Sir Henry Parkes, as Chairman of the Conference, closed the proceedings, and the Conference adjourned *sine die*. The members of the Intercolonial Conference who proceed southwards left by special train from the Redfern station at 6.25 last evening. They would arrive at Albury about 7 o'clock this morning, and we understand that a special train will be waiting for them at Wodonga to convey them to Melbourne.

WE have been shown an excellent photograph, by Mr. Boyd, of George-street, of all the members of the Intercolonial Conference recently sitting in Sydney. The likenesses are admirable, and the grouping is good, though Mr. Berry being placed in the centre, with Sir Henry Parkes on the one side, and Mr. Watson on the other, suggests the idea that Victoria is to some extent thrown into the shade by New South Wales. The photograph, however, will be of no little value as an historic memorial of the meeting of delegates from all the Australasian colonies—a meeting from which so many good things are expected to ensue, in the future.

WE publish on another page the meteorological return for December. It contains the total rainfall for 1880 at upwards of one hundred stations. By comparing these with the results of 1879 it will be seen that at many of the coast and highland stations the total for 1880 is less than half that for 1879. Sydney, for instance, shows a total of 29·53 inches against 63·20 inches for 1879. Inland, however, the drought has not been so severe, for the greater number of stations the fall is about three-quarters that of 1879, and some few cases equal or even greater, as, for instance, at Bourke, which this year shows a total of 28 inches against 17 inches in 1879.

A MEETING of the Executive Committee appointed to inquire into the merits of the Kenny Hill scheme was held at the Town Hall yesterday, and was presided over by Mr. G. Withers, M.L.A., and attended by Dr. Belgrave and Messrs. A. Forsyth, Gippe, M. Levey, R. J. Parish, and Enos Dyer. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed, and a letter in support of the scheme, and signed by W. B. Caldwell, was read. In a short discussion which took place as to the course now to be pursued, it was suggested that a meeting of citizens to consider the desirableness of adopting the scheme should be deferred until after the Assembly had affirmed or negatived the motion of Mr. Poole, M.L.A., for the matter to be referred to a select committee. On the motion of Dr. Belgrave, it was resolved that the meeting of the General Committee, advertised to take place to-morrow, should be deferred until Thursday next. The question of drawing up a report to the General Committee was next discussed. Dr. Belgrave said he had received a report upon the rival schemes from a gentleman who worked with Mr. Clark in connection with water and sewerage schemes in India and elsewhere, but who objected to his name being made public. The report was read, and it appeared that it compared the merits of the schemes, explained the points of difference between them, and drew conclusions in support of Mr. Gippe's views. It was considered a valuable document, and it was resolved to publish it if possible with the writer's name attached to it, and to incorporate it in a report to the General Committee, which Dr. Belgrave and Mr. Forsyth were appointed to draw up.

THE annual meeting of the New South Wales Benevolent Society was held yesterday, in the hall of the Asylum, Pitt-street South. The attendance was not very numerous. The president of the society, Dr. Arthur Renwick, M.L.A., occupied the chair. The report showed that the following supplies were issued to the pensioners during the year:—49,746 loaves bread, 48,056 lbs. flour, 7437 lbs. beef, 79 lbs. oatmeal, 23 lbs. rice, 115 lbs. sago, and smaller quantities of sago, arrowroot, sugar, and tea. At the close of the year there were in the institution 2 men, 75 women, and 177 children. During the year 233 women were brought over their accouchements in the institution, 51 of them only being married, while 182 were unmarried. There were 233 births. Of these 116 were males and 117 were females. We are compelled to hold over our full report to a future issue.

INFORMATION has been received in Sydney that Mr. W. Forster (member for Gundagai) and his family left England in the Deccan on the 19th instant, and it is thought that they will arrive here about March 11.

AN experimental shipment of frozen fish was received in Sydney yesterday from the establishment of the New South Wales Fish Company at Nelson's Bay, Port Stephens. The fish, which weighed about 500 lbs., and consisted of schnapper, saltwater cod, flathead, whiting, bream, and nannigay, were caught nine days ago. They were placed in ordinary dry boxes without packing of any kind, and sent via Tellighery Creek to Newcastle, where they lay on a wharf exposed to the open air for twelve hours, after which they were shipped on board the Kembla. Fifty-eight hours elapsed between the time they left Nelson's Bay and their arrival here, which is about forty-eight hours longer than it is thought shipments generally will require. It was the object of the shippers to make the transit longer than usual in order to thoroughly test the processes they have adopted for preserving fish; and it is satisfactory to state that only a small nannigay out of the shipment went bad. The fish were large and in prime condition, one of the schnappers weighing about twelve pounds. Some were distributed amongst friends of the directors, and some cooked at the Coffee Palace No. 2, where they were partaken of by a number of gentlemen, including Mr. G. Withers, M.L.A., Mr. J. B. Gibbs, Mr. T. H. Huntley, and Mr. J. Callaghan, who pronounced them excellent in flavour and substance.

THE annual meeting of the Australasian Wesleyan Missionary Society was held in York-street Church last night. It was largely attended, and Mr. W. Henson, M.L.A., occupied the chair. The report for the year was adopted, and reference was made to the necessity for subscriptions to be increased in consequence of the parent society urging present retrenchment, and suggesting the possibility of its aid being withdrawn at no distant date. Particulars of the proceedings will appear in a future issue.

MR. JUSTICE FAUCETT left for England yesterday, at noon, by the mail steamer Hydaspes, and he anticipates being absent from the colony for twelve months. Mr. R. B. Smith, M.L.A.; Mr. D. O'Connor, M.L.A.; Mr. J. M'Laughlin, M.L.A.; and a considerable number of both branches of the legal profession, assembled on board to wish him farewell. Subsequently, in a steam launch, they accompanied the Hydaspes as far the Heads, where both vessels stopped a short time in order that final adieux might be exchanged.

THE session of the Grand Lodge of New South Wales I.O.G.T. was continued, yesterday, at the Temperance Hall. The business transacted was chiefly of interest to the members of the order. An account of the proceedings during the meeting of the representatives of the various lodges will be given in a future issue.

A MEETING of the committee of the National Shipwreck Relief Society of New South Wales was held yesterday evening at the Exchange. There were present—Captain Hixson (President of the Marine Board) in the chair, Captain Banks, Captain Broomfield, Messrs. W. Buzacott, J. H. Storey, C. H. Hayes, and Captain Sullivan. The minutes of the previous meeting were read by the hon. secretary (Mr. A. T. Wilshire) and confirmed. It was stated that the sum of £105 10s. 2d. had been collected since last meeting, which was considered very satisfactory; and that the sum of £15 had been expended in procuring for Mr. Le Couteur—who was severely injured at sea—a passage to England, where he has a wife and family. Whilst in Sydney he was kindly treated at the Sailors' Home. Captain Birnie, of the Cairnbulg, reduced the passage money from £21 to £15. A motion, proposed by Mr. Hayes, and seconded by Mr. Storey, was carried, praising the conduct of Captain Banks and others who had interested themselves in this case. A sum of money was voted, to be expended by Captain Broomfield and Mr. Buzacott as they should think best, for the benefit of the widow of the late Captain Foreman. A motion, moved by Captain Banks, with reference to the purchase of a piece of land by the society, was, after a considerable amount of discussion, ordered to stand over for a full meeting of the committee.

A LARGE number of the employees and personal friends of Mr. Henry Hudson, senior member of the well-known firm of Hudson, Brothers, assembled at the Circular Quay, yesterday afternoon, to bid farewell to that gentleman, who was about to take his departure by the R. M. S. Australia on a visit to Europe. The employees of the firm a day or two ago presented Mr. Henry Hudson with a pair of field glasses, accompanied by an illuminated address, as a mark of the respect and esteem in which he is held by those under him, and the large number who mustered to bid that gentleman *bon voyage* yesterday must have been doubly gratifying to him. The steamer Commodore had been chartered to follow the Australia down to the Heads, while the vessel was also accompanied by the Prince of Wales, containing Mr. Hudson's private friends. Before the Commodore left the Quay, Mr. Hudson met the men on board, and expressed his heartfelt thanks for the kindly feeling which had been displayed towards him. As the Australia passed through the Heads the men gave three ringing cheers for Mr. Hudson, and those on board the Prince of Wales having waved their final adieux returned to Sydney, while the employees were treated to an excursion up Middle Harbour.

THE friends of Mr. Norman Selfe, consulting engineer, will be pleased to learn that that gentleman has been elected to the highest grade as a member of the Institution of Civil Engineers—namely, that of M.I.C.E. For over 20 years Mr. Selfe has been identified with the progress of colonial engineering. As the engineer to the leading colonial firms and as a consulting engineer, he has designed many of the improvements which mark our steam marine, and has successfully carried out the works of many of our largest colonial industries. Mr. Selfe is also known for the interest he takes in connection with technical education.

THE teachers of St. Stephen's Sabbath school entertained the Rev. Dr. Steel on Tuesday evening last, in the lecture-room of the church. Mr. James Anderson, in the name of the teachers, welcomed Dr. Steel warmly back among them. Dr. Steel replied, and gave a sketch of Sabbath school work in America and the United Kingdom, and of the centenary celebration in which he had shared. Mr. R. Gray and Mr. Alderman Dean, two of the elders, addressed the meeting, and expressed their pleasure at seeing their minister again among them. Messrs. Wilkinson, Amos, Gribben, and M'Laughlin (superintendent), also made a few remarks suitable to the occasion.

ON Anniversary Day the John Gough Band of Hope, Camperdown, entertained their friends at a picnic, which passed off very successfully. The members of the society marched in procession from the Camperdown Congregational Church to a paddock the owner of which had kindly permitted the use of it for the day, and the various amusements arranged by the committee were thoroughly enjoyed. Tea was also provided, and the supply of more substantial comforts was sufficiently ample to meet all demands.

ON the evening of the 25th instant, the Mayor of Liverpool, accompanied by a deputation of gentlemen, waited on the Rev. C. F. D. Priddle, at the parsonage, and presented to him, on behalf of the parishioners of St. Luke's parish, a handsome gold watch, with an address conveying their esteem for him as their pastor, on the event of his intended visit to Europe. The Mayor, in well-chosen words, gave expression of the kindly feelings and wishes of the parishioners and many friends. Mr. Priddle affectionately replied, and said that after a period of a quarter of a century as their pastor, he did not lightly esteem the handsome token of their affection; but much beyond that the expression of sympathy at that time, which conveyed to his mind that his long period of ministrations in the parish had not been in vain; and that he hoped to return and enter upon his duties with renewed vigor.

THE bazaar held in the Parramatta Park, in aid of the Primitive Methodist Church Building Fund, was opened by Mr. Nathaniel Payten, J.P., on Wednesday, and is a great success.

WE have received a copy of "John Sands's Mail Tables" for the present year, giving the dates of arrival and departure of the steamers engaged in the mail services to Australia via San Francisco and Brindisi. The information includes both the homeward and outward routes, and the periods of arrival and departure at and from intermediate ports are also indicated. The tables are apparently prepared specially for office use, and will no doubt admirably answer the purpose.

A NEW edition of Baron F. von Mueller's excellent work on "Select Extra Tropical Plants readily eligible for industrial culture or naturalisation" has just been printed in Sydney, under the auspices of the Government. This edition, which is dedicated to Sir Henry Parkes, "as an enlightened promoter of rural industries," has been re-arranged and largely supplemented from the editions previously published in Melbourne and Calcutta. It contains more than 400 pages of valuable matter on the native countries and uses of plants, with an account of their geographic distribution, vernacular names, &c. Such a work as this is highly useful in indicating the sources whence industrial plants may be procured, and in bringing into notice those which are most suitable for the soil and climate of this colony. This subject has not hitherto obtained such attention as it should have done; but, as the Baron remarks, "the increased ease of communication which has latterly arisen between nearly all parts of the globe, places us now also in a fair position for independent efforts to suggest or promote introductions of new vegetable treasures from unexplored regions, or to submit neglected plants of promising value to unbiassed original tests." The publication of the Baron's work in this colony is creditable to the Government, whilst the volume itself, as now issued by Mr. Thomas Richards, may be compared most favourably with the previous editions printed elsewhere.

AT the Court of Quarter Sessions, yesterday, Edward Cuthbert, who was remanded for sentence from last sessions on the charge of personation at the late elections, was sentenced to pay a fine of £50, or to be imprisoned for six months.

A CORRESPONDENT writes directing attention to the necessity of something being done to prevent such dreadful accidents as that which took place on the tramway on Monday last. He suggests that a board be placed along outside the wheels of the cars, similar to that on the motor, only lower down. He is of opinion that if a board had been so placed it would have been impossible for Mr. Emery to have got under the wheels of the motor. He also says that when the car was being lifted to get Mr. Emery off the track, it was nearly capsized; and, if it had gone over, a number of people would have been crushed.

SHORTLY before 2 o'clock this morning a fire broke out at Johnson's cooperage works, Phillip-street, a short distance north of Bridge-street. At one time it had a very threatening appearance, in consequence of the inflammable nature of the materials that were being consumed. The No. 2 Volunteer Co., whose establishment is nearly opposite, were soon out with their engine—the engines of the brigade and other fire companies also came up promptly. Two of the engines were got to work, and the fire was subdued before very much damage was done. The sheds, as well as the timber used for coopering, caught fire, but were only partially destroyed.

A DISGRACEFUL scene took place at Marrickville, on Wednesday afternoon. There was a drunken brawl. The fighting and language were disgusting. The disturbance occurred on a piece of vacant land near the Enmore Road, and was continued without interruption. Some of the men came from one of the numerous public-houses with which the neighbourhood is afflicted.

A CHILDREN, John See, aged 20, fell out of a tramway carriage, which was in motion, and received several contusions and wounds about his head. Blood also issued from his right ear. He was taken to the Infirmary, where he was admitted.

SERGEANT Abercrombie, of North Shore, reported to the acting Coroner yesterday, that, about half-past 10 o'clock p.m. on the night of the 26th instant, a bedroom on the premises of Mr. Samuel Kendall, Falcon-street, St. Leonards, caught fire by some accident, and the contents of the room were destroyed. The furniture was insured in the United Fire Insurance office, George-street, Sydney, and Mr. Kendall states that the value of the furniture destroyed by fire was £15.

THE annual meeting in connection with the Young Men's Christian Association takes place this evening, at 7.30, at their rooms, corner of Pitt and Park streets.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

[BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.]

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

THE IRISH COERCION BILL.

LONDON, JAN. 27.

The House of Commons sat for twenty-two hours continuously, during the whole of which time the debate, on the motion of Mr. Gladstone, that the bill introduced by Mr. Forster, Chief Secretary for Ireland, for the adoption of coercive measures in Ireland, should take precedence of all other business, was continued. The motion was eventually carried by a large majority, and the House rose.

EXCITEMENT ABOUT THE FENIANS.

LONDON, JAN 28.

Increasing anxiety is felt in regard to the proceedings of the Fenians and their alleged designs on various armouries in different parts of the country.

In consequence of information which has reached the Government, portions of the Tower of London have been closed. The barracks there and at other places are being put under strong guards.

The Fenian scare throughout the country is extending.

RUSSIAN DEFEAT OF THE TURCOMANS.

ST. PETERSBURG, JAN. 28.

The Government has received information announcing that General Skobeloff has succeeded in capturing the important Turcoman stronghold Geoktepe, after a desperate assault, in which both sides suffered severely.

General Skobeloff further reports that the Tekkes are now in full retreat in the direction of Merve, the capital.

THE SAN FRANCISCO MAIL SERVICE.

NEW YORK, JAN. 26.

In consequence of the representations made by the colonies interested in the San Francisco mail service, Congress has taken further action in the matter brought forward last session by Senator Davis, of California, and the United States Government has consented to pay the colonies of New South Wales and New Zealand one half of the cost of conveying the Australian mails overland from San Francisco to New York and *vice versa*. The charge for this service is at present debited to the British Government under arrangements made with the colonies to receive and deliver their mails at San Francisco.

RUMOURED ELEVATION OF THE PREMIER.

LONDON, JAN. 28.

Reports were current during the last few days and obtained credence in certain quarters that the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone contemplated taking a seat in the House of Lords at an early date. Mr. Gladstone has formally contradicted the reports as entirely devoid of foundation.

RIOTS IN LANCASHIRE.

LONDON, JAN. 27.

The state of affairs in Lancashire is daily becoming more serious. Riots continue to be of frequent occurrence, and other large bodies of men have struck work. The police and military at present in the county find themselves unable to cope with the disturbances, and additional reinforcements are now under orders to proceed to the locality of the disturbances without delay.

GOVERNOR COLLEY'S EXPEDITION.

NATAL, JAN. 26.

Intelligence has been received to-day from Sir George P. Colley who, with a force of 1000 men, started northwards from Newcastle a few days ago. His Excellency has now reached the river Ingogo, between Newcastle and the Transvaal border. The outposts have sighted a considerable body of Boers in their front, and it is expected that an engagement will shortly take place.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

BLAYNEY.

THURSDAY.

Rain has been threatening since Saturday last, and several storms have passed over the town, but not enough rain fall to lay the dust. This week the thermometer registered daily up to 90° in the shade, with many sudden changes, down to as low as 70°; but it has been very cool at night.

Brown's Creek Gold Mining Company for sixteen days' work has obtained a cake of gold of 186 ozs. 16 dwts.

ORANGE.

THURSDAY.

Yesterday, a lad named Wagstaffe was found dead on the bank of a shallow creek, at Moulder's Paddock, in the vicinity of the town. The evidence showed that deceased was bathing between 1 and 2 o'clock on the previous day, in company with other boys, and died from the effects of sunstroke.

BOURKE.

THURSDAY.

Yesterday and to-day were very warm, and thunder-clouds hanging round promise a change.

The river rose six inches yesterday, and is still rising, but it will not last long.

At Dunlop's Station a well has been sunk, and a good supply of water obtained at 488 feet. They are putting down another shaft on the same line, and expect to reach water at 550 feet with the pipes used. Curious strata of shells, &c., were passed through at 300 feet, and samples of them have been forwarded for a geologist's opinion.

The surveyors having completed the Queensland and New South Wales boundary line west of Warrego to the South Australian border, are now working east, towards the Culgoa River. Their difficulties through the scarcity of water have been very great.

It is reported that three hundred bales of wool have not yet left Dunlop's station, on account of the agents not supplying teams within the contract time of three months.

CROOKWELL.

THURSDAY.

A heavy thunderstorm, accompanied with rain, passed over from the westward this afternoon. It is now fine.

COOTAMUNDRA.

THURSDAY.

The weather continues hot and dry, and rain appears as far off as ever.

The farmers are anxiously looking out for the new railway tariff, as the present one completely excludes them from sending several products that can be grown in this district. The tonnage on wheat is 20 per cent of its present value.

BRAIDWOOD.

THURSDAY.

A local company is projected to start a second Goulburn coach, as the passenger traffic is very heavy.

Charles Weare was bitten by a snake on the hand to-day, whilst chopping thistles in a paddock at Bedervale. The reptile was fully six feet in length. Dr. Llewellyn attended the patient, who is progressing well.

QUEANBEYAN.

THURSDAY.

At the election to-day of a gentleman to represent the district in the Legislative Assembly Mr. Rutledge polled 488, Mr. Hodgkinson 367, Mr. Gale 60. The latter has forfeited his deposit of £40. The return

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from Gundaroo has yet to come in, but will not affect Mr. Rutledge's return.

QUEENSLAND.
BRISBANE, MONDAY.

The *Courier* proprietors intend to publish a penny paper entitled the *Brisbane Evening News*, beginning on Tuesday next.

VICTORIA.
MELBOURNE, THURSDAY.

Tenders are to be opened to-day for completing the west front and dome of the Parliament buildings. The work is estimated to cost about £220,000.

A punt containing a quantity of old iron from the steamer Sorata capsized in the bay near Sandridge yesterday.

The body of a man was found in the river at Footscray yesterday. There were several wounds on the head. The circumstances connected with the matter are regarded as suspicious.

In order to effect a reformation, a number of leading gentlemen have consented to be nominated on the committee of the Melbourne Hospital.

A shark twenty feet long was seen close to Williamstown Pier this morning.

Samuel Amess was the lowest tenderer for the completion of Parliament Houses; but the amount is not stated. Four tenders were sent in.

A man unknown was found lying dead in the road at North Melbourne, after the storm to-day. He was struck by lightning, which passed through his body.

An important sale of city property was held to-day, and good prices were obtained.

It is anticipated that the collision on the railway yesterday will cost the Government a considerable sum of money, not only in damages to the persons hurt, but on account of the rolling stock. A wheat train should not have travelled at the rate of 25 miles an hour. It is said that two of the passengers injured yesterday—viz., Mrs. Spencer and young Clarina—cannot recover.

Weather intensely hot, but a thunderstorm has slightly cooled the air. The storm was felt with great severity in many parts of the country, but only lasted a short time.

Messrs. Walsh and Coppin have determined to go to the poll for A. K. Smith's seat, for Coppin held a good meeting to-night. He is against the Government, and strongly against any interference with the Education Act.

The Edith and Secret were first in the Portland yacht race to-day. They were neck-and-neck under all sail they could carry for a distance of 80 miles.

At the sale of the St. Alban's yearlings to-day the five brought 950 guineas, or an average of 190 guineas each, Mr. W. Long paying the highest price for a bay filly, by King of the Ring out of Musidora, viz., 240 guineas. Mr. A. K. Finlay gave 210 guineas for a King of the Ring and Maid-of-all-work filly.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.
ADELAIDE, THURSDAY.

The Associated Banks, which include all doing business here except the Australasia and the New South Wales, have decided to reduce the discounts on first-class trade bills to 5 per cent.

A visitor from the Cape suggests that South Australia is particularly suitable to ostrich farming.

The inquest on the girl Kuball, who died under suspicious circumstances at Edithburgh, is not yet concluded. The evidence so far is damaging to her father. Two of the man's sons slept in a hut close by the same room as their sister, and they persist they heard nothing during the night; but their demeanour indicates great reticence. Where the deceased had a wound on the forehead over her left eye, the skull was found to be smashed. Linen was found stained with blood, and water as though the linen had been washed in it. There were considerable blood stains on the floor of the room. The brothers' statements are contradictory throughout.

A woman, whose name is supposed to be Petrea Harsen, was found dead at Torrens, to-day.

Weather delightful.

NEW ZEALAND.
[BY CABLE.]
WELLINGTON, THURSDAY.

The Australian Eleven beat the Timaru team in one innings by 108 runs.

OVERLAND PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

ALBURY, THURSDAY.

The following have been booked:—

Sydney to Melbourne, January 26: Messrs. Graham, Drury, Bartlett, Wilkinson, Lyons, and Fannsen.

Specials, Gerogery to Albury, Thursday: Mr. and Mrs Lee Lord, Mr. Travers, and Mr. Smith.

Melbourne to Sydney, January 26: Miss Keppitt, Miss Hoskisson, Miss Turner, Mrs. Evans, Miss Stonehouse, Miss Lena Dargin, Misses Leary (2), Messrs. Pierce, M'Call, Thompson, M'Mahon, Hollingdale, Pittmann, Onslow, Maton, Smith, Climett, Allingham (2), Torry, M'Clelland, Kidman (4), Murray, Vandeleur, Dyer, Walker (2), Nelson.

WESLEYAN CONFERENCE.

SEVENTH DAY.—THURSDAY.

This morning the lay members of the Conference joined the ministerial members. The President gave the lay members a most cordial welcome. Before entering upon the ordinary business of the Conference, all the members of the Conference partook of the Lord's Supper together, and engaged in devotional service.

Mr. PARKER moved—"That the doors of the Conference be open to members of the Wesleyan Church, or any in possession of notes from the members of Conference." Carried unanimously.

The Rev. JOSEPH ORAM moved, and Mr. B. JAMES, jun., seconded, the following resolution:—"That the respectful and affectionate thanks of this Conference are due, and are hereby presented, to the Rev. Dr. Kelynack for the valuable services he has rendered to the Methodist Church by the marked ability and success with which he has performed the duties of his office, both during the session of the last Conference and throughout the year."

The Secretary of Conference called attention to some irregularities in electing lay representatives in some circuits. By special vote of Conference these informal elections were confirmed, as those informally elected gentlemen fulfilled all the conditions required.

It was moved by the Rev. W. CLARKE, and seconded by the Rev. Dr. KELYNACK,—"That the cordial thanks of Conference be presented to the Secretary."

It was moved by the Rev. R. SELLORS, and seconded by the Rev. W. HILL,—"That the conversation on the state of the work of God be held to-morrow afternoon."

A telegram was received from the Rev. John Watsford, President of the General Conference, informing the Conference of the elections and arrangements this Conference will have to make in connection with the coming Methodist Œcumenical Congress to be held in England.

A resolution affirming the desirability of dividing the Parramatta circuit was moved. After a long discussion the Conference passed an amendment to the effect that the division of the Parramatta circuit be deferred for one year; and that the ministerial Conference be recommended to station the second minister at Ryde this year.

A resolution was submitted to divide the Yass circuit, but was withdrawn, on the ground that no second minister was available.

The Tweed River was, on the motion of the Rev. R. SELLORS, included in the Logan and Pimpama circuit.

The Oberon circuit applied for a second minister. The Conference could not grant the request, on account of the small number of men available. There were other requests which the Conference treated similarly.

The taking up of new stations was next considered. Bingera was named as a new station, and the Conference resolved that the record be "one to be sent."

Corowa was represented to be a most eligible place. The resolution to take up this place was carried unanimously.

The next question related to those circuits which are under obligation to take a married minister.

Waverley, Rylstone, and Bombala were excused from taking married ministers next year.

The Logan circuit, in Queensland, was excused, and also Stanthorpe.

The report of the Loan Fund was presented by the Rev. J. B. Waterhouse. There were many defaulting circuits, and their representatives were required to render explanations.

On the motion of the Rev. GEORGE HURST, a letter of condolence was appointed to be sent to Mrs. Dawson, the wife of the late Mr. J. Dawson, treasurer of the fund.

On the motion of the Rev. GEORGE HURST, the Rev. J. B. Waterhouse and Mr. B. James, jun. were appointed treasurers of the Loan Fund.

A most satisfactory report of the Queensland Loan Fund was presented by the Rev. Richard Sellors, from which it appeared that the arrears only amounted to £10. On the motion of the Rev. R. SELLORS, Messrs. Fletcher and Lord were appointed to the office of treasurers.

After some miscellaneous business, the session closed.

PIUS IX. AND CARDINAL PECCI.—Some time since the now deposed Bishop of Tournai asserted that he had in his possession an autograph letter from Pius IX., in which that Pontiff wrote that the election of Cardinal Pecci as his successor would be the ruin of the Church. A confidential agent who was sent to Belgium has seen the letter, and brings back an assurance of its authenticity, which is now admitted at the Vatican. There is no need to enlarge on the terrible significance of this.—*Standard.*

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

NEWCASTLE RACES.
[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

NEWCASTLE, THURSDAY.

The meeting was continued to-day. The attendance was again large, the weather fine and warm. The racing on the whole was first-class, all events giving close and exciting finishes. Mr. Hannell gave every satisfaction by his handicapping. For the Free Handicap Hesperian appeared in grand condition and won a great race from Braidwood by half a length. Gem won the Nursery Handicap somewhat easily, and Secundus pulled off the big event, beating Kathleen Mavourneen by a neck. Lavinia won the Selling Stakes easily; and the Forced Handicap fell to Verdict, with top weight. The following are the results:—

FREE HANDICAP.

Hesperian	1
Braidwood	2

Verdict and Volunteer ran a dead heat for third. Nine horses started, and Hesperian coming through in the last fifty yards, just beat Braidwood. Time, 2 mins. 16 secs. Distance, a mile and a quarter.

NURSERY HANDICAP—Three-quarters of a mile.

Gem	1
Valentine	2
Lady Sophia	3

Five started. Won by two lengths. Time: 1 minute 20¼ seconds.

THE CITY HANDICAP—1½ mile.

Secundus	1
Kathleen Mavourneen	2
Premier	3

The winner got on terms with Kathleen in the straight, and the pair raced home together, the horse landing first by a neck, Premier half a length behind, the others all well up. Time: 2 minutes 44 seconds.

Seven started.

SELLING STAKES—1½ mile.

Lavinia	1
Lucifer	2
Silent	3

Four started. Lavinia after a a splendid race, beat Lucifer by a head. Time, 2 minutes 20 seconds.

FORCED HANDICAP—1¼ mile.

Verdict	1
Lady Clifden	2
Mecrame	3

Won by half a length. Seven started. Time, 2 minutes 18 seconds.

BRAIDWOOD ANNUAL RACES.

The entries for the annual races are as follows:—

PUBLICANS' PURSE.

Mr. Miller's Macaroni, aged	Mr. E. Royd's Reckless, aged
Strathmore, 4 years	Shanahan's Kembla, aged
Rowan's Laura, 4 years	Hyam's Raven, 4 years
Brown's Belmore, aged	——— Kelso, 4 years
Feeny's Tim, 4 years	Smith's Numba, 4 years.

For the Turf Club Handicap, Messrs. Miller, Hyam, Rowan, Mallon, Brown, Feeny, Royd, Shanahan, and Murphy have entered.

We have been requested to state that the settling over the recent Parramatta Jockey Club meeting will take place at Hack's Hotel, on Saturday evening next, at 8 o'clock.

A telegram was received yesterday by the hon. secretary of the N. S. W. Rowing Association from Adelaide, asking particulars of the Intercolonial eight-oar race, as there is a probability of a South Australian crew taking part in the next event on the Parramatta River, April 9th. This will increase the interest taken in these matches.

ROYAL SYDNEY YACHT SQUADRON.

A meeting of the Royal Sydney Yacht Squadron Handicap Committee was held at the clubrooms, yesterday afternoon, to arrange the course and fix the handicap for Vice-commodore M'Kellar's prize. The match is to begin with a flying start by the firing of the 1 o'clock gun, from a line between the red buoy and a flagboat, down to and round club moorings at Manly; thence round Shark Island, round Fort Denison, back to and round the Sow and Pigs; thence round Fort Denison, round Clark Island, and back to red buoy. Yachts are to be steered by members of the club, and the race to be concluded by 7 p.m., or to be re-sailed on some future day. The following handicap was arranged:—Magic and Mistral, scratch; Waitangi, 12 minutes; Daphne, 24 minutes; Doris, 35 minutes.

CRICKET.
[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

QUIRINDI, THURSDAY.

A cricket match was played here yesterday between Tamworth and the local club. Tamworth won by four wickets. Great excitement prevailed.

GLEN INNES, THURSDAY.

The Anniversary of the colony was celebrated here by a cricket match between Glen Innes and Inverell, which resulted in an easy victory for the former by one innings and 36 runs.

ANNIVERSARY DAY SPORTS.
[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

ARMIDALE, THURSDAY.

The following is the result of the second day's racing:—Selling Stakes: Small Hopes, 1. New England Cup: Barber, 9 st 6 lbs, 1; Clarendon, 7 st 10 lbs, 2; Young Australia, 5 st 7 lbs, 3. Won easily. Railway Handicap: Jupiter 1, Clarendon 2, Dan O'Connell 3. Hack Race: Playboy 1. Consolation Stakes: Bulgaria 1, Dan O'Connell 2, Sunwreath 3. Forced Handicap: Young Australia 1, Reindeer 2, Bulgaria 3. The weather kept fine, and the course was in good order. The racing throughout was splendid, with large fields, and the attendance was large.

BRAIDWOOD, THURSDAY.

Yesterday was observed as a general holiday, and picnics were held everywhere. The Oddfellows' lodges formed an amalgamated procession in Main-street, headed by the Queanbeyan brass band to the ground. The athletic sports were very largely attended. The weather was superb. In the evening an amateur performance and a ball and supper were given.

BODALLA, THURSDAY.

The Bodalla Friendly Society held their annual meeting yesterday. There was a large attendance. The outdoor sports were marred by a drizzling rain, and a dinner was decided upon, which was a success. The toast of the Parliament was responded to by Mr. G. H. Reid, M.L.A., in a telling speech. Mr. E. Bryan, secretary of the Friendly Society, gave his financial statement, which was fully satisfactory. The weather has broken, with heavy thunderstorms occasionally.

COOTAMUNDRA, THURSDAY.

Anniversary Day passed off quietly. Athletic sports were held on Albert Park. Very good prizes were given, though the competition was not so good as usual. Races were held at Bethungra, but not much interest was displayed.

BOURKE, THURSDAY.

There was a large attendance at the sports held yesterday, when £60 in prizes were competed for. The Boys' Pony Race over hurdles, four times round the course, in heats, created great amusement, and was won by Bell's piebald.

MUDGEE, THURSDAY.

Yesterday was observed as a close holiday. The hospital sports were largely attended, £31 8s. being taken at the entrance gates. The weather was very close and muggy, it now looks like rain.

ORANGE, THURSDAY.

The Anniversary Sports were fairly attended, as the weather was fine. Lucknow Maiden Plate, won by Glimpse, with Caractacus 2; the Residents' Purse by Gaylad, Quandong 2; the Town Plate by Try Again, Playboy 2; the Ladies' Purse by Caractacus, Little Dick 2; the Publicans' Purse by Melody; the Forced Handicap by Pheasant, Gaylad 2, Try Again 3. In the cricket match, Orange v. Wellington, on the Orange ground, the former won with eight wickets to spare. The scores on both sides were small; but some very good cricket was exhibited. Weather oppressive, rain much needed.

CORONER'S INQUESTS.

The acting-Coroner held an inquest yesterday, at the Champion of Freedom Hotel, Woolloomooloo, touching the death of a man named William Scotton, aged 50 years, and employed at the gasworks, Woolloomooloo, as a caretaker. The evidence showed that, on the 8th December last, deceased went to the outer yard to skim the paint off the water in the gasometer, and, for that purpose, was standing on a scaffolding about 20 feet from the ground, when he lost his footing and fell, injuring himself so severely that he died from the effects on Thursday morning. Dr. O'Reilly deposed to having attended deceased from the time of the accident, and that death had resulted from fracture of the spine. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

An inquest was held yesterday afternoon, at the Star Hotel, corner of Goulburn and Sussex streets, touching the death of a woman named Sarah Nelson. The medical evidence showed that death had resulted from fatty degeneration of the heart, and the verdict of the jury was in accordance therewith.

An inquest was held yesterday evening at the residence of Mr. Alexander Cather, farmer, North Willoughby, on the body of his late wife, Catherine Cather, aged about 52 years. The evidence showed that the deceased, who had previously been in very good health, complained of pains in her head; she had dinner about 1 o'clock, and almost immediately after she said she felt paralyzed in her right arm; she then went to her room, and in about half an hour afterwards a Mr. Jackson, who was residing in the house, hearing she was unwell, went up to her room and found her on the floor; he lifted her on to her bed and at once sent for Dr. Kyngdon, who arrived at about 3 o'clock, but the deceased died about three minutes after his arrival. By order of the acting-Coroner he made a post-mortem examination of her body, the result of which showed that the deceased died from cerebral hemorrhage. The jury returned a verdict in accordance therewith.

"OH DEAR! OH DEAR!! What Shall I Do!!!"—Redye everything with Judson's Dyes. Regild your picture frames with Judson's Gold Paint. Reblack your fenders, stoves, &c., with Judson's Artists' Black. Sold by chemists, stationers, and storekeepers everywhere.—ADV.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE SYDNEY MUSICAL UNION.

This society certainly commands the support of the public. The third concert for the present season, given last night in the Masonic Hall, was attended by an immense audience. Doubtless, the principal attraction was the presence of Miss Christian, the great contralto singer, whose head-quarters are in Melbourne. Miss Christian visited Sydney with Mme. Arabella Goddard some years ago. Since then she has visited England, and returned to Victoria within the past few months. The voyage has evidently benefited her health, and the sojourn in artistic circles has had a corresponding influence upon her singing, which is vigorous and exhilarating, and free from the only blemish which ever marred its excellence, namely, a tendency to be over pathetic. All extremes are bad; and this, at one period, made her pathos worse than sickly sentiment. We therefore hail with pleasure the disappearance of the defect, and can heartily indulge in genuine appreciation of the artist's work. Miss Christian's first solo was probably new to the largest portion of her hearers—a classic gem of the last century, by one of the Brothers Giordani, which, with the Italian words "Caro mio ben," has steadily kept its place in home concerts. Mme. Macfarren has written English words commencing with the phrase "Canst thou believe," and in its new dress the song appears in Mdme. Patey's edition of classical contralto songs. Musically, the air opens with a phrase very familiar to all Handelian students—it is the beginning of "Glory to God," "Lift up your heads," and "God save the King" in the Coronation Anthem; the phrase is repeated a third lower, and seems a distinguishing feature of the music. Miss Christian's full rich voice filled every corner of the hall. Her enunciation was perfect—every syllable distinctly audible; the tones rang out clear as those of a silver trumpet, the vocal and declamatory efforts were those of a true artist who sang with the heart and the understanding also. The applause was one prolonged acclamation, only checked by the reappearance of the singer, who gave a most characteristic rendering of "Twickenham Ferry," abounding in quiet humour. In the second part, Miss Christian chose a somewhat mournful ballad, composed for, and dedicated to, Mrs. Osgood by Arthur Sullivan. "My dearest Heart," is written in one of the sad veins of this favourite composer of songs; it is quaintly melodious, and eminently suited to the vocalist. A second triumph awaited her at its close, and a second encore was given; we do not know its title, but it sets forth the varying charms of life in age and at "twenty-one," and served as an excellent contrast to the other numbers. Miss Christian appeared a third time in a miscellaneous duet of Donizetti, "L'Addio," in which she was joined by Mr. Bushelle. This was less successful, but through no fault of the singers.

In pleasing the audience, Mr. Sydney Moss undoubtedly was second only to Miss Christian. The conductor of the society on this occasion laid aside the bâton, acted as general director, accompanist, and solo pianist. In the last named capacity Mr. Moss is invariably heard at his best, of which last night's performance was a brilliant proof. The first part included "Abends," by Joachim Raff, and the second a "Valse Caprice," by Rubinstein; the latter has been played several times in public, and gains in favour with each repetition. Mr. Moss's interpretation was refined, scholarly, and effective. Of Raff's music it is difficult to speak after once hearing, unless the text is at hand; the solo pleased very much; the second solo was a paraphrase of the song of Senta, the heroine in Wagner's "Flying Dutchman," which was marked by an intelligent conception of the composer's meaning well elaborated on the piano; in response to the encore, Mr. Moss gave an air by Ghys, of the time of Louis XIII.—a quaint gavotte-like measure, which was very acceptable. Mr. Moss also took the pianoforte part in Mozart's quartet in G minor for piano, two violins, and 'cello. The *Allegro* movement was given for the opening of the first part, the *andante* and *finale* for the commencement of the second part. All Mozart's quartets and compositions are marked by inexhaustible resources in melody and graceful handling of the subjects by the instruments employed. If we mistake not this composition belongs to 1785, the year distinguished by the production of string music, pianoforte concertos, and a set of quartets dedicated to Haydn. The andante is the most enjoyable movement for a miscellaneous audience. Mr. John Bushelle sang a recitative and aria from Gounod's opera "La Reine de Saba" (which, though preluded by "Faust," did not succeed), calculated to show to advantage the singer's range of voice, and at the same time to expose the inequality of his register; some passages were very rough and inartistic; in others all labour disappeared with manifest improvement in effect, and the concluding notes were round and full as the tones of a deep organ pipe. A gentleman amateur with a high tenor voice sang, "No tongue can tell," which his friends warmly applauded, though some persons in the centre of the room sent forth sibilant sounds more strongly indicative of musical courage than of social gallantry; with good training and a regular system of public appearances the singer may become valuable as a soloist. The two remaining numbers were the only ones in which the society as a body took part. Mendelssohn's "Hear my prayer," was sung by the chorus to Mr. Moss's accompaniment; the solo was undertaken by a soprano singer, who took a prominent part in some of the concerts in the Garden Palace. There the building was made responsible for many shortcomings; in the Masonic Hall the part of the solo performance which called for praise was the courage displayed by the singer. Coming immediately after Miss Christian the ordeal was a severe one; the young lady has talent, and very probably a good voice, though this was not audible, as the closed teeth permitted only a portion to escape, and the quality of that suffered in the effort. The chorus sang better than on the last performance of this favourite composition, and were thoroughly obedient to the slightest sign from the pianist. Their second effort, Hauptmann's motet and chorus, was delayed for some moments by the stream of persons which was set in motion directly after the duet by Miss Christian and Mr. Bushelle; when order was restored, the want of accord in the quartet of vocalists was painfully apparent; the lady contralto was the chief offender—she was "flat" throughout. The chorus took up their work with spirit, and though the parts are unevenly balanced the members showed themselves thoroughly efficient, and made it clear that the Sydney Musical Union is a valuable contingent to the choral forces of the Sacred Choral Association. The unsuitability of the Masonic Hall for choral performances was very manifest last night. The platform compels the placing of the piano so that the pianist has his back to the singer, whether in solo or chorus; if the latter is employed, he is driven to a "Jack-in-the-box" motion, suggestive of anything but dignity, before he can communicate with his forces. The concert, on the whole, was very enjoyable, and the result, financially, must be most gratifying.

PROTESTANT HALL.

The Euphonic Orchestral Society gave their New Year's concert in the Protestant Hall last night, under the most favourable circumstances. The building was crowded with patrons, evidently determined to enjoy the amusement provided, and succeeding fully in that laudable intention; and the various contributors to the programme as a rule, thoroughly merited the confidence their audience accorded them. The society can, therefore, consider it has added another to the long list of successful entertainments given under its auspices, and it is to be hoped it will be encouraged to persevere in its career of usefulness. There were very many well known names among the performers, and many which bid fair shortly to merit our better acquaintance. The programme was very long; but the enthusiasm of the audience had no regard for that, and lengthened the concert considerably by repeated encores. Mr. Henry Graham conducted an extensive and complete orchestra, and among the pianists were Herr Alpin and the Misses Whomes, R.A.M., and E. Godwin.

GOOD TEMPLARY.

The Good Templars' grand gala on Wednesday was both a great undertaking and a great success. At least a thousand children—some people estimated the number at 1200—assembled next Prince Albert's statue, in Hyde Park, and preceded by the band of the Permanent Force, under sergeant Pennell, marched in excellent order to the Garden Palace. The programme embraced a variety of sports, but the chief attraction was the concert, comprising both secular and sacred song, under the direction of Mr. M'Cormick, Mr. T. W. Craven presiding at the organ, and Madame C. Fraser accompanist. The performances, both vocal and instrumental, were highly appreciated, some of which received imperative demands for *encore*. Suitable addresses were delivered by Mr. Grand Chief Wright, by the Hon. W. M. K. Vale, of Victoria, the Hon. Sir Henry Parkes, and other gentlemen of position. Of the catering it is only necessary to say, in regard to quality, that it was under the supervision of Mr. Hughes, the manager of the coffee palaces, while the prices were extremely moderate. Opportunity was taken of presenting to Mr. T. L. Nicholson a handsome gold watch, in token of the appreciation of the ability with which he had done the "getting up" of the whole demonstration. It may be well to mention that the gala and demonstration was held by the I. O. G. T. under the R. W. G. L. of the World only, and not in connection with any other temperance society.

At the School of Arts to-night Little Mattie, one of the principal members of the "Mattie Taylor Troupe," takes a benefit. There is to be a complete change of programme for the occasion, and several artists, in addition to those composing the troupe, have proffered their services.

HYDE PARK.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—Great improvements have lately been effected in Hyde Park by the asphalting of most of the principal paths leading through it; but why has one been neglected, and one which has an immense amount of traffic, viz., that west of the park (just inside the railings), and leading from Liverpool-street to Market-street? This, I think, should be asphalted, as in wet weather, more especially, it becomes quite unfit for use. I am, &c.,

A RESIDENT.

As good villa sites, occupying an elevated position, near to the station, and surrounded by good properties, and good roads, we know of none better than those at Burwood, to be sold at auction, next Saturday, on the ground, by Hardie and Gorman. The blocks are large, with great depths; the title Torrens' Act, and the terms easy. Lithos. may be obtained at the Rooms.—ADV.

LAW REPORT.

INSOLVENCY COURT.—THURSDAY, JAN. 27.

SURRENDER.

William Ambrose Mappin, of Charles-street, Newtown, printer. Liabilities, £2455 11s. 1d. Assets, £5. Mr. Lloyd, official assignee.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—THURSDAY.
(*Before Mr. District Court Judge* DOWLING.)
Mr. F. E. Rogers prosecuted for the Crown.

JURYMEN FINED.

Thomas Baker, Fitzroy-street, and Francis W. Cooke, Crescent-street, were fined 40s. each for not appearing to serve as jurymen when called upon to do so.

GUILTY.

The following prisoners pleaded guilty and were remanded for sentence:—*Henry Crosbie*, stealing from a dwelling-house; *John Gannon*, forging and uttering; *John Chambers*, feloniously wounding; *William Ball* larceny; *Henry Brown*, obtaining goods by false pretences; and *Henry Hampton*, stealing a saddle and bridle.

ALLEGED STEALING A WATCH.

William M'Anally was charged with stealing a watch and chain of the value of £4, the property of Sydney Vines. The evidence for the Crown was that Vines was informed by his wife that the prisoner had stolen the watch, and that on his asking the prisoner for it the latter said, "I took your watch; I cannot give it to you just now, but I will get it back for you." This evidence was not supported, and the prisoner was found not guilty and discharged.

PERSONATION.

Edward Cuthbert, who was remanded for sentence from last session on the charge of personation at the late elections, was sentenced to pay a fine of £50, or be imprisoned for six months. His Honor in passing sentence remarked that the passage which had been dwelt upon when the person who had suggested this crime to Cuthbert was brought up at the police court was never meant to bear the interpretation put on it but still this person was not committed for trial.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

Henry Pilling, who pleaded guilty to having attempted suicide, was discharged on his finding a surety in £40 that he would keep the peace for six months. Several people, including Mr. Slattery, gave him an excellent character but for the vice which had led him to attempt suicide—drink—and Pilling has now taken the pledge for life.

RESISTING THE POLICE.

Joseph Fitzgerald was charged with resisting constable Rowles in the execution of his duty and assaulting him. Mr. Slattery appeared for the defence. The evidence for the Crown showed that the prisoner had interfered and rescued a man whom the constable had arrested. Mr. Slattery contended that the prisoner should have been dealt with in the Police Court under the Vagrant Act, Victoria, No. 4. The jury found the prisoner guilty on both counts, and he was sentenced to pay a fine of £3, and to be imprisoned until it was paid.

LARCENY.

James Richards was charged with stealing, on the 27th January, a watch chain, the property of Isaac Jacobs and Co. The evidence was that the prisoner called at the prosecutor's establishment, and said he wished to buy £800 worth of jewellery. A quantity was shown him, and he selected a number of articles. Among the stock brought out were 15 gold albert chains, and after having counted them three times, Mr. Grosse, who was serving him, left the room to summon another salesman. On his return he found that only 14 alberts were on the counter, and the prisoner on being charged with stealing the fifteenth one, produced it, and said he would pay for it. He then tried to leave he room, but the door was held by a spring-lock, and a constable was sent for. On being searched it was found that he had only a silver watch and 2s. on him, so that he could scarcely have paid for the albert. He tried to escape but was quickly re-arrested. His defence was a denial of the evidence for the prosecution, and after a brief retirement the jury found him guilty, but recommended him to mercy on account of the prosecutor leaving so many valuables unguarded before a man he suspected of wishing to commit theft. The prisoner was remanded for sentence.

STEALING FROM A DWELLING.

Henry Williams pleaded not guilty to the charge of stealing twelve shirts of the value of 10s. each, and one skirt of the value of 10s., the property of Arthur William Sutton; and one petticoat, a collar, and a nightdress of the value of 21s., the property of Alice Tapp, from the dwelling of A. W. Sutton, on the 27th January. The evidence was conclusive, and the prisoner being found guilty, was remanded for sentence.

ROBBERY.

William Baker was charged with stealing £53, the property of James Taylor, on December 28, 1880. Mr. Pitcairn prosecuted for the Crown. The prosecutor, an old feeble man, who occupied the same room with the prisoner at the lodging-house, had a £50 note and some sovereigns concealed in his vest. This £50 he had procured from the Commercial Bank for smaller notes, and the teller identified him as the man to whom he had paid the note. This note was returned to the Commercial Bank from the City Bank. James Power, landlord of the Hibernia Hotel, Cumberland-street, had been shown a £50 note by the prisoner, and when the latter was arrested several City Bank notes were found on him, though the night before the robbery he had told his landlady that he was penniless. He was found guilty and was remanded for sentence.

LARCENY.

Charley Mahomet, an East Indian, pleaded not guilty to the charge of stealing, on the 7th October, a quantity of cordials and condiments, of the value of £24, the property of Sheik Budrodeen, William-street. The Rev. Dr. Wazir Beg interpreted. The prisoner, who was employed by the prosecutor, was entrusted with the articles to sell in Bathurst. He went to Bathurst, but did not return at the end of a week; and a fortnight afterwards Budrodeen went to Bathurst and found his agent was not there. Budrodeen did not see Mahomet then, until the latter was charged at the Water Police Court with the theft, and Mahomet then said he would work for him for nothing until the value of the goods was cleared off. The jury found the prisoner guilty of embezzlement, and he was sentenced to six months' imprisonment with hard labour.

The following is the list for to-day:—Walter Everett Stone, false pretences; John Coughlan, stealing in a dwelling; Arthur George Richmond, false pretences; Lorenzo Jarrett, false pretences; Edward M'Cormack, feloniously wounding; John Beech, larceny; Sophia Abrahams, stealing from the person; Henry Woods and another, burglary; Charles Read, stealing in a dwelling; Patrick Connor, assault with intent to rob.

LAW NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—FRIDAY, JANUARY 28.

Chamber List.—Fenning and another v. Corrigan; in re Alexander W. West, gentleman, one, &c.; Lane v. Rawlings; in re James Mann, Manson and another v. Arnold.

POLICE.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

The Bench was composed yesterday, on the Criminal side by Messrs. Penfold and Smithers, and on the Summons side by Messrs. Beaumont and Stanley.

Sarah Ann Clarke, for offending against decency in Belmore Garden, between 11 and 12 at night, was sentenced to pay 40s., or to be imprisoned seven days.

James Martin was summarily convicted of having stolen a pair of boots, valued at 10s. 6d., the property of George Gardiner, and was sentenced to pay a penalty of 20s., or to be imprisoned seven days.

Michael Healy, 15, was summarily convicted of having stolen five ducks, of the value of 15s., the property of Elizabeth Drew, and a basket of vegetables, valued at 7s. 6d., the property of Ah Chuck, a Chinese. It was by no means his first appearance before the Bench, and it was said his father is a man of property. The Bench, in order to give his father an opportunity of keeping him out of gaol, imposed in each case a penalty of 20s., or in default of payment to be imprisoned 14 days.

Catherine O'Shaughnessy, charged with having stolen eleven silk scarfs, valued at 28s. 3d., pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to pay a penalty of 20s., or to be imprisoned 14 days.

On the summons side Thomas Field pleaded guilty to an information in which R. A. Dempster, the inspector of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, charged him with cruelly illtreating a cow, and was ordered to pay a penalty of 20s., with 20s. for costs. In Edwards v. Edwards, a suit for maintenance, an order was made for payment of 10s. a week.

WATER POLICE COURT.

Yesterday, the bench in the Charge Court was occupied by Messrs. Solomon, Hale, and Carpenter; and in the Summons Court by Messrs. Charlton, Dean, and M'Beath.

William Lloyd pleaded guilty to wilfully destroying a padlock, valued 4s. 6d., the property of the Newcastle Steamship Company, and was ordered to pay the amount of the damage, or to suffer seven days' imprisonment. The offender destroyed the padlock while trying to get through the wicket-gate of the company's premises, at Lime-street, on Anniversary Day.

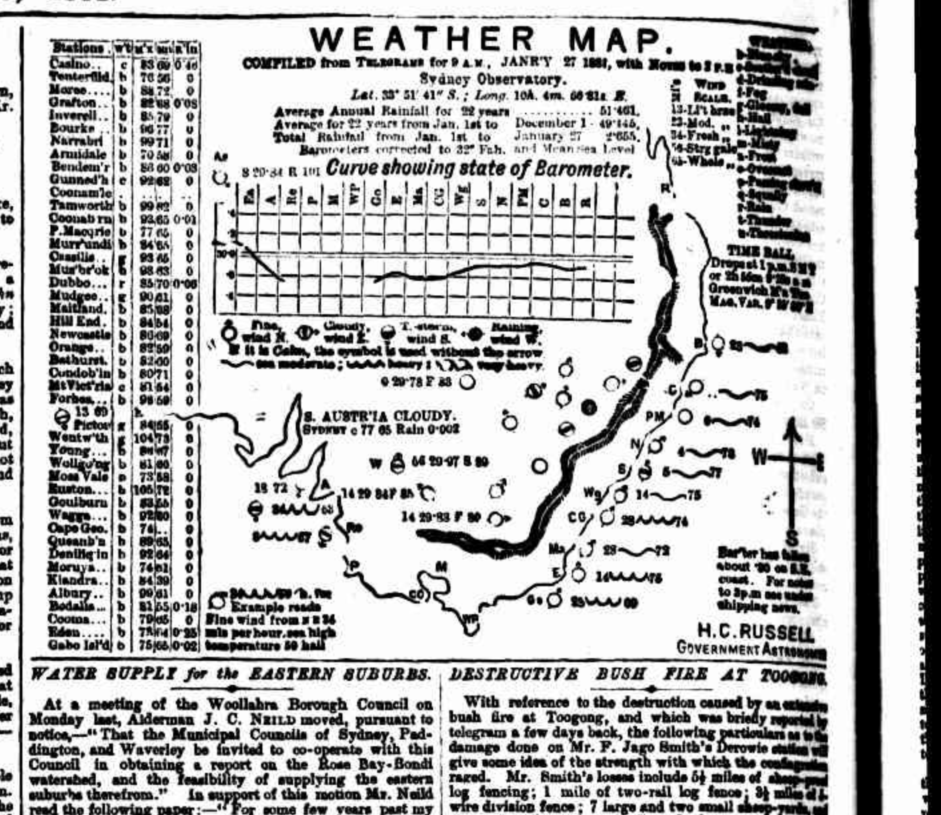
George Brown was charged with stealing a pair of shoes, valued at 10s., the property of William Keegan, and on pleading guilty he was ordered to be imprisoned till 6 o'clock.

In the Summons Court, Caroline Holdcroft proceeded against Margaret Morrissey for an unlawful assault. The complainant, who was in the employ of a Mrs. Hennessy, stated that on the 21st instant the defendant entered the kitchen and struck her with her clenched fist, bumped her against a filter and dresser, and pulled a quantity of her hair out by the roots. Complainant had been very ill ever since, and was still unable to do her work. She gave the defendant no provocation whatever. Elizabeth Adams, who witnessed the assault, corroborated the evidence of the complainant. For the defence it was sought to be shown that the complainant was impudent to defendant. The Bench, however, adjudged Morrissey guilty of an aggravated assault, and ordered her to pay a fine of 60s., with 5s. 10d. costs; or, in default of payment, 14 days' imprisonment.

Warrants of possession were ordered to issue, after seven days, in the following tenancy cases:—A. A. Fitzpatrick against John Toohey, William Jefferies against Michael Cunningham, Christian Kehler against Mrs. Mullens, and the same against Mrs. M'Grath.

NEWTOWN POLICE COURT.

Mr. W. Crane, P.M., occupied the bench yesterday. In the Small Debts Court there were 28 cases dealt with. Verdicts for the plaintiffs were given in 15 cases, four paid, in three cases there were no appearance, three were settled by consent, one settled out of court, one not served, and one in continuance.



WATER SUPPLY for the EASTERN SUBURBS.

At a meeting of the Woollahra Borough Council on Monday last, Alderman J. C. NEILD moved, pursuant to notice,—"That the Municipal Councils of Sydney, Paddington, and Waverley be invited to co-operate with this Council in obtaining a report on the Rose Bay-Bondi watershed, and the feasibility of supplying the eastern suburbs therefrom." In support of this motion Mr. Neild read the following paper:—"For some few years past my attention has been drawn to the lagoons and swamps lying between Rose Bay and Bondi, as a possible source of water supply for the eastern suburbs, and the recently published letters of Mr. Horbury Hunt and others have induced me to bring the matter before this Council in a definite form. It must be patent to all that the eastern suburbs stand in need of a water supply other than that afforded by the Lachlan and Botany swamps, for the quantity of water from these localities is, in long continued dry weather, so limited that the present position of affairs, viz., dry mains and an empty reservoir, may continue indefinitely, or may be repeated in the future; while the prospect of a supply from the Nepean is altogether too remote to enter into present calculations. The proposition which I beg to submit for consideration is briefly as follows, viz.:—1. The construction of a dam or embankment to prevent the flow of water from the Rose Bay-Bondi watershed into Port Jackson. 2. The erection of pumping machinery to lift the water from the lowest level of the watershed to the top of the Belle Vue Ridge. 3. A line of pipes from the pumping station to a cistern to be constructed on the said ridge, at an elevation of say 300 feet above sea level. 4. The construction of a conduit*—lined with brickwork where necessary, and covered in to prevent pollution of water—from said cistern to a point near the head of the Edgecliffe Gully, and from thence a line of pipes to connect with the mains laid from the Woollahra reservoir, at the head of Ocean-street. The receiving cistern on Belle Vue Hill being say 30 feet above the level of the Woollahra reservoir, the water would flow by gravitation from the former to the latter, after the water mains in the district were charged. I am not aware whether the mains laid from the Woollahra reservoir connect in any way with the city mains. If there is any such connection, it would, of course, be necessary to sever it, as otherwise the water would run first to the lower levels of the city. Expense.—The outlay for the works named would not be heavy, and whenever the Nepean scheme is complete, the pipes and pumping machinery would doubtless find a ready sale for some of the contemplated water supply works for the country towns. Meanwhile, the water rates from Paddington, Woollahra, and portion of Waverley would amount to a sum amply sufficient to pay current expenses, and interest upon the whole works, including the Woollahra reservoir and existing mains. As I believe that the powers possessed by the City Council are not sufficient to enable that body to enter upon the work, I beg to suggest that the Government should be asked to introduce a bill placing the management of this water scheme in the hands of a Board, consisting of members of the municipal councils interested. The bill to authorise the said councils to contribute to the necessary outlay in proportions to be adjusted, and in like manner to divide the amount received as water rates. It would also be necessary to provide in said bill for an equitable rental to be paid for the land required for the works, or else the Government might resume the necessary land under the Act recently passed. I have left to the last the all-important question of the quantity of water obtainable from the Rose Bay-Bondi watershed, for the simple reason that I believe that the matter needs no argument. The catchment area is ample; the formation chiefly of sand-hills similar to those on the Botany watershed; and the quality of the water is understood to be all that is desirable. In conclusion, I have only to express my regret that I am compelled to present this important matter in such a crude form, but having had no opportunity of consulting any professional, or even amateur authority, I am obliged to content myself with this brief and imperfect outline of my scheme, for supplying the eastern suburbs with water from the Rose Bay-Bondi swamps."

A short discussion ensued, Alderman BOGIE opposing the motion. He stated that until about five years ago there were two regular streams, always to be depended upon, flowing from the watershed into Rose Bay. Latterly the character of the watershed appeared to have changed, and become very much drier.

Alderman BUTCHER referred to a photograph of an artesian well, which Alderman Moore, of the City Council, had recently brought from Melbourne, and remarked that he thought it would be a good thing to have an artesian well somewhere in Woollahra.

Alderman SLADEN spoke of springs at Watson's Bay, and of one on the top of the highest peak at Norfolk Island.

The MAYOR (Mr. W. J. Trickett) said he should express no opinion.

Mr. NEILD, in reply, said that Alderman Bogie's remarks confirmed his opinion of the value of the watershed, inasmuch as until that portion of it adjacent to Rose Bay was occupied by market gardeners, and drained, there was evidently abundance of water; and he asked how much water there would be at Botany were it not for the retaining dams? The motion lapsed for want of a seconder.

* As the works would be avowedly of a temporary character, it might be best to use pipes throughout, as these might be sold when no longer required, or otherwise utilized.

COMMERCIAL.

WOOL SALES.—THURSDAY.

By Mr. John Bridge.—K, 17 greasy at 9½d; M Hayes, 5 fleece at 16½d, 10 greasy at 7½d; JD, 13 at 8d; JB over S, 6 handwashed lambs at 8d; BJ over T, 2 bundles sheepskins at 5d; WF, 3 at 2½d; JB over S, lot at 5d, 2 at 3d; M and H, lot at 3½d; BJ (J reversed) over T, lot at 1¼d; Add over G, 1 at 3½d; F, 1 at 4d; TM over S, 1 at 6½d; RK over E, 1 at 4½d; WG, 3 at 3d; J, 4 at 3d; M, lot at 3d; M&H, 6 at 6d; CW, 1 at 3d; TJ, 7 at 3½d; F, 6 at 3½d.

By Messrs. Maiden, Hill, and Clark.—Wool: RW, 5 bales greasy at 9½d; SJK over Pamerman, 15 at 8d; LA, 5 scoured pieces at 12½d; DMcR over Turec, 6 scoured bellies at 15½d; MTK over Wingidgeon, 9 greasy at 8d; MU over C, 5 greasy at 8d; PS over Cadogan, 6 scoured fleece at 16½d; TG over Collingwood, 5 scoured pieces at 13½d; HKD over Burnett, 21 greasy at 7¾d; B (reversed) H conjoined, 283 bales greasy at 9½d. B, 7 black salted skins at 1s; BP, 30 salted pelts at 10d; BBB, 23 salted skins at 1s 4d; J over stroke, 1 bundle skins at 4½d; K, 1 at 5d, 1 at 4d; JK, 3 at 3½d; A on leather, 1 at 4½d; BBB, 2 at 4d; CC over C, 6 at 4d; JD, 3 at 3d, 1 at 4½d; HHB, 4 at 6½d; K, 1 pelts at 2½d; JK, 3 at 2½d; W, 7 at 5d; S, 6 at 3½d; WW over W, 8 at 2½d; EP, 6 at 4d, M'C, 9 at 2d; DB, 1 pieces at 1d; H, 1 at 1s, 1 at 5½d.

By Mr. F. L. Barker.—Wool: Cammaroo, 8 bales greasy locks and pieces at 3½d; E over AMK, 6 greasy at 9d; H over AMK, 5 at 9d; WPF over W, 5 at 7d, 6 at 7½d; MG over W, 9 at 8½d; Je 10 scoured 3rds at 8½d; JK, 5 mixed scoured at 7d; PVP, 6 greasy at 7½d; B, 5 at 7½d; B, 6 at 6½d; WP, 5 at 6d; MD conjoined, 7 washed fleece at 13d; C, 7 pockets washed at 11d. Oddments sold at the following prices:—3d, 5d, 6½d, 4½d, 3½d, 9d, 9d, 5½d, 7d, 8½d, 5d, 8½d, 7¾d, 7¾d, 7d, 6½d, 7½d, 11d, besides 30 bags. Sheepskins: SC, 1 bale at 7d; AW, 6 at 3d; HTL, 3 at 5½d; OH, 6 at 2½d, 2 at 6d; CS, 6 bales at 3d; GH, 5 at 2½d, 1 at 8½d; MG over W, 1 at 5½d; S in circle, 4 at 4d; Tin, 2 at 4d; ID, 4 at 6½d; J&C, 1 at 1½d; C, 3 at 4½d; C, 1 at 1½d.

MAITLAND FAT STOCK MARKET.
[BY TELEGRAPH.]

WEST MAITLAND, THURSDAY.

Messrs. Brunker and Wolfe's sales at Campbell's Hill yards, to-day, were—253 cattle, 490 sheep, 7 pigs, 28 horses. Best bullocks sold from £3 to £4 1s 6d; wethers, 8s 3d to 9s 6d; pigs, 15s 6d each; horses from £5 to £29.

MELBOURNE FAT STOCK MARKET.
[BY TELEGRAPH.]

MELBOURNE, THURSDAY.

Messrs. King and Cunningham report:—2280 cattle for the week, and in consequence of the large number there were two days' sales. Prices were lower by about 15s per head. Best pens of bullocks, £7 to £9; good, £5 10s to £6 10s; medium, £4 to £4 10s. We sold 100 of prime quality, from Gippsland. Sheep: 17,500 offered, best firmer, others unaltered; best merinos, 8s to 10s. We sold some Victorian lots; also, 20,000 ewes and 400 rams on the Warrego, for the New Zealand and Australian Land Company.

Messrs. R. Gibson and Co. report:—Fat Cattle: 2500 head forward and disposed of yesterday and to-day, the quality being chiefly medium and good. Prices, as compared with last week's rates, show a decline of about 10s—best pens of bullocks making £7 to £8; good, £6; best cows, £3 10s. We sold 300 for various owners. Sheep: 17,000, principally of second-class descriptions. All suitable for trade requirements made last week's values, others slightly easier. Best merino wethers, 60 to 64 lbs., making 9s to 9s 6d. We sold 4300 for different owners.

NEXT MONDAY, at the Rooms, auction sale of 59 allotments, Brellisford's Estate (Thursby Estate), Newtown Railway Station. Terms, 10 per cent. deposit, 15 per cent. in 3 months without interest; balance in 3 years, interest 6 per cent. Send or call for a litho., as the whole of the property will be disposed of on next Monday. Hardie and Gorman, auctioneers.—ADV.

DESTRUCTIVE BUSH FIRE AT TOOGONG.

With reference to the destruction caused by an extensive bush fire at Toogong, and which was briefly reported by telegram a few days back, the following particulars as to the damage done on Mr. F. Jago Smith's Derowie station will give some idea of the strength with which the conflagration raged. Mr. Smith's losses include 5½ miles of sheep-proof log fencing; 1 mile of two-rail log fence; 3½ miles of 4-wire division fence; 7 large and two small sheep-yards, and about 7 miles of two-rail and three-rail split fence, which were utterly and entirely burned. The grass of the paddocks, in all about 5000 acres, was also burned. Mr. Smith further writes:—"I never saw such destruction done by a fire before; half the trees are burned down, both dead and green ones. All the tops of the large green trees are scorched, and they tell me that the flames were from 30 to 40 feet high, and that in the thistles they were as high as the tops of the large trees. The wind was blowing a gale, and the fire travelled faster than a horse could gallop. It started from Redbank across the Mandagery, and in half-an-hour was in Toogong. Then the wind changed, and in about half-an-hour it was round Derowie and at Lower Barrigan. The hayshed was saved almost by a miracle, though the fire got within four feet of it before it could be stopped. All the women cleared out into the bush. They thought the buildings would be burned over their heads, and the smoke was so dense that we had to walk round the house to be sure that it was not on fire. The rooms, though closed up, were full of the burned cinders from the thistles. A mile of the new fence at Lower Barrigan was also entirely burned, and 200 or 300 acres of grass; and, if the shower had not come on, all Barrigan—farms, fences, and stacks, and my two paddocks at Upper Barrigan—would certainly have been swept away. There were out in different places about 100 men to check the fire, but they could do very little. Opossums and kangaroo rats were burnt to death in scores; and pigs, fowls, ducks, &c., and even some birds, shared the same fate. At one time the tops of the gum trees were burning fiercely."

RAINFALL RETURN FOR DECEMBER, 1880.

Stations.	Distance from east coast, miles.	Mean Maximum.	Mean Minimum.	Rainfall.	No. of Days.	Greatest fall in one day.	Date.	Total since Jan. 1.
Maryland ...	92	78·1	56·1	2·66	5	1·86	[illegible]	[illegible]
Casino ...	28	87·9	62·6	1·76	7	0·79	[illegible]	[illegible]
Trigamon ...	160	94·9	63·7	1·39	6	0·38	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tenterfield ...	80	79·5	50·3	2·36	8	1·56	[illegible]	[illegible]
Yallaroi ...	121	92·0	64·5	1·11	5	0·88	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dumble ...	351	98·2	59·3	1·03	2	0·90	[illegible]	[illegible]
Clarence R. Heads	0	78·7	70·5	0·58	4	0·18	[illegible]	[illegible]
Moree ...	204	88·0	75·2	1·45	6	0·55	[illegible]	[illegible]
Warialda ...	163	95·0	56·9	3·67	7	1·82	[illegible]	[illegible]
Myall Creek ...	150	89·5	63·3	2·45	9	0·83	[illegible]	[illegible]
Grafton ...	22	86·6	62·6	1·38	7	0·83	[illegible]	[illegible]
Noocleche ...	486	...	...	0·00	0	...	...	[illegible]
Reedy Creek ...	144	87·5	61·5	2·96	11	0·40	[illegible]	[illegible]
Inverell ...	124	84·1	59·4	0·69	5	0·35	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bingera ...	153	90·0	60·5	3·00	10	1·27	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gingie ...	296	97·6	...	1·00	2	1·23	[illegible]	[illegible]
Walgett ...	280	99·5	68·9	1·31	2	0·80	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bourke ...	393	101·2	69·6	0·01	1	...	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gilgoin ...	318	97·9	66·7	0·15	1	0·15	[illegible]	[illegible]
Narrabri ...	196	98·2	68·6	1·74	4	0·87	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eversleigh ...	80	84·1	56·4	1·30	7	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Armidale ...	74	84·6	53·6	1·41	4	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Goorianawa ...	213	91·9	66·6	1·09	8	0·64	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bendemeer ...	110	87·1	54·1	1·57	4	0·75	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coonamble ...	235	96·4	65·5	0·64	2	0·38	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tulcumbah ...	137	94·6	64·4	1·09	5	0·74	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coomoo Coomoo	165	91·8	65·6	1·20	3	0·90	[illegible]	[illegible]
Walcha ...	83	75·6	51·4	1·27	4	0·41	[illegible]	[illegible]
Goolhi ...	167	94·1	65·4	3·03	7	1·27	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tamworth ...	116	106·0	56·7	1·03	3	0·80	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coonabarabran	185	93·0	65·6	1·58	4	0·94	[illegible]	[illegible]
Port Macquarie	0	77·9	63·5	1·60	4	0·80	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mena Murtee ...	...	105·5	74·5	0·15	1	0·15	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nyngan ...	270	90·7	66·1	0·00	0	...	...	[illegible]
Canonbar ...	270	102·2	75·6	0·10	1	0·10	[illegible]	[illegible]
Florida ...	320	...	...	0·00	0	...	...	[illegible]
The Meadows ...	...	...	...	0·00	0	...	...	[illegible]
Caigan ...	167	...	...	1·25	1	1·25	[illegible]	[illegible]
Llangollen ...	124	...	...	3·67	4	1·75	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wingen ...	85	85·0	[illegible]	2·98	6	0·90	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Priory ...	314	...	...	0·10	1	0·10	[illegible]	[illegible]
Scone ...	78	[illegible]	61·3	1·99	5	0·85	[illegible]	[illegible]
Paddington ...	378	...	...	0·96	2	0·88	[illegible]	[illegible]
Panjee ...	280	92·4	65·9	0·00	0	...	...	[illegible]
Muswellbrook ...	68	94·3	59·7	0·99	5	0·45	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dubbo ...	182	93·1	65·5	0·33	1	0·33	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bylong ...	100	...	...	1·38	6	0·64	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mudgee ...	121	93·7	55·5	1·19	3	0·60	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jumble Plains ...	344	...	...	0·51	1	0·51	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lee Station ...	...	88·0	66·0	1·40	4	1·00	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rothbury ...	31	89·4	64·7	1·86	3	1·07	[illegible]	[illegible]
Melrose ...	290	95·3	64·7	0·66	3	0·50	[illegible]	[illegible]
West Maitland ...	18	90·2	66·5	1·25	3	1·00	[illegible]	[illegible]
Burra Burra ...	224	...	...	0·63	2	0·53	[illegible]	[illegible]
Newcastle ...	0	82·5	69·2	1·88	3	1·65	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orange ...	124	80·7	53·0	1·29	4	0·51	[illegible]	[illegible]
Clare ...	335	...	...	0·81	1	0·80	[illegible]	[illegible]
Athel ...	160	...	...	0·72	3	0·60	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bathurst ...	98	86·0	61·9	0·67	4	0·37	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tarcoola ...	450	...	...	0·00	0	...	...	[illegible]
Panbas ...	...	...	...	0·60	4	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gosford ...	7	80·9	65·7	0·64	3	0·40	[illegible]	[illegible]
Forbes ...	176	98·5	62·8	0·65	3	0·40	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coorwull ...	70	78·4	60·1	0·76	1	0·76	[illegible]	[illegible]
Till Till ...	396	94·9	62·9	0·26	1	0·26	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kurrajong Heights	35	72·2	58·5	1·19	6	0·65	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mount Victoria ...	61	81·5	51·4	1·35	3	0·65	[illegible]	[illegible]
Emu Plains ...	38	88·6	63·5	0·73	4	0·35	[illegible]	[illegible]
Naradhan ...	240	...	...	0·00	0	...	...	[illegible]
Gladesville ...	9	79·5	60·9	0·75	5	0·67	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sydney ...	5	77·2	62·6	0·73	5	0·36	[illegible]	[illegible]
Croydon ...	9	88·4	57·6	0·67	5	0·25	[illegible]	[illegible]
Camden Park ...	21	85·9	57·8	0·55	7	0·25	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ulonga ...	320	...	...	0·31	1	0·31	[illegible]	[illegible]
Burtundy ...	...	...	...	0·21	1	0·21	[illegible]	[illegible]
Arumpo ...	...	...	...	0·35	1	0·35	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wentworth ...	476	91·8	57·1	0·42	2	0·21	[illegible]	[illegible]
Picton ...	21	84·6	55·9	2·01	6	1·00	[illegible]	[illegible]
Buddigower ...	302	...	...	0·81	2	1·11	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nepean Towers ...	15	79·4	58·6	0·60	4	0·30	[illegible]	[illegible]
Young ...	160	84·9	58·7	0·50	3	0·36	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cordeaux River ...	6	75·0	...	0·64	5	0·27	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wollongong ...	0	77·2	68·2	0·65	4	0·27	[illegible]	[illegible]
Springfield ...	4	77·3	59·1	0·64	7	0·23	[illegible]	[illegible]
Togannain ...	260	...	...	0·28	1	0·28	[illegible]	[illegible]
Moss Vale ...	81	80·0	54·6	1·06	7	0·51	[illegible]	[illegible]
Euston ...	422	94·1	58·2	0·45	2	0·37	[illegible]	[illegible]
Balranald ...	370	...	...	0·21	1	0·21	[illegible]	[illegible]
Yanko ...	322	...	...	0·27	2	0·20	[illegible]	[illegible]
Goulburn ...	84	85·5	60·8	1·16	5	0·72	[illegible]	[illegible]
Yamma ...	233	...	...	0·27	2	0·23	[illegible]	[illegible]
Willurah ...	304	...	...	0·20	1	0·20	[illegible]	[illegible]
Warwillah ...	282	...	...	0·18	1	0·13	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gundaroo ...	70	...	...	2·76	5	0·60	[illegible]	[illegible]
Widgiewa ...	218	...	...	0·28	2	0·20	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wagga Wagga ...	161	89·4	52·1	1·39	2	0·74	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cape St. George	0	73·6	...	0·74	4	0·41	[illegible]	[illegible]
Milton ...	1	76·5	65·3	0·96	7	0·40	[illegible]	[illegible]
Puckawidgee ...	274	...	...	0·21	2	0·16	[illegible]	[illegible]
Queanbeyan ...	60	90·1	58·7	1·59	3	0·65	[illegible]	[illegible]
Urana ...	218	81·4	73·4	0·00	0	...	...	[illegible]
Jerilderie ...	248	...	...	0·45	1	...	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coree Station ...	256	88·5	58·8	0·34	2	0·30	[illegible]	[illegible]
Braidwood ...	26	...	...	0·92	5	0·60	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kyamba ...	194	93·3	50·0	0·99	5	0·71	[illegible]	[illegible]
Deniliquin ...	297	89·7	53·3	0·19	1	0·19	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lalaltee ...	238	90·0	53·0	0·35	2	0·25	[illegible]	[illegible]
Moruya Heads ...	0	72·9	56·9	1·43	5	0·76	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mulwala ...	231	...	...	0·57	3	0·37	[illegible]	[illegible]
Collindina ...	210	...	...	0·68	2	0·49	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bodalla ...	7	80·3	62·8	1·89	5	1·06	[illegible]	[illegible]
Moama ...	290	87·9	55·8	0·76	3	0·73	[illegible]	[illegible]
Albury ...	178	91·7	53·2	0·65	3	0·48	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cooma ...	82	83·9	47·5	0·81	5	0·60	[illegible]	[illegible]
The "Grange" ...	49	...	...	0·89	6	0·45	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bukalong ...	36	76·4	48·7	1·99	4	1·13	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eden ...	0	73·8	56·8	1·77	6	0·90	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eremeran ...	...	...	...	0·56	1	0·56	[illegible]	[illegible]

The extreme dryness which characterised the weather in November is repeated this month, excepting a few stations in Liverpool Plains and on the high lands north of that; over the rest of the colony—9 stations had no rain, and 56 less than 1 inch. The temperature was, however, moderate.

It will be observed that the last column above gives the total rainfall for the year for each station, excepting a few instances, which are new stations, or in which the returns for the year are not complete. Returns not received from Murrurundi, Mount Poole, and Foolamacca.

H. C. RUSSELL.

Observatory, 25th January, 1881.

THE BERMAGUI MYSTERY.—The *Ulladulla Times* of January 14 states that a short time since one of our aboriginals found a cartridge box about a foot square, made of cedar, and containing cartridges, and also a cartouche pouch and shoulder strap, both bearing the mark of the broad arrow, on the beach near Murramarang at Point Upright. The articles were evidently cast ashore as small barnacles were adhering to the box. The property has been handed over to police constable Morris, who has sent the same to his head quarters.

NEWS BY THE ENGLISH MAIL, VIA SUEZ.

The English and Eastern mails brought by the P. and O. Company's steamship Rohilla were transmitted overland from Melbourne and delivered from the General Post Office yesterday morning. The latest English date is December 17. From our files to hand we make the following extracts:—

TERRORISM IN IRELAND.

The best description of the existing state of things in Ireland is to be found in the charges delivered by the three Judges for the provinces of Munster, Connaught, and Leinster. "I should fall short of my duty," said Mr. Justice Fitzgerald, the Judge of the first-mentioned province, "if I did not point out to you that in several districts, embracing a large part of Munster, true liberty has ceased to exist, and an intolerable tyranny prevails. Life is not secure, right is disregarded, the process of the law cannot be enforced, and dishonesty and lawlessness disgrace the land." In Leinster Mr. Justice Barry, after referring to such offences as murder, assaults, incendiarism, maiming of cattle, the violent resistance of legal process, the forcible retaking of lands after eviction, and reinstatement of evicted tenants, intimidation and assaults to prevent the fulfilment of lawful obligations, proceeded to remind the grand jury that "the first condition of civilized life is that the laws must be obeyed, and that it never could be permitted in any community that any person or class of persons, for any object or under any pretence, should be allowed to defy and violate these laws which are established for the preservation of public order and the safety and security of life." To a similar effect spoke Mr. Baron Dowse at Galway. Out of 236 offences committed in four months only 12 were made the occasions of prosecutions. "If this state of things is allowed to continue much longer immediate danger to Ireland will be the consequence, and ultimate disgrace to the empire of which she forms a part. . . . . I speak not alone in the interests of the victims of this reign of terror, as it is properly called, but also in the interests of the poor people themselves, who are too often the mere tools of men more crafty and designing than themselves."

Two occurrences, which are significant commentaries on these words, have just taken place. Mr. Bence Jones, a well-known Irish landlord and writer on Irish matters, has published his experience of the process now familiarly known as "Boycotting." He has lived in Ireland 40 years, and has spent during that time £25,000 in improvements. He farms extensively, and expends £1300 a year in wages—his best labourers being paid 11s. a week, with a good cottage and a plot of ground rent free. His tenants have now received orders from the Land League not to pay their rents, and have been terrorized into compliance. His labourers and servants have been warned to leave him: he has been assailed with threatening letters; a grave has been dug in front of his hall-door for himself and his son. He has been left without hands for his farming operations, and has therefore had no alternative but to dispose of his stock. The butchers of the neighbourhood have refused to purchase cattle of a man who was under the ban of the Land League. Even the shippers declared that they did not dare undertake the removal of the cattle to England, and it is only after repeated attempts that Mr. Bence Jones has succeeded in getting some of his beasts to Liverpool. His produce is unsold at market, and if he were not independent of his Irish property he would be in a fair way of being ruined. And all this because he disobeyed some months ago the mandates of the Land League, and would not accept Griffith's valuation as the standard of his tenants' rent, the tenants themselves being able and willing to pay the full amount.

The second incident alluded to is a yet more positive and crucial illustration of the paralysis of the law in Ireland. Two members of the Land League—named Healy and Walsh—have just been acquitted on a charge of intimidation because the man whom they intimidated was manifestly afraid to press the charge. Cornelius Manning had committed the offence of taking a vacant holding. Almost immediately afterwards he was forced to give it up, and then the charge of intimidation against Healy and Walsh was preferred. At the preliminary inquiry Manning gave evidence which clearly established the accusation, as also another witness. That witness has now contradicted on oath his previous testimony, Manning has withdrawn, and a conviction under those circumstances being impossible, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty. It is clear from this transaction that the Land League both possesses and exercises the means which enable it to override the regular law of the country.

The *Times* says:—"The gravity of the situation in Ireland increases daily, and no one can be surprised to hear that the members of the Cabinet have again been called together for this afternoon. We have reason to believe that the Irish Secretary has with most earnest and repeated remonstrances induced his colleagues thus to accelerate their meeting in council. It is not strange that they have assembled earlier than they had intended with some reluctance. Many other Englishmen have hoped against hope that the reports of lawlessness and crime that reached us contained enormous exaggerations. All doubt has died away in the presence of the three charges delivered by Mr. Justice Fitzgerald, Mr. Justice Barry, and Mr. Baron Dowse in Munster and Connaught. The Irish Secretary knows the meaning of these charges. The worst is proved to be substantially true. The charges of these three Judges are very serious facts, and yet we know they do not exhaust the story of the lawlessness that is rampant in the west and south of Ireland. While their authority must carry home to the Ministers of the Crown, as to all of us, every word they say, there is more they have left unsaid. The sphere of terrorism daily extends to new victims. A lawyer, after pleading in court for a man who has made himself obnoxious to the Land League, is obliged to fly for his life through a crowded market, and escapes maltreatment only by promising never to take in hand again the cause of a man lying under the ban of the real local Government. There is no relation of life into which molestation does not intrude to the destruction of lawful liberty. No man is free to do the thing he would, be he tradesman or farmer, professional man or household servant. It seems too plain that the Irish Government has already allowed the reign of lawlessness to assume dimensions it should never have reached. What is to be done now? Can the Government be content to go on as they have been going on after such light has been thrown on the present situation, and such warnings have been given of the future by the Judges of Assize? The remedial legislation which might be proposed and carried under better circumstances cannot be presented as a bribe to purchase peace from highwaymen. Lawlessness is spreading over one border after another, and becomes bolder through impunity. To check it now may be difficult, we may even say it must be difficult; but what is this to the difficulty that must be experienced in checking it hereafter if its development is not now stopped?"

PRIMARY EDUCATION IN FRANCE.

The French Government have the courage of their convictions in giving effect to their secular policy. A measure for rendering all primary instruction compulsory and non-religious is now before the Chamber of Deputies. This bill is declared to be necessary that the conscientious scruples of those parents who dislike religion may not be offended. As it is, the pupils in primary schools are forced to do religious exercises—to go to confession and communion. Jews and Protestants are often obliged to learn dogmas which their religion forbids them to believe, and the consequence is that one-seventh portion of the children of France are not sent to school at all. By the bill education would be both compulsory and non-religious. It will, however, be strictly moral, and when M. Keller remarks that if the soul is not immortal it is not worth while bothering one's self about morality, he is reminded that he overlooks the principles of the Stoics, according to which good should be done for the sake of good, and without any idea of reward. Apart from religious questions there is, the framers of the bill contend, a perfect system of moral truths on which everybody has agreed for centuries, and the bases of eternal morality have their foundation in the human conscience.

GAMBETTA AND ROCHEFORT.

The second incident in French history of the week worthy of notice is the quarrel between M. Gambetta and M. Rochefort, in which there can be very little doubt that the former is getting decidedly the best of it. M. Rochefort's attacks upon the President of the Chamber have been of the most outrageous and the coarsest kind. They have been made in M. Rochefort's newspaper, the *Intransigeant*, which appeals to the returned Communists and their friends, whose support is not altogether immaterial to M. Gambetta. M. Rochefort was in a fair way of becoming an idol with the lowest and most dangerous section of the mob of Paris when M. Gambetta showed that he was in the possession of a powerful weapon for reducing M. Rochefort to order. Ingratitude, he had already said, or caused to be said, in the *République Française*, *c'est une intransigeance du coeur*, and he then proceeded to show that M. Rochefort was one of the most ungrateful of men. In 1871, he proved that Rochefort had entreated him (Gambetta) to intercede with M. Thiers on his behalf in regard to the sentence about to be passed on him for having taken part in the Commune. The authenticity of this letter was at first denied, but has since been established. Further, M. Gambetta, or his exponents and advocates in the Press, showed that, a year or two later than this, M. Gambetta had assisted and had substantially contributed to a subscription in aid of M. Rochefort. The net result of the encounter is in favour of M. Gambetta, and against M. Rochefort. Even Louise Michel, a sort of socialistic Egeria in Paris, has declared that M. Rochefort is discredited, and protests that he must be tabooed, since his presence is calculated to sully the purity of Communism.

TERRIBLE COLLIERY EXPLOSION IN WALES.

Another of these disasters, fraught with so much grief to scores of families, has added a fresh chapter to the melancholy colliery annals of the Rhondda Valley. Pen-y-Graig is a kind of overgrown village situate between Dinas and Ton-y-Pandy railway stations on the Taff Vale Line, in South Wales. It is of quite modern growth, having only sprung into existence during the last score of years. The principal industries in the village are the two coal-pits belonging to Messrs. Rowlands, who also trade under the name of the Naval Coal Company. One may be distinguished as the upper pit, and the other as the lower pit. The latter is at the foot of a hill slope, and the Taff Vale railway runs nearly alongside. The upper pit is on the hill summit, and the coal is conveyed from there to the Great Western main line via the Ely Valley railway. The lower pit is the downcast, and the upper pit is the upcast. The men descend from both points into the workings. The coal worked is a 4-feet seam. There is a fault between the two pits, but this has been bored through and a connection established. The ventilating fan is at the upper pit. The pits are worked with naked lights. Ninety-three men descended the downcast pit on December 9. Matters proceeded all right until about midnight. From the position in which the colliers were afterwards found (close together) it is conjectured that at the hour indicated the men stopped work to partake of food. Suddenly there was a dull, heavy report, and those at the top of the two pits at once knew that the gas below had ignited, and that there had been an explosion. Officials hurried to the pit top, and the sad tidings quickly spreading brought persons whose relatives were below in anxious haste to the spot. Many went to the upper pit, but the majority assembled at the lower one. Observation seemed to show that the catastrophe had occurred near the upper pit. Rescuing parties were at once formed; but, owing to the accumulation of gas, the tremendous falls of rubbish, &c., the work of investigation proved for a while exceedingly difficult and well-nigh hopeless. The brattice, too, at the bottom pit had been shaken down and entry and exit from this direction were partly stopped. But the voices of men calling out urged on the rescuers. By means of a large bucket a descent was presently effected into the lower pit. Four men climbed up to where they heard the rescuers' voices, and these were forthwith saved from death. The four men brought to the surface were Thomas Morris, David Jenkins, John R. Evans, and David Marouey. All are colliers, and had been working just at the bottom of the lower pit when the explosion happened. They said that they heard the ominous report, and saw the brattice fall. They guessed at once what had happened, but did not run away. They perceived that they were favourably situated for rescue, and remained where they were. Of course they were greatly alarmed, and had waited anxiously for tidings and a helping hand from the surface. A searching party was then formed, when a deputy inspector of mines, and a number of other colliery managers, went through the workings, in which, by noon, ventilation had been restored. One of the party stated that he had seen 34 dead bodies, and had, in fact, penetrated through the entire length of both pits. Numbers of the bodies were unrecognizable. The explorers had to scramble over great falls, which it is anticipated will take days, if not weeks, to clear. There is no possibility of any of the 87 men who have not been rescued being still alive. The majority of the bodies are underneath the falls.

AUSTRALIAN MEAT DINNER.

On December 16, on the invitation of the managers of the Orient Steam Navigation Company, a number of gentlemen, including the Bishop of North Queensland and the Agents-General for New South Wales, New Zealand, and South Australia, partook of a luncheon on board the steamship Orient, at the Royal Albert Dock. The meats provided were Australian viands preserved during a voyage of 32 days by the dry-air process of Messrs. Bell and Coleman. The Orient Company have not yet undertaken the carriage of these meats as regular cargo, but have in the meantime commenced the Orient experiment in the interests of their passengers. Among the dishes most keenly relished at the luncheon were soup made from ox-tail, Australian oysters, which, it is said, are obtainable in the Australian restaurants at 6d. a dozen, and can, of course, be imported at a lower price, fillets of an Australian fish called "schnapper," Murray Bay cod, lamb cutlets, mutton, roast beef, and various vegetables. Mr. C. J. Green, one of the managers, in proposing the loyal toasts, said a portion of the fresh meats had been sent to the Queen. Mr. J. G. Anderson, another manager, stated that the experiment had enabled the Orient Company to promote the comfort of their passengers by dispensing with the carriage of live stock for provisions, and by providing for them a more varied diet. The Australian Agents-General present—Sir D. Cooper, Sir J. Vogel, and Sir A. Blyth—and the Bishop of North Queensland joined in congratulating the company on the success of their experiment.

THE RACE BETWEEN TRICKETT AND ROSS.

"Pendragon," in the *Referee*, referring to the differences between the two scullers, remarks "that rarely or never has anger similar to Trickett's been shown, unless the winner had in some way failed to keep his promise to the loser. I have no desire to know the secrets which exist between Trickett and Ross, or between the friends and backers of either, but when bullying begins in public a word or two of comment on the transaction is but fair and natural. It is patent to any one who knows what sport and sport's professors are, that Trickett's objection to Ross could hardly be based on the mere fact that Ross had proved the superior sculler. The refusal to take the money subscribed, and the torrent of abuse heaped upon Ross, are significant enough, when taken in connection with other and equally singular features of the engagement."

Concerning the behaviour of Trickett after the race, the following letter has appeared:—"To the Editor of the *Sportsman*—Sir,—It will be in the recollection of most of your readers that the following appeared in Wednesday's *Sportsman*:—'It has been suggested that to avoid any complication on Saturday, and ensure that the umpire shall have a clear view of the race throughout, both men should agree to proceed through the centre arch of Hammersmith Bridge. We understand Trickett will be quite willing to accede to this, and we should like to hear if Ross has any objection to subscribing to the alteration.' As soon as Trickett returned to Putney on Friday I just called on him and agreed to row through the centre arch. I also proposed that the umpire should start us instead of having the 15 minutes' allowance for mutual consent starting. This, however, Trickett would not agree to. After leaving the Bells the matter was talked about, and the discovery was made by an amateur oarsman that all bets would be void. This did not make a cent difference to me; but in agreeing on the steamboat to tear up Friday's paper, my backers made a great sacrifice, which I guess would not have occurred had 'the boot been on the other leg.' In America the umpire has sole control over the bets. On the Tyne I hear they would have been void, and yet on the Thames they stand, as was the case to-day. After the race, when I offered Trickett the cash I had collected, he refused to take it from me, called me a 'coward,' and said I was 'neither a man nor a mouse,' remarking that I ought not to have claimed the race on Monday at all. I took the 'gruel' quietly under the circumstances, but to prove that I am not a coward I will refer him to my challenge, and remain yours obediently, WALLACE ROSS, Sunnyside, Putney, Saturday evening. P.S.—I hear that a benefit for Trickett is contemplated. If I can assist in any way I shall be very glad indeed to do so."

ANOTHER CHALLENGE.

Dr. D. L. Lawrence, of Auburn, New York, writes to a contemporary:—"I am desirous of communicating with Laycock or Trickett, of Australia, in regard to arranging a match between either or both of them and an American unknown; the match to take place at Washington, during the month of February, for 2000 dollars a side, Laycock or Trickett to be allowed 400 dollars for expenses. We will also allow either of them 15 seconds in a five-mile race, and also allow them choice of position. Laycock preferred. This challenge is extended to any man in the world barring Hanlan."

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN NEWS.

The Emperor of Russia, who is reported to be in excellent health, has arrived at St. Petersburg. An Imperial ukase announces the reduction of the salt-tax in the interest of the poor, and that other taxes would be raised to supply the deficiency thus caused.

The debates in the Greek Chamber have been very animated, and the policy of the Government is warmly attacked. M. Coumoundouros, the Premier, submitted the Budget, which showed an estimated deficit of 62,000,000 drachmas. The Government eventually obtained a majority upon the final vote.

Herr Anderwert, of Thurgau, has been elected President of the Helvetic Confederation for the ensuing year.

A telegram from Teheran asserts that the Persian troops have been defeated by the Kurdish invaders near Urumiah.

The anti-Jewish agitation in Germany still proceeds. Dr. Stöcker, Court chaplain, continues to address meetings in hostility towards the Hebrew race. On the other hand, Professor Mommsen has published a pamphlet strongly condemning the anti-Semitic movement.

The Russian police have arrested a man at Kharkoff, in whose possession were found a large number of revolutionary proclamations and forged passports.

A scheme of taxation has been prepared at St. Petersburg rendering all Russian subjects and foreigners resident in Russia liable to income-tax.

The Porte having charged Ismail Pasha, the ex-Khedive, with aiding in the publication of a foreign paper hostile to Turkey, he has replied with complaints of the harsh treatment he has experienced. Many persons have been arrested in Constantinople upon suspicion of being adherents of Ismail Pasha.

The Porte has addressed a note to the Powers, complaining of Greek armaments, and declaring that, if Greece refuses to enter into negotiations for a settlement of the frontier question, the responsibility for future events must rest upon that Government.

An official telegram to the Secretary for the Colonies, dated Capetown, December 12, states that there was no improvement in Basutoland, but affairs were better in Transkei. The Pondos had attacked the Xosebes.

The United States' House of Representatives has passed unanimously a resolution expressing sympathy with the "unhappy labouring class of Ireland in its effort to effect a reform in the present oppressive tenant system."

EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette*.—Sold only in packets labelled—"JAMES EPPS AND CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London."—ADV.

BURNETT'S AQUA DE FLORIMEL, as its name implies, is the honey of flowers, highly concentrated, and imparts a peculiar and most agreeable fragrance. It combines the virtues of cologne, the pungency of a handkerchief perfume, with an adaptation to daily use in the bath, which commends it to general use. In the sick room this delightful perfume will prove invaluable. Its invigorating qualities will disinfect the atmosphere, relieve the tired brain, soothe and refresh the restless patient, and revive his drooping energies.—BARRON, MERMAN, AND CO., Agents.—ADV.

LINNÆAN SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

The members of the Linnean Society of New South Wales met for the commemoration of their sixth anniversary, at the rooms, Free Public Library, last evening; the vice-president (Mr. W. J. Stephens, M.A.) occupying the chair, in the absence of the president (the Rev. J. E. Tenison-Woods, F.G.S., &c.), who is at present in Queensland. Dr. Alessandro, of the University of Pisa, and Mr. Whittle were introduced as visitors.

On behalf of the President, the VICE-PRESIDENT read the following address:—"The time has again come round when the duty devolves upon me to deliver the annual address to the members of this society. In doing so, I must first congratulate you on its steady and substantial progress. During the past year we have issued a volume which will bear comparison with any scientific serial for the extent and importance of the matter contained. It has been most favourably received by the colonial Press, and many letters from scientific friends in Europe bear testimony to the high estimation in which our publication is held. The volume for the past year will, I am sure, be equal in interest to the last. The numbers of our members are also on the increase. Our exchanges with other societies have augmented to that extent that we see the necessity of having rooms and a library of our own; and when that is effected we shall receive valuable aid from some of our members who have already promised donations of books. The attendance at our meetings has been increased. It is not at any time numerous, but in this particular we must not expect a different result from what is experienced by learned societies in Europe. Proportionably the attendance is small in all those meetings where purely technical science is dealt with. We do not profess to give popular lectures. Our object is the advancement of natural history by original investigations. We deal with the dry technicalities of scientific diagnosis, and seldom is our knowledge of facts sufficient in Australia to enable us to wander into the more interesting field of generalisation or theoretic speculation. Thus we cannot expect to have around us more than the few who have mastered the language of science, or who have gone far enough with observation to appreciate the careful investigations of others. It is to be regretted that the number of these is so few. But we may hope to see a growing taste for these pursuits, and there is evidence of it. There are few men who do not share the regret of Thomas Carlyle, who, in one of his works, plaintively exclaims:—'For many years it has been one of my constant regrets that no schoolmaster of mine had a knowledge of natural history, so far, at least, as to have taught me the grasses that grow by the wayside, and the little winged or wingless neighbours that are continually meeting me with a salutation that I cannot answer as things are.' Even a moderate knowledge of natural history makes nature such a living book that all the pleasures of the mind become manifoldly increased. The learned J. Stuart Mill, when philosophy had landed him upon a cold dull pyrrhonism, said that once curiosity was satisfied life was not worth having. Had he been a little of a naturalist I think he would scarcely have felt this, for curiosity is never satisfied in this domain of knowledge. Each step in advance increases the prospect of fields beautiful and new, and the voice of nature is ever living. To use the idea of Macaulay, we may say it is a philosophy which never rests. 'That which was in the distance yesterday is its goal to-day, and will be its starting-place to-morrow.' The retrospect over the progress of our little society brings me to a subject which forces itself very much upon my mind on this occasion, and that is the general progress of scientific investigation in the Australian colonies within the last few years. The time has not yet come when anything like a history of our advancement in this respect can be attempted. We can, however, make comparisons which will show us how original thought and investigation have gone on amongst us. Australia has had singular advantages in its scientific history. Some of the most eminent names on the roll of fame have been first known through what they did on Australian shores. Sir Joseph Banks, Robert Brown, Sir Joseph Hooker, Gould, Jukes, Swainson, and many others are instances of this. I reserve for separate mention the illustrious author of the 'Horæ Entomologicæ,' Mr. William Sharp Macleay. At a time when the natural sciences were almost in their infancy it is with satisfaction and just pride we read the name of this illustrious naturalist so often quoted. His reputation was world-wide and his investigations all stamped with the mark not only of genius, but with that accuracy and caution which alone give a permanent foundation to scientific fame. All that he acquired—and it was much—will always be associated with Port Jackson, the oft-quoted scene of his labours. We may say that he was truly the pioneer of natural science in Australia, just as Sir Thomas Brisbane was the pioneer of Australian astronomy and meteorology, and the Rev. W. B. Clarke the father of Australian geology. But while the east coast of Australia thus received its share and more than its share of attention, the south and west, the centre and the north, were comparatively neglected. This was unfortunate in many ways. Great as the interest is which attaches itself to any portion of our continent, yet the east coast possesses those novel features in the least degree. The reason of this is that the east coast shares its peculiarities with other and often well-known provinces. Thus, on the north coast, there is a large intermixture of the Asiatic element. Some of the plants have been known since the days of the Portuguese navigators. Its molluscan fauna is almost entirely Indian or Philippine. These characters are less marked as the coast is followed to the southward, but then they become mingled with some belonging to the Pacific Islands, New Zealand, &c. But the south coast is in every respect Australian. Its flora has fewer foreigners, and its fauna, whether marine or terrestrial, has scarcely any at all. This isolation extends even to the sea-fish, to a certain extent. Though the differences between Port Jackson and Port Phillip as regards temperature and situation are slight, yet the common marine fishes are of different species. It is a remarkable fact also, that the geology of the south and east coasts are different. In the east we have the main cordillera of our continent, which varies but little in its character from Cape Howe and Cape York. We have a central granitic axis with the usual porphyritic and diabasic or dioritic dykes, and cappings. These metamorphic or volcanic rocks are flanked by highly-inclined palæozoic schists and slates, Devonian rocks less inclined, altered, or not fossiliferous, appear in places. These are succeeded by the upper and lower coal measures. The whole are capped unconformably by almost horizontal sandstones, known in New South Wales as the Hawkesbury formation. This is the order and character of the range wherever I have visited or crossed it; and this is the sequence shown by all geological surveys. The Hawkesbury sandstone is fully developed in various places, and can be seen in its best sections around the Endeavour River and on the upper waters that flow into the Gulf of Carpentaria. On the Pacific side of the range there are small outlines of the mesozoic rocks in various places north of Cape Moreton. They generally occur on lowlands or where the main axis is less marked as a centre of disturbance. These exceptions are so small that they do not affect the general truth that our cordillera is palæozoic in age, and has been upheaved at the close of the palæozoic period. On the south coast the geology is quite different. There is no main axis. A few isolated ranges crop up in different parts of the coast. These are never of large extent, except in the case of the range which begins at Cape Jarvis. The palæozoic rocks are not absent, but they occupy quite an insignificant position in comparison with the immense development of tertiary formations. The methods applied to the geological investigation of the eastern range are quite useless here. In palæontological research, as is well known, fossils of the earlier periods are common to the whole world. In tertiary palæontology it is different. Geographical provinces for molluscan life are as distinct, or nearly as distinct, as they are now. It thus happened that what was done on the east coast was no help whatever to raise the veil from the geology of the south coast, and our southern geology remained a sealed book until recently. Even now only a few pages have been disclosed. It has been my good fortune to be connected a good deal with the development of our Australian geology. I have thought it might not be unbecoming in me to relate in this address some facts connected with its history. Though they belong to personal experience, they are the property of our scientific history as well, and I do not think I overrate their interest by recording them there. In 1855 I first saw some of the tertiary fossils of South Australia. They were partly a collection from the River Murray, and what I saw daily exposed in the limestone quarries near Government House in Adelaide. No one could tell me much about them. I was referred to the narrative of Sturt's journey down the River Murray in 1830. In those delightful volumes I found two lithographic plates of fossils taken from the River Murray. Beyond this there was no information to be had. An attempt had been made by Captain Sturt to identify some of the fossils with European tertiary remains, but the identifications were all incorrect except in the genera. The only beds I had seen were the limestones at the quarries just mentioned. Fossils were plentiful in them, but they have been now nearly all removed. It was some months before I could examine other beds. These were the limestone cliffs at Mount Gambier and Mosquito Plains, where sections continually occur in caves and extinct craters over hundreds of square miles. The whole of the stone exposed is one mass of fossils. I can scarcely describe my surprise when I first came to examine these rocks closely. Shells are not numerous, but the rock for 100 feet or more is made up of minute organisms—bryozoa for the most part, but largely intermixed with foraminifera and brachiopoda. When we consider what numbers of these organisms are required to make up one cubical inch of such stone, the countless hosts in hundreds of square miles is a bewildering thought. In the days when I first examined these strata everything was in keeping with such silent records of geologic time. The cliffs and caves were untouched, except by the hand of time. The country, then called the new country, was scarcely settled upon, and one might travel all day without meeting even a blackfellow. The variegated cliffs were in their original state in those silent forests or plains. In some few places weathering had exposed surfaces like the Dover cliffs, and quite as white and dazzling. For the most part the strata were weathered into rounded steps or terraces, coloured yellow, red, or orange, and dotted over with the bushes and creepers that grew abundantly upon them. Every one who knows the graceful forms assumed by the calcareous bryozoa will understand the world of wonder and beauty that was revealed by a close inspection of the stone. It was easy to gather abundant material for speculation, but I searched in vain for any clue by which I could give them a name. Palæontology was not then the science it is now. D'Orbigny, Reuss, Hagenow, Michelin, and Busk had hardly given their labours to the world, and their works were not accessible in the Australian bush. I did not care so much about giving a name to all these remains as to be able to give a place in geology to the strata which contained them. What age were they? Tertiary I scarcely doubted, though there was much about them which recalled the chalk or upper cretaceous of Europe. But to what place in the tertiary deposits to assign them I did not know. I made a large collection of the fossils, and sent them to London to Sir Charles Lyell, who had from the beginning given me great help in my geological studies. I had become acquainted with him through Dr. Buckland, Dean of Westminster. I mention both these names, for surely geology owes more to them than anyone in the history of its progress. They are justly the pride of British science—Sir Charles Lyell for his brilliant genius in systematising geology, and the Dean for the way he made the science attractive and popular. My parcel of fossils was not long without an answer. The letter of Sir Charles has an interest which will warrant my giving it in extenso. It ran as follows:—'Your letter preceded the packet of fossils by some six weeks, but they have come to hand safely. I am very much interested in them, and so are all to whom I have shown them, especially Mr. Busk, who is our greatest authority on bryozoa, both living and fossil. I have placed my collection in his hands, and he promises to make them the subject of a paper to be read before the Geological Society. I must leave it to himself to tell you whether they are new or not. With regard to the question you ask as to the age of these Australian beds, I find it very difficult to give you a reply. You are certainly right in regarding them as tertiary, but their position will depend upon their relation to the existing marine fauna in Australia. This is a matter which can only be undertaken by naturalists in Australia. I am informed that very little is known of the marine zoology of the seas around your continent. Since your fossils arrived I have made inquiry about a good collection of typical Australian marine shells, but without success. Dr. Gray informs me that the best authentic specimens in the British Museum are from the north coast. Of those said to be from South Australia the localities given are not always to be relied upon. This may seem disheartening to you, but if you will view it rightly it will open a most encouraging field for your inquiries. What I should advise you to do is to make yourself thoroughly acquainted with the marine zoology of South Australia. Without troubling yourself with specific names, collect wherever you can and examine collections of marine objects. Compare them with all the fossil forms you know. By such means you will soon be in a position to tell more of the age of your tertiary beds than the most learned of our palæontologists in Europe could tell you. You will add in a valuable degree to the store of scientific knowledge, and for a young geologist I cannot well conceive a more inviting position. I hope to hear more of your labours, and I will be happy to render you any assistance in my power. Since writing the above I have been informed by my friend Mr. Ramsay that there is a geological survey about to be established in Victoria, South Australia (*sic*), under the direction of Mr. Selwyn, a young geologist of great promise. Probably you can put yourself in communication with him.—Yours, &c., CHARLES LYELL.' Here, then, was a task for geologists, if ever we were to pronounce positively on the age of our tertiary formations—to ascertain what was the marine life of our South Australian coast, and so by comparison gradually to comprehend the history of the great tertiary deposits. I trust I shall not intrude too much of detail into this address if I briefly state the manner in which Sir Charles Lyell's advice was followed. I was alone upon the field with no professional aid near, so that for many years South Australian geology made no progress beyond what an amateur could effect. I had before me an easy path by which to commence inquiry. All round the coast from Cape Northumberland to Cape Jaffa there was a series of raised beaches; for twenty miles inland the soil for 16 feet or so in depth was one mass of shells. They were quite loosely imbedded in a light shell sand, and were but little changed in appearance, and for the most part retaining their colouring in a faint but easily traceable way. It was not difficult to collect a large number of species, and they were easily compared with the shells of the coast near. I found only one point of difference, and that was that the fossils were generally of larger size in the same species. At that time I concluded that when the fossils had been entombed the climate had been warmer; but now I think differently. Since I have examined the fauna of our tropical shores I find that an increase of temperature affects diversely those species of our southern shores which stray into the northern seas. Some undoubtedly grow larger, such as Acmæa marmorata; others are dwarfed and stunted in their growth, such as Littorina pyramidata; while others, such as Acmæa septiformis, are not affected at all by heat. I do not pretend to solve the problem presented by these shells, but I am quite convinced that our latest pliocene or post-pliocene deposits contain shells of larger size than those which occur on our coasts now. I did not find any species in the deposits which I could not also find on the shores, but the converse of this did not hold good. There were a good many shells on the beach which were not to be found as fossils, though they may, of course, have existed in pliocene times. They were rock species, and we could not expect to find them in these sandy beds. By these fossils a start was made in classification. Here, at any rate, was one series of deposits that were of latest tertiary age. They were lying conformably on the older limestones with nothing in common with them—not even one shell, as far as I could discover. I may mention here the difficulty I experienced in naming the ordinary mollusca, except as to the genera. If this was a difficulty with the recent beds how much more so was it with those of an older origin. Professor Rusk named a few of the Bryozoa, while Professor Rupert Jones, of the Military College at Sandhurst, rendered me constant assistance. Professor P. Martin Duncan described a good many of the corals. By these aids much information was collected, though I hardly attempted to definitely name any of the horizons. I thought I could leave that and the determination of species to a more advanced state of knowledge than we possessed, and so, in 1863, I published my first work on the tertiary geology of Australia. I did not attempt to name any species, which is a matter of regret to me now. I expected aid from European men of science, which never came. In 1865 Mr. George French Angas published in the 'Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London' a list of the South Australian marine mollusca, and described many new species. This did not enumerate half or perhaps a quarter of those living on our coast, but it was a great help. From that day it may be said the work of classifying our rocks was begun in a systematic manner. I refrain from referring in detail to what was effected by the Victorian geological survey, or by Professor M'Coy in the Exhibition reports, or my own paper before the Geological Society of London in 1859. Mr. Selwyn, in his report of the geological survey of the Cape Otway district, made the first attempt at the classification of the tertiary deposits of Victoria, but the palæontology was not attempted until the publication of the 'Decades,' by Professor M'Coy, some years later. I had described a few species of Brachiopoda and Echini with some Pectens in the Transactions of the Philosophical Society of Adelaide in 1865, but the number of copies printed was so small that they were scarcely known out of the colony, and many of my species were redescribed by foreign authors. Dealing with the Echini was especially difficult. The whole class was in much confusion until the 'Revision' of Agassiz appeared, and even then our Australian species were not known. In 1866 I published for the Government of South Australia an essay on the classification of the whole tertiary deposits. My idea of the age of the beds was founded less upon palæontological considerations than upon the position of the beds with reference to more recent deposits. In some respects my suggestions have not been generally accepted, and now that I am in possession of better evidence I am not inclined to insist on them. In 1870 Professor P. Martin Duncan undertook to review the whole question of the age of our tertiary beds. His essay appeared in the journal of the Geological Society, and was of a most finished and elaborate character. His knowledge of the position of the beds was derived from Mr. Selwyn's reports, but, as is usual with those not familiar with the country, he confused many widely separated formations, and made no geographical distinction between Mount Gambier, in South Australia, and Hamilton, in Victoria, places more than 100 miles apart, whose formations are widely distinct in every respect. In an ingenious manner he made some generalisations drawn from comparison between the fossil corals and what he believed to be the coral fauna of Australia. For the latter he had nothing to depend upon but the very doubtful habitats in the work of Edwards and Haime. It was not to be expected that such conclusions would be of any value. Professor Duncan subsequently made a review of the tertiary fossil Echini of Australia, comparing them with existing forms on our coasts. In both these essays it was abundantly evident that any conclusions must be imperfect without a better knowledge of our living fauna. The difficulty which I had experienced in the beginning was still the obstacle. It seemed very clear that the problem would never be solved unless the lines of inquiry indicated by Sir Charles Lyell were followed. In 1877 I tried to aid this by a complete census of the marine mollusca of Tasmania, in which colony I had named and described a very large number of tertiary fossils occurring in a small patch of tertiary age on the north coast of that island. But whatever individual effort may have done, I think we owe more to the Linnean Society within the last few years than to all that has been previously effected. Since its establishment we have seen what I must be excused for calling immense strides made in the knowledge of the marine zoology of our coasts. We have now very complete information on our mollusca and crustacea, our fishes, corals, urchins, and bryozoa. If the problem of the age of our tertiary beds were to be dealt with now, general conclusions could be formed which subsequent discoveries will not disturb to any great extent. Such an attempt has been made by Professor Tate, of Adelaide, as well as in essays of my own in the Transactions of the Royal Societies of Tasmania and New South Wales. Professor P. Martin Duncan in his essay deprecates the use of such terms as Pliocene, Miocene, and Eocene by Australian geologists, and prefers the terms Upper, Middle, and Lower Cainozoic, as tending less to mislead in our present imperfect knowledge. If I understand the objection, it refers to the danger of error from supposing that what we call Pliocene or Miocene was coeval or contemporaneous with formations in Europe bearing the same name. Professor Tate has well pointed out that the terms suggested by Professor Duncan mean neither more nor less than the terms used in Europe, and there is just as much implied by their employment. In this brief sketch of the history of Australian tertiary palæontology I have shown, I think, how much the science has been retarded for want of such researches as our Linnean Society is specially instituted to encourage. I may add that the progress in every department of natural science in Australia has been surprising since its influence has been felt. It has not only stimulated observation, but has given that kind of encouragement to systematic and technical records which has made the only real progress that can be made in Australian natural history. I should like, in concluding this address, to give a glance at the progress of natural science during the past year, after having dealt with the Australian history of our department of science. But even a glance at one year's work is more than space will permit me to give. It will, however, be in keeping with the matter of this address if I refer to the researches of Mr. Sorby on the metamorphism of calcareous rocks. His observations were made public in his presidential address last year to the Geological Society of London. They have a most important bearing on our Australian tertiary rocks, but to make this clear I must state some further facts relating to them. In my first acquaintance with the Mount Gambier limestone I noticed that some shells were found only as casts—these by far the majority. A few Pectens and Brachiopoda were preserved with the shelly matter unchanged. Corals, except the Oculinaceæ, were preserved as casts only, while the Echini were always crystallised into calcite, and so were their spines. These peculiarities were only seen in the Mount Gambier limestone; but however far apart the localities where the deposits were represented they never varied in character. The formation is very extensively spread over thousands of square miles of country, from the river Murray to Gippsland, but it does not always crop out on the surface. It is covered by a formation in which all the shells are well preserved, and where such things as casts are unknown. I do not propose to dwell on the strong contrasts these deposits present, but merely draw attention to the fact that in the lower Bryozoan limestones the majority of the shells and corals are always found as casts, and a few have the shelly matter unchanged. I was astonished at finding that the rule held good in the same formation in as remote a locality as the Middle Island of New Zealand (Oamaru). It appears that the same phenomenon is occasionally seen in Europe, and there the same shells (Pectens, Brachiopoda, &c.) resist the solvent, and are found entire. I must refer my readers to the address of Mr. Sorby for a full account of this most singular case of metamorphism, and for the details of the ingenious and brilliant researches which have led to its explanation. The results are briefly these: Mr. Sorby has found, by careful analysis, that much of the carbonate of lime in shells, corals, Bryozoa, Echini, &c., is present in a mineral or crystalline state, and not merely organically combined. There are, I need hardly say, two well defined forms for the crystals of carbonate of lime—one calcite, and another arragonite. It is in the latter form that the mineral is found, for the most part in shells, &c., the exceptions being few. But arragonite is a very unstable form of the combination of carbonic acid and lime, and thus it is easily decomposed, and dissolves away or changes into calcite. The latter mineral is a very stable form, and though the pseudomorphs of calcite in arragonite casts are numerous, the contrary never happens, that is to say, arragonite is never formed at the expense of calcite crystals. Furthermore, Mr. Sorby has found that the shells, corals, &c., which invariably occur as casts, are those in which the carbonate of lime exists in the form of arragonite or the unstable compound, while the permanent shells and corals, such as Pectens, Bryozoa, Oculinaceæ, &c., are the forms in which the carbonate of lime originally exists in the form of calcite. The reason for this distinction is still veiled to us, and I suppose will be found to depend on the explanation, which we have still to discover, of the allotropism of the carbonate of lime. I may mention that the metamorphism to which I refer seems to depend on the extent to which the beds are calcareous. In the Murrayian deposits (to use the appropriate distinctive term of Professor Tate) or Middle Miocene, as they are represented at Muddy Creek, Western Victoria, there is no metamorphism, but the beds, though very calcareous, are largely mixed with the siliceous and ferruginous remains of submarine volcanic rocks. In conclusion, I may congratulate the members on the extensive and untouched fields of investigation which are open to us in this country. It is hard to turn into any path of science without being met half-way, as it were, with new and important discoveries. A few days ago at Cleveland, in Moreton Bay, I came across a basaltic bed, which had been partly cut away for road purposes. Underneath I found a bed of shells, all of existing species, and such as inhabit Moreton Bay at present. Here was direct evidence of the age of our modern dolerites of the east coast. They are Post Pliocene, and this was the first clue to their age from marine fossils which has been found on the seaboard on this side of the continent. I think it will show hereafter that our so-called Pliocene fossil fruits are of an earlier date, since we cannot suppose the change to have been so complete in the vegetable kingdom, and none to have taken place in the marine fauna, and that probably our dolerites of the interior are of Miocene age. I intend to treat the subject more at length. I merely indicate it now to show how easily we may aid in an important manner to the facts of science in Australia. I must again congratulate my fellow workers in this society on their industry and zeal. They have laboured so indefatigably that I can look back to the period of my presidency as one which has largely added to the reputation for usefulness and efficiency which the Linnean Society has gained."

A very cordial vote of thanks was accorded to the Rev. J. E. Tenison-Woods for his very instructive and interesting address. The treasurer's statement showed:—Balance from 1879 and receipts, £335 1s. 1d.; expenditure, £291 11s. 4d.; balance at credit, £43 9s. 9d.

The rules were amended, on the motion of the Hon. W. MACLEAY, increasing the number of the hon. secretaries to two, and the members of Council to eight. Dr. Cox, C.M.Z.S., F.L.S., was then elected president for the year 1881. Rev. J. E. Tenison-Woods, F.G.S., &c., the retiring president, was elected vice-president. The Hon. W. Macleay, F.L.S., and W. J. Stephens, M.A., were elected hon. secretaries; and the following gentlemen were elected the Council:—Dr. Alleyne, and Messrs. E. P. Ramsay, F.L.S., C. S. Wilkinson, F.G.S.; W. A. Haswell, M.A., B. Sc.; Hon. James Norton, M.L.C.; J. Brazier, C.M.Z.S., M.C.S. of Great Britain and Ireland; P. Pedley, Hon. P.G. King, M.L.C.

At the close of the annual meeting the business of the usual monthly meeting was proceeded with, the newly-elected President taking the chair. Donations were acknowledged as follows:—Linnean Society of London, vol. 13, parts 65 to 83; Baron F. von Mueller, K.C.M.G., Eucalyptographia Decade, VII.; and part 1 of the Southern Record of Science, published in Melbourne.

Papers were read by the Hon. W. Macleay, on behalf of Mr. F. M. Bailey, of Brisbane, on the Fauna of Stradbroke Island, Moreton Bay, and his own paper in continuation of the catalogue of Australian fishes, bringing up the number of species to 800. Mr. Stephens, on behalf of Dr. Woolls, read a paper on "The Gesneraceæ of Australia;" Mr. Brazier, "Remarks on Megapodius Brazieri:" and Dr. Scortichini, of the Logan River, Queensland, contributed notes on the South Queensland flora. Mr. Brazier wished to call attention to the number of eggs (93) laid during last year (1880) by his Porphyrio Vitiensis, from Loyalty Island. The bird is still laying, and up to the present time in this month has laid 13 more; yesterday (26th) she laid at midday. Mr. H. K. Bennett contributed notes on the habits of the black-breasted buzzard. Messrs. C. S. Wilkinson and H. A. Gilliat gave most interesting and important information respecting three Artesian wells in the Valley of Darling, between the Darling and Paroo, on the Messrs. Officer's Kallara run. Mr. Whittell submitted collections of birds' eggs, and insects from the extreme north-western portion of our colony, known as the Albert and Darling districts. Mr. Brazier, C.M.Z.S., &c.: Ancylus Cunningianus, and a supposed new Gundlachi, collected by Lieutenant C. E. Beddome, near Hobart, Tasmania. Mr. Norton: A peculiar fungoid growth, found on the bark of an old Christmas tree. Mr. T. A. Tenison-Woods: Portion of a pile, showing ravages of the marine borer. Mr. Palmer: Collection of weapons from the aborigines at Broadsound; potatoes showing the destructive work of the potato moth; and a branch of a China pear-tree, with fruit, from both the autumn and spring flowering.

TECHNOLOGICAL EDUCATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—Your issue of this morning contains a letter from Mr. Roylance, secretary to Trades and Labour Council, which, from the fact that it is founded on a wrong basis, requires some answer.

Mr. Roylance complains that at the Sydney Technical College, subjects are taught which do not come under the head of technical education; and that the money given by the Government for the purposes of such education is misapplied by being used for the purposes of teaching these "outside" subjects.

Were this the case Mr. Roylance might, as any other taxpayer might, have cause of complaint; but I may frankly state that the teachers of non-technical subjects do not receive the Government money. French, German, arithmetic, &c., have been taught at the School of Arts for many years, the teachers being remunerated by fees paid by scholars only, and at a time when the title "Technical College" was undreamt of. The conditions under which such teaching has been given have in no way been changed, except that the fees have been decreased for boys and apprentices, while the Government money has been specially devoted to the forming of classes for various branches of technical education.

Mr. Roylance admits that French, arithmetic, writing, &c., must be taught; and if such instruction is imparted—as it is—without trenching upon Government funds supplied for the purposes of technical education, he has nothing of which to complain. Yours, &c.,

F. BEVILL, Lecturer to School of Arts.

Royston College, Alberto-terrace, January 26.

CAPTAIN BOYCOTT AND HIS ADMINISTRATION.—A special correspondent of the Dublin *Freeman* gives the popular version of the case of Captain Boycott and the causes of the enmity against him. He states that Captain Boycott is brave to a fault, and is also eccentric. He says his rules in his dealings with the labourers were punctilious to a harsh and Quixotic degree. The labourers state that, instead of summoning them, he used to fine them himself 1d a fowl for every hen that trespassed on his grass farm; that a man was fined if he left a spade or shovel in the wrong place; fined if he left a gate open; fined if he took a short cut across a field; fined if he was two minutes behind the ring of the bell, with the result that a man employed at 9s. a week sometimes found himself only entitled to 7s. after his week's labour. His dogmatic and domineering tone with the people appears to have been another prolific cause of enmity against him. "He treated his cattle better than he did us," said one of his tenants; "he never had anything but a curse for us." A certain amount of gratuitous "duty work" was done upon his farm by the tenants for some time after his appointment as agent for Lord Erne, but his unpopularity led to a refusal to continue the duty work any longer.

IMPERATIVE Sale of furniture and effects, by Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, on the premises, Park View-terrace, Bourke-street, Surry Hills, this day, at 11 o'clock a.m.

Municipal Elections.

BOROUGH OF BURWOOD.
The undermentioned gentlemen have been nominated
As ALDERMEN—
ALFRED JAMES SIMSON
CHARLES MUZIO DEANE
HENRY MALCOLM DEAKIN
CORNELIUS JOHN RYAN
JOHN STURT
WILLIAM HENRY HALL.
AS AUDITORS—
HENRY JOHN RUCKER
LINDSAY GEORGE THOMPSON
THOMAS BEVERLEY WEDDERBURN
WILLIAM WALTON.
WILLIAM ARCHER, Mayor and Returning-officer.
Council-chambers, Burwood, January 25th, 1881.

Council-chambers, Leichhardt, January 26, 1881.
NOTICE is hereby given that the following gentlemen have been duly nominated as Aldermen:—
EAST WARD.
Wm. Pritchard, Johnston-street.
MIDDLE WARD.
Chas. Hearn, Parramatta Road.
WEST WARD.
John F. Whiting, Elswick-street.
Thos. C. Wright, Carlisle-street.
AS AUDITORS:
Wm. Brade, Balmain Road.
John Keep, Wharf Road.
JOHN T. FRASER, Returning-officer and Mayor.

MUNICIPALITY OF MANLY.
I hereby withdraw my nomination in the forthcoming election for Alderman in the above municipality in favour of Mr. WM. JOHNSON.
WILLIAM BAGNALL.

BOROUGH OF PADDINGTON.—GLENMORE WARD.
Ladies and Gentlemen,—My term of office as your representative terminates on the 1st of next month. By the request of many of my old supporters, and having a great desire to complete important works which I have commenced for the permanent improvement of the borough, I again respectfully seek your support, with which should you honour me you may rely upon my best energies to serve you.
CHARLES ARTLETT, Rushcutter Bay.

BOROUGH OF RANDWICK.
NOTICE is hereby given that the following persons have been nominated to fill the offices of Aldermen and Auditors, to be vacated at the end of current municipal year:—
As ALDERMEN:
COOGEE WARD.
CHARLES MOORE, M.L.C., Auctioneer, Pitt-street, Sydney.
WEST WARD.
MICHAEL BENEDICT MAGILL, Nurseryman, Botany-street, Randwick.
MIDDLE WARD.
JOHN SEE, M.L.A., Merchant, Avoca-street, Randwick
ALBERT KIMBERLEY, Sculptor, Dutruc-street, Randwick.
As AUDITORS:
EDWARD H. S. BRACEY, Warehouseman, Avoca-street Randwick
JOSEPH COULTER, Accountant, Victoria-street, Randwick.
G KISS, Returning-Officer.
27th January, 1881.

BOROUGH OF WATERLOO.—A Preliminary MEETING of the Friends and Supporters of W. G. James will be held at the Foresters' Hall, Botany-street, Waterloo, THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock sharp.

BOROUGH OF WATERLOO.—Alderman WILLIAM EVANS is a CANDIDATE for re-election, and respectfully solicits your support and favour.

BOROUGH OF WAVERLEY.—NELSON WARD.—W. J. NAPIER will meet the Ratepayers THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 9 o'clock, at the corner of Cowper-street and Old South Head Road.

BOROUGH OF REDFERN.
ELECTION OF ALDERMEN FOR REDFERN WARD.
A MEETING of the Ratepayers favourable to the return of Mr. J. P. LARCOMBE and Mr. ROBERT HUDSON as Aldermen for the above Ward will be held at Hodge's Hotel, corner of Bullanaming and Turner streets, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Messrs Larcombe and Hudson will address the Meeting. Mr. John Forsythe will occupy the chair.
JOHN MITCHELL, Hon. Secretary.

NEXT SATURDAY, 3.30 p.m.
GRAND VILLA SITES, 44 x 188.
To be sold on the Ground, BURWOOD, near station.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.
NO RESERVE. EASY TERMS.
Torrens' Title.
GET A LITHOGRAPH.

Business Cards.

A CARD.—SIMS and PARKES, Wholesale and Retail Herbalists, treat all diseases. 240, George-street North.

A CARD.—LOMER'S Parlour Studios, opposite Railway Terminus, 805, George-st. Card Por., from 7s 6d per doz.

ARCHITECT.—HAROLD BREES. Views painted in water colours. 338, George-street, over Mountcastle's.

A LA FLORE AUSTRALIENNE, 409, George-st.—Luncheons, Teas, Refreshments any hour; Cakes, Hot Pies.

ALL ladies requiring MME. DEMOREST'S AMERICAN PAPER PATTERNS, go to 87, King-street, two doors from George-street.

A LA BELLE PROVENCE.—Cream Cakes, great variety of Lollies, Pate de Guimaux, Patés (veal and ham), Patés Chaux for entrees, &c., &c.
Decorated cakes for parties, &c., &c.
Ice cream.
415, next Lassetter's.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.—Those who wish to obtain the above made on the latest English principles should consult Mr. J. E. CARTER, Surgical and Mechanical Dentist, from London, who guarantees perfect fit, mastication, and natural appearance, at a very moderate cost. Painless extraction by the Nitrous Oxide Gas. All dental operations skilfully performed. Consultations free at Mr. Carter's residence, 32 (late 26), College-street, Hyde Park.

C A R D.
J. R. MILES and CO., Auctioneers, House and Estate Agents. Debts collected, &c.
Temporary Office—
106, Elizabeth-street.

DAVID JONES AND COMPANY'S
Bedstead, and Patent Spring Mattress Warehouse.
Beds, Mattresses, and Patent Spring Mattresses made to order, upon the most improved principles of construction. Bedsteads by all the most celebrated makers. Furniture Coverings in Silk and Wool. Window Blinds, Spring Rollers, Cornices, Curtains, Tassels, Upholstery Trimmings, Decorations, &c.
Estimates given for Furnishings of all descriptions.
363, GEORGE-STREET,
next to the English and Scottish Bank,
late 165, York-street.
DAVID JONES and COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1842.—Dr. EMANUEL and SON, Dentists (dental diploma 1855). Artificial teeth, first-class work; gold employed, 20-carat. Teeth plugged with gold. Teeth extracted painless. 134, Pitt-street, opposite Punch's.

IF YOUR CLOCK or Watch should STOP, send at once to HENRY and CO., care of Mr. Woolley, Vernon-street, Waverley. Work done for the trade. Repairs done on your own premises. Sewing Machines repaired.

MADAME CHEHANE, Clairvoyante, Spirit Medium, Professor of Magnetic Healing, 189, Cumberland-st., Sydney.

W. HOWES, Tailor.—Best materials, fit, and workmanship; lowest charges. 472, George-st., opp. Market

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NO RESERVE. EASY TERMS.
Torrens' Title.
GET A LITHOGRAPH.

THE SYDNEY MAIL
and
NEW SOUTH WALES ADVERTISER.
ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE BEST,
as it is the oldest, WEEKLY JOURNAL in New South Wales.
The arrangements for 1881 assure continuous improvement on previous years.
BEAUTIFULLY PRINTED ON GOOD PAPER.
It is therefore always readable and presentable.
COMMANDS THE COMPLETE NEWS-COLLECTING AGENCIES
of the greatest Newspaper Office in the colonies.
Weekly Summaries: PARLIAMENT, COMMERCE, SHIPPING, and MINING.
NUMEROUS AND COSTLY ENGRAVINGS
depict subjects of current colonial interest.
The AGRICULTURAL, PASTORAL, and SPORTING DEPARTMENTS are entrusted to experienced editors.
THE LADIES' PAGE IS ALWAYS ATTRACTIVE,
and wholesome entertainment is provided for the young folks.
SEVERAL HIGH-CLASS STORIES
will be published in 1880;
and, in order to sustain the literary columns, the proprietors have retained the services of some of
THE ABLEST WRITERS IN AUSTRALIA.

Auction Sales.

TIP TRUCK and HARNESS.
T. COSGROVE has received instructions from Mr. Roach to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 180, Castlereagh-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
The above.

BROUGHAM WITH POLE AND LAMPS.
T. COSGROVE has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 180, Castlereagh-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
The above.

DRAUGHT COLT.
T. COSGROVE has received instructions from Mr. James O'Connell, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 180, Castlereagh-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
An active draught horse, 4 years old, and subject to trial.

FAT CALVES. FAT CALVES.
WILLIAM INGLIS will sell by auction, at his Sale Yards, 327, George-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 11 o'clock,
30 very prime fat calves, from L. Gorman, Esq., Picton, per rail.

FAT SHEEP. FAT SHEEP.
WILLIAM INGLIS has received instructions from Messrs. Large and Mair to sell by auction, at the Homebush Yards, on MONDAY, January 31st, at 11 o'clock,
600 exceedingly prime fat wethers, heavy weights, per rail.

Auction Sales.

AUCTIONEERS' NOTICE.

Our NEW PROPERTY REGISTER for this Month is NOW OBTAINABLE, at OUR ROOMS, FREE, or will be forwarded by post on application.
HARDIE and GORMAN, 133, Pitt-street.

Horses, Vehicles, and Harness.

GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, all lots not specially advertised, and at 12 o'clock, all lots specially advertised.
Regular sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown any afternoon.
Livery in this department, charges moderate, and best of forage.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 12 o'clock,
Cream pony gelding, very quiet, and used to children; also saddle and bridle.

Handsome Saddle and Harness Horse.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Thomas Tate, Esq., Moss Vale, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
A very handsome bay gelding, thoroughly broken to saddle and harness, a very fine hackney, and a splendid goer in harness; took 1st prize Kiama, and 2nd Ulladulla shows.

Well-bred Hack Hanlan.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Mr. A. Thompson to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 12 o'clock,
HANLAN, a brown horse, by Stafford (imported) out of Dorah. He is half-brother to Forest Lad, is a splendid hack, and was bred by T. A. Reddall, Esq., Illawarra.

SOUTHERN HORSES.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from J. V. Cooper, Esq., Willeroo, to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, Friday, at 2 o'clock,
20 head of horses, consisting of heavy draught colts and fillies, unbroken, by Defiance, Conqueror, Dennington, and Native Hero; light harness colts and fillies by good sires, also unbroken; and one grand saddle horse by King Victor—a perfect hack.
Mr. Cooper's horses are well known in this market, but this lot is said to be better than usual.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the Owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
Three fresh country horses, broken to saddle and harness.

To Private Gentlemen, Dealers, and others.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from his Honor Mr. Justice Faucett to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
A pair of bay geldings, thoroughly quiet in harness, stanch, well matched, and run nicely together. Also,
A light open carriage, with canopy, pole, shafts, lamps, and brake, and set of double harness, in good order
2 ladies' saddles and bridles, gent.'s saddle and bridle, and sundries.
The lot are being sold in consequence of his Honor leaving for Europe.

MAITLAND HORSES.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Frederick Tunbridge, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, on WEDNESDAY next, February 2, at 2 o'clock,
20 head of really very fine heavy draught colts and fillies, in splendid condition
10 head of first-class horses, broken and unbroken, suitable carriage, 'bus, or van work.
N.B.—These horses are all by grand sires, and are really a fine lot.

WAGGA WAGGA HORSES.

15 Heavy Draught, Light Harness, and Saddle Horses, to be sold at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, 28th instant.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from Mr. A. M'Kinnon, Wagga Wagga, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, 28th instant, at 12 o'clock,
Three HEAVY DRAUGHT HORSES, in fine working condition, stanch and good in collar.
Eight harness horses, suitable for cab, 'bus, or light harness purposes.
Four well-bred saddle horses.
☞ The above horses are now on view at the Bazaar.

Horse and Carriage Bazaar.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 244, Pitt-street, opposite School of Arts, late Gibson's, and 185, Castlereagh-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, Horses, vehicles, &c.; and at Camperdown any afternoon.
☞ The forage of best description, charges moderate, and every attention paid to stock sent for sale or livery.

Saddle, Harness, and Draught Horses.
Buggies, Waggonettes, Spring and Pagnel Carts.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
Heavy draught horses
Saddle and harness horses
Spring-cart horses
Buggies, waggonettes, spring and pagnel carts, harness, &c.

Heavy Draught Horse, from Campbelltown.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from Mr. J. Baulkham, Campbelltown, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
A brown DRAUGHT HORSE, stanch, and good in collar.

Weekly Produce Sale.

WILLIAM INGLIS will sell by auction, THIS DAY, Friday, at his Sale Yards and Railway Auction Mart, 827, George-street, at 12 o'clock sharp,
Calves, pigs, lambs, suckers
100 coops poultry.
At 2 o'clock sharp.
The usual weekly supply of dairy produce, comprising roll butter, keg butter, and cheese, from the best dairies in the Southern districts; superior corn-fed bacon, 100 cases fresh eggs, lard, honey, &c.

BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions to sell by auction, at their New Wool Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
Consignment of
Hair, horns, bones, hides.
And at half-past 2—
Casks tallow.
Terms, cash.

COULTER and GORREL will sell by auction, at the Corporation Yards, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
200 pigs } In lots to suit purchasers.
40 calves }

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE.

ELLIS and CO., will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, at 9 o'clock,
Hay, straw, lucerne, maize, potatoes, pumpkins, &c., &c.
At 11 o'clock,
Wood.
At Yards, 791, George-street South, at 12 o'clock,
Fat calves, lambs, pigs, suckers, &c.
40 prime fat calves, per rail from Goulburn.
At 1 o'clock,
Roll and keg butter, cheese, bacon, eggs, honey, lard, fruit.
At 4 o'clock,
Hides, tallow, sheepskins, wool, &c.

WELLS and SMITH, BROTHERS, will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, at 9 o'clock,
Hay, straw, chaff, corn, potatoes, flour, &c.
At 11 o'clock,
Wood, posts, rails, palings, &c.

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE.

WELLS and SMITH, BROTHERS, will sell by auction, at their Yards, 699, George-street, THIS DAY, 2 o'clock,
Sucking pigs, calves
Poultry, &c.
Half-past 2 o'clock,
Eggs, butter, bacon, cheese
Honey, lard, potatoes, &c.
Quarter-past 3 o'clock,
200 cases grapes, oranges, lemons, nectarines, peaches, apples, pears, &c.

KEMBLA WHARF, MONDAY, half-past 2 o'clock.
400 BAGS POTATOES.

WELLS and SMITH, BROTHERS, will sell by auction,
The above, in lots.
No reserve.

SEAFORTH PROCTER will sell by auction THIS DAY, at Darling Harbour Station, at 9 o'clock,
Hay, straw, lucerne, corn, potatoes, watermelons, pumpkins, fruit.
At 11 o'clock,
Billet wood, posts, &c.
At Sydney Produce Mart, 715 and 727, George-street, 12 o'clock,
Fat calves, lambs, pigs, suckers, turkeys, geese, ducks, fowls, pigeons, birds, apples, grapes, fruit, onions, potatoes, pumpkins.
At 3 o'clock,
Roll and keg butter, cheese, hams, bacon, 120 cases superior eggs, honey, wax, hair, hides, skins, wool, tallow, &c.
Also, jam, confectionery, biscuits, and sundries.

Hay, Straw, Chaff, Maize, Pumpkins, Potatoes.

DENT and HOSKIN will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, at 9 o'clock,
Hay, straw, chaff, maize, potatoes, pumpkins.

DENT and HOSKIN will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, at 11, Wood, posts, and rails.

WHEAT. WHEAT.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Macquarie-place, THIS DAY, 28th January, at 11 o'clock sharp,
300 bags prime wheat, from Southern districts.
Terms, cash.

FLOUR. FLOUR.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Macquarie-place, THIS DAY, 28th January, at 11 o'clock sharp,
50 tons superfine flour, of well-known country brands, in lots to suit purchasers.
Terms, cash.

WEEKLY PRODUCE STORES.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN will sell by auction, at their New Produce Stores, Elizabeth-street, at 9 o'clock,
Hides, horns, bones.
And at half-past 10 o'clock,
Hides and calfskins.
And at half-past 2 o'clock,
Casks of tallow.
Terms, cash.

F. L. BARKER will sell by auction, at his Produce Stores, at 10.30, Hides, &c.; 2.30, Tallow.

JOHN BRIDGE will sell by auction, at the Railway Station, Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, at 9 a.m., Bran, pollard, &c.

JOHN BRIDGE will sell by auction, at his Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, at 10.30, Hides; and at 2.30, Tallow.

Weekly Produce Sale.

MORT and CO. will sell by public auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday,
At 9 o'clock,
Horns, bones, hair, and beeswax.
At half-past 10 o'clock,
Hides, horsehides
Kangaroo and wallaby skins.
At half-past 2 o'clock,
Casks tallow.
Terms, cash.

WOOL AND SHEEPSKINS.

MORT and CO. will sell by public auction, at their Wool Warehouses, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday, January 28, at 2 o'clock,
Sheepskins.
And at 2.30,
1600 bales wool.
Terms, cash.

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday, at 9 o'clock sharp,
Hair, horns, bones, beeswax, &c.
At half-past 10 o'clock,
Hides, calfskins, &c.
At half-past 2 o'clock,
Cask tallow.

UNDER BILL OF SALE.

THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock precisely.
On the Premises, 36, Elizabeth-street, Waterloo, near St. George's Hotel,
Couches, Chairs, Chiffonier, 4-post Bedsteads, Mahogany Loo Table, Kitchen Utensils, and sundries.

DUNN and GOULD will sell by auction, on the premises, THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock,
The above. No reserve.

DUNN and GOULD will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 274, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock,
A large quantity of new and second-hand clothing, boots and shoes, books, and sundries.

OLD BUILDING MATERIALS
of
3 BRICK and STONE BUILT HOUSES,
covered with slated roofs,
Nos. 182, 184, and 186, CLARENCE-STREET,
near Market-street.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions to sell by auction, THIS DAY, 28th instant, at 3 o'clock, at the above building,
Without reserve.

TUESDAY, February 1, at 11 a.m.

IMPORTANT SALE BY AUCTION,
on the PREMISES,
117, Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo,
of
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS,
consisting of
DRAWING-ROOM and DINING-ROOM SUITES
PIANO, by Collard and Collard
BEDS, BEDDING
CHESTS OF DRAWERS
KITCHEN UTENSILS, &c., &c.
CANARIES and PIGEONS.

J. W. CAMPER and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, on TUESDAY, 1st February, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, 117, Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo,
The whole of the above household furniture and effects
Canaries and pigeons.
Without reserve.

AUCTION NOTICE.

POSTPONEMENT OF SALE.

The sale of Furniture advertised to take place at "Windsor House," 20, Jamison-street, This Day, Friday, is POSTPONED until further notice.
OATLEY and CAHILL,
Auctioneers, 40, Hunter-street.

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.
ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.

POTOSI COMPANY'S, EQUAL TO ELKINGTON'S.

☞ FRIDAY, 28th JANUARY.

To Close the Consignment.

J. LAZARUS and CO. have been favoured with instructions from the consignees to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Wynyard-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Two cases of the above celebrated Company's plated ware, comprising—
Table and dessert spoons and forks
Tea, mustard, and salt spoons
Fish slicers, dessert and fish knives and forks
Nut cracks, knife rests
&c., &c.
☞ The auctioneers direct the attention of first-class houses to this shipment of goods, which are heavily plated on hard white metal and of unequalled quality.
Terms at sale.

ELECTROPLATED WARE.

ELECTROPLATED WARE.

Highly Important and Unreserved Sale
of
First Quality Electroplated Ware.

By order of the Consignees.

☞ FRIDAY, 28th JANUARY.

4082—1 case, 100 best quality Four-holed Plated Cruets
3 Egg Frames and Salt Spoons
4083—1 ditto, 48 Richly Plated Tea and Coffee Sets
4084—1 ditto, 34 best quality Three-corner 3-holed plated Cruets
24 ditto 4-ditto ditto
24 ditto 5-ditto ditto
4085—1 ditto, 15 dozen Glass Butters, Plated Stands and Covers
4091—1 ditto, 12 best quality Electroplated Tea and Coffee Sets, No. 5039
10 ditto ditto ditto, 850
6 ditto ditto Sardinieres, 4131
4099—1 ditto, 50 best quality 5-hole Cruets, No. 307
6 extra quality 4-ditto ditto, 2393
6 ditto 5-ditto ditto, 2393
3 ditto 6-ditto ditto, 2393
18 ditto 4-ditto ditto, 307
4101—1 ditto, 42 Three-corner 3-hole Plated Cruets
5 best quality 5-hole ditto ditto
6 ditto ditto Biscuit Boxes, 1484
6 ditto ditto ditto, 4198
12 ditto ditto ditto, 4196
13—1 ditto, 12 Revolving Butters and Stands
3 Racing Goblets
2 Liqueur Frames Cabinet Bottles
2 ditto ditto, Combination
2 Sets Fish Eaters, in Morocco Cases
2 ditto Dessert ditto
6 Pairs Nut Cracks.

J. LAZARUS and CO. have been favoured with instructions from the consignees to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Wynyard-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock precisely,
☞ The above valuable and choice assortment of PLATED GOODS, which comprise nearly every line in demand, and are for positive and unreserved sale.
Terms at sale.

MOSLEY'S CELEBRATED CUTLERY
MOSLEY'S CELEBRATED CUTLERY.

To Cutlers, Wholesale Ironmongers, Furnishing Warehousemen, &c., &c.

☞ FRIDAY, JANUARY 28.

6 Cases of the above celebrated maker's Goods, comprising—
Heavy Ivory-handled Table Dessert Knives
Ditto ditto ditto Carvers
Cocoa, Buck, and Stag handled Table Knives and Forks
Carving Knives and Forks
Bread Knives, beautifully carved handle
Pearl and Ivory Pocket and Pen Knives in bent glass cases
Scissors, in glass cases
Knives, Spoon, and Fork, in cases
Sportsmen and other Pocket Knives
Adelaide and other Cork Screws.

J. LAZARUS and CO. have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Wynyard-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock precisely,
6 cases of the above celebrated maker's goods, just landed, ex Hydaspes,
comprising many lines of new goods not hitherto imported.
Every line is for unreserved sale and affords an opportunity of replenishing stock very seldom obtainable.
Terms at sale.

MONDAY, 31st January.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. LAZARUS and CO. will sell by auction, at the COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS, Wynyard-street, on MONDAY, 31st instant,
113 packages new goods, ex Hydaspes.

PRELIMINARY.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, at 11 o'clock.

BALANCE of the STOCK and MACHINERY of a CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT.
comprising—
Costly Plant
8 h. p. Engine
Coltsfoot Rock Making Machine
Trays, Boilers, Comfit Pans, Furnaces
BLOWING FAN and PIPING
QUANTITY TURNED SHAFTING
QUANTITY BELTING
SUNDRIES.
No reserve.
On the Premises De Mestre-place, off George-street, opposite Messrs. J. R. Cattell and Co.'s Store.
Auction Sale as above.
Particulars in Catalogue.
FRASER and CO., Auctioneers.

MONDAY, JANUARY 31.

BOOTS and SHOES. BOOTS and SHOES.
AN EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT of BOOTS and SHOES.
OF ENGLISH, GERMAN, and FRENCH BOOTS and SHOES.
Also, a First-class Stock of BOOTS, SHOES, &c., of a Country Storekeeper, in capital condition.

FRASER and CO. have been instructed to sell by auction, at the City Mart, George-street, on MONDAY, 31st January, at 11 o'clock,
The above.

AUCTIONEER'S NOTICE.

On and after THIS DAY, the 11th instant, my Business will be carried on at the Rooms, 322, George-street.
LOUIS COHEN, Auctioneer.

ORDER OF SALE.

THIS DAY, 28th. At the Rooms, Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Ladies' Reticules and Bags, &c.
WEDNESDAY, 2nd February. At "Hazelmere," Edgecliff Road, Superior Household Furniture, Pianos, &c.
ON AN EARLY DAY. At 27, Upper William-street South, the residence of A. R. Docker, Esq., Household Furniture and Effects.
HARRIS and ACKMAN, Auctioneers, 107, Pitt-street.

THIS DAY, 28th JANUARY.

For Sale by Auction.

10 CASES FANCY GOODS, PERFUMERY, &c.,
Comprising—
Toilet Glasses, Hand Mirrors
Workboxes, Money Boxes
Combware, Celluloid and Hard Rubbers
Eau de Cologne, Glass Marbles
Portmanteaus, Knives, and Forks
Nickel Clocks, Cuckoo Clocks
Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors
Brackets, Inkstands, Picture Frames
Bead Work, Coloured Balls, Carte de Visite Frames
Albums, Ladies' Reticules, Baskets
Writing Desks, Pocket Companions
Purses, Bags, Portmonnaies
Plated Suites, Studs, and Solitaires
Combs, Nail, Hair, and Tooth Brushes
Marble and Dutch Clocks, and Timepieces
&c., &c.

To Fancy Warehousemen, Country Storekeepers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will sell the above by AUCTION, at their ROOMS, 107, PITT-STREET, THIS DAY, 28th JANUARY, at 11 o'clock.
No reserve.
Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, 28th JANUARY, at 11 a.m.

IMPORTANT SALE BY AUCTION
of
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS,
at
GIESSEN COTTAGE, PARRAMATTA ROAD, PETERSHAM.

BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTORS IN THE ESTATE OF THE LATE P. ANDREAS, Esq.,
comprising
GLASS, CHINA, and PLATE
ROSEWOOD COTTAGE PIANOFORTE, by Cadby, trichord, treble music plate, &c., &c.
Mahogany Telescope Dining Table
MAHOGANY ESCRITOIRE BOOKCASE
Crimson Cloth Cover
MAGNIFICENT 7-feet Mahogany Pedestal SIDEBOARD, plate-glass back, fitted with plate drawers, cellarette, &c., &c.
Ditto 5 feet 6 inch enclosed SIDEBOARD, plate-glass back
ELEGANT carved gilt frame Oval Pier Glass, 40 x 50
Very HANDSOME pair of old China Vases, beautifully painted by hand—wreaths of flowers
DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, consisting of sofa and 6 chairs covered in green rep
MASSIVE Rosewood Music Cabinet
Four Papier Maché Occasional Chairs, inlaid with mother o' pearl
MAGNIFICENT Oval Walnut Centre Table, spider legs
HANDSOME Walnut Chiffonier, marble top, plate-glass back and doors
SUPERB Walnut Cottage Pianoforte, by W. Hostmaunn, Berlin, oblique trichord, carved trussed legs, and possessing all the most modern improvements
LARGE and HANDSOME Wilton Pile Carpet, extending through drawing and dining rooms
MASSIVE HALL FURNITURE
VERY FINE collection of HIGHLY finished OLEOGRAPHS
Two MASSIVE Coalbrookdale Verandah Seats
HANDSOME Pair Mahogany Toilets, comprising washstand with marble top, and toilet table with large swing glass to match
MAHOGANY Double-winged Break-front WARDROBE, with large plate-glass centre door, fitted with drawers, sliding trays, &c.
MASSIVE Tubular State Bedstead, with heavy horsehair mattress, feather bed, bolster, 2 pillows, mosquito curtains, dimity valance, blankets, counterpanes, &c.
SINGLE BEDSTEADS and Bedding, and other Bedroom Requisites
Patent Mangle
Kitchen Utensils, and
at 2 p.m. will be offered and sold,
VALUABLE SOUTHDOWN SHEEP and LAMBS
EXCELLENT MILCH COWS
CART HARNESS, Ploughs, Harrow
SPRING-CART, BUTCHER'S CART, DRAY, CHAFFCUTTERS, &c.

TO PRIVATE GENTLEMEN FURNISHING, RESIDENTS OF PETERSHAM and NEIGHBOURHOOD, COMMISSION AGENTS, and GENERAL DEALERS.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions from the Executors of the Estate of the late P. Andreas, Esq., to sell by auction, at GIESSEN Cottage, PARRAMATTA ROAD, PETERSHAM, THIS DAY, 28th January, at 11 a.m.,
THE WHOLE OF THE ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
☞ Catalogues to be had at the Rooms.

IMPERATIVE SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION.

THIS DAY, 28th instant, at 11 a.m.

At PARK VIEW TERRACE, BOURKE-STREET, SURRY HILLS, near Cleveland-street,
Comprising—
CHINA, GLASS, PLATE
DININGROOM, DRAWINGROOM, and BEDROOM FURNITURE, KITCHEN UTENSILS, &c.

To FURNITURE DEALERS, and OTHERS.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received imperative instructions to sell by auction, at PARK VIEW TERRACE, BOURKE-STREET, SURRY HILLS, near Cleveland-street, THIS DAY, 28th instant, at 11 a.m.,
The WHOLE of the SUBSTANTIAL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS.

THIS DAY, Friday, at 11.

50 DOZEN KNIVES and FORKS, 20 dozen Superior ditto, 35 dozen CARVERS
CLOCKS, E. P. TEA, DESSERT, and TABLE SPOONS
BUTCHERS' KNIVES
BROOMS, PURSES, HAND MIRRORS, PEARL SOLITAIRES
GILT and PLATED BROOCHES, EARRINGS, STUDS, ALBERTS
STATIONERY, LADIES' BAGS, CHINA VASES, and FANCY GOODS in variety,
and
10 CASES BRIGHT MUSKETS, with BAYONETS.

JAMES RODD will sell by auction, THIS DAY, Friday, at 11,
The above, without reserve.
Also, quantity G. B. corks, and sundry lines groceries.

☞ WEDNESDAY NEXT, February 2.
☞ GENERAL DRAPERY.
☞ MEN'S CLOTHING.
☞ BOOTS and SHOES.

JAMES RODD will sell by auction, WEDNESDAY, February 2,
The above.
☞ PARTICULARS TUESDAY.

Men's and Boys' Trousers and Vests, Fancy Tweeds and Doeskins, Dowlas, Sheetings, Hosiery, Toilet Quilts, Towels, Damask Cloths, Victoria Covers, Shirts, Shirtings, Italian Cloths, Alpacas, Handkerchiefs, Felt Hats, &c.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, 28th instant, at 11,
128—100 pairs men's trousers and vests
609— 8 pieces 36-inch dowlas
610— 8 ditto 40-inch ditto
96— 48 dozen white Turkish towels
10—100 8-4 damask cloths
71—120 victoria covers, assorted sizes
184— 25 dozen men's cotton shirts
1490— 12 ditto ditto white dressed shirts
196— 16 pieces twilled crimean shirtings
56— 16 ditto 6-4 Italian cloths
295— 25 dozen men's black soft felt hats
296— 1 case same.
Terms at sale.

☞ AT THE SALE ROOMS, 123, Pitt-street.

By order of A. Sandeman, Esq., Official Assignee in the estate of Edward Hall, draper, of 71, George-street West.

The Official Assignee's RIGHT, TITLE, and INTEREST in the LEASE of the above central business premises, having 3½ years to run, at the very low rental of £91 per annum.
The FIXTURES, COUNTER, WINDOW, and GAS FITTINGS will be sold in one lot with the lease.

THIS DAY, Friday, 28th, at 11 o'clock.

Also the Balance of the Unsold STOCK OF GENERAL DRAPERY, Clothing, &c.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are favoured with instructions from A. Sandeman, Esq., to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11.
The above, in the insolvent estate of Edward Hall, commencing at 11 sharp. The stock of drapery comprises tweeds, flannels, blankets, quilts, shawls, mantles, jackets, skirts, underclothing, forfars, men's and boys' clothing, patent penholders, calicoes, prints, sheetings, dress stuffs, silks, woollens, shirts, muslins, damasks, haberdashery, hats, hosiery, mercery, &c.
Removed to the Rooms for unreserved sale.
Terms, cash.

Sale THIS DAY, January 28th, on the Premises, 68, Oxford-street.

To Confectioners, Jewellers, Fancy Goods Buyers, Private Parties Fitting Shops, and others.

Lollies, Fancy Goods, Lollie Glasses
Tables, Chairs, Handsome Glass Cases, 9 feet long, suitable for Jewellers, Tobacconists, and others
Glass Case, suitable for window 5 x 6 in
Set Brass Scales, Cedar Counters, Gas Fittings, 2 Pieces Plate-glass, each 9 x 3
Oilcloth, Glassware, and Sundries.

S. S. JOEL and CO. have received instructions from the proprietor to sell by auction, THIS DAY, on the premises, as above, the whole without reserve.
Terms, cash.

THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.

On the premises, 190, Bourke-street.

R. H. Couch and Chairs, Oval Table, China, Glassware
Carpets, Oilcloth, Matting, Pictures, Pier Glass
Bedsteads and Bedding, Washstands and Ware
Chests Drawers, M. S. Toilet Glasses
Bath, Timber, Chairs, Tables, Kitchen Utensils
ROSEWOOD COTTAGE PIANOFORTE, very fine tone.

R. J. HUGHES and CO. have received instructions from Mr. Wicks to sell by auction, at his residence,
The whole of his superior furniture, pianoforte, &c.
Without the slightest reserve.

To Parties Furnishing and Others.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. have received instructions from Mr. Miller to sell by auction, at his residence, 42, Hutchinson-street, off Fitzroy-street, Moore Park, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
Household furniture, consisting of drawing-room suite, sideboard, pier glass, loo tables, 4-post Wingfield's brass bedstead, H. H. mattress, chest drawers, washstand and sets, glassware, plated-ware, kitchen utensils, &c.

LABOUR BAZAAR AUCTION MART, PITT-STREET.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, Friday, at their Mart, at 11 o'clock,
Household furniture, consisting of horsehair-seated couch, chairs, tables, chests of drawers, chiffoniers, bedsteads and bedding, crockery and glass ware, kitchen utensils, &c., the property of a party removing from Sydney.
No reserve. Terms, cash.

THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.

At the Residence of the Late Mr. S. SIMMONS, 41, WEXFORD-STREET, Haymarket,

The Whole of the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising Chairs, Couches, Loo and other Tables, Chiffoniers, Pier Glass, Carpet, Floorcloth, Pictures, Bedsteads, Bedding, Toilet Glasses, Chest Drawers, Washstands and Sets, China, Electro-plated Ware, Kitchen Utensils, &c.

LAVERACK and CO. have received instructions from the Executors to sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at the residence of the late Mr. Simmons, 41, Wexford-street,
The above.
No reserve.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 29th.

IN THE ESTATE OF THE LATE SUSAN BENNETT, MEADOW BANK, RYDE.

On the MAIN ROAD of the New Route to SYDNEY by the BRIDGES.
ONLY 7 MILES FROM SYDNEY.

SUBDIVISION OF 70 ACRES INTO 1 AND 3 ACRE LOTS, opposite RYEDALE, the residence of Mrs. Darvall.

GOOD LAND and fine views of the surrounding country. Close to the river.

MILLS, PILE, and GILCHRIST have been instructed by the Executor of the Estate of the late SUSAN BENNETT to sell by auction, on the ground, near Ryde, on SATURDAY, 29th January, at 3 o'clock,
A SUBDIVISION of the MEADOW BANK ESTATE, portion of the Balmain Grants. 70 acres subdivided into villa and garden lots of from 1 to 3 acres each.
The SOIL and SITUATION are both good, and purchasers can take up to 20 acres in one block if required by them.

The STEAMER will leave KING-STREET WHARF at 1 o'clock, and a 'bus will meet the steamer at Ryde.

TITLE, TORRENS' ACT.

TERMS: One-third deposit, and the balance can remain for 1 and 2 years at 6 per cent. interest.
MILLS, PILE, and GILCHRIST, Auctioneers.

SATURDAY, 5th FEBRUARY.

GRAND NEW SUBDIVISION.

MERVALE,
OPPOSITE THE CROYDON ROAD.
FRONTING THE PARRAMATTA ROAD.

ELEVATED LAND, for as is invariably the case in this antipodean land,
MERVALE (like all other vales in Australia) is situated on the top of a charming hill.
It commands beautiful views over the PARRAMATTA RIVER and FIVEDOCK BAY.
MERVALE Is a short distance from the NEW PIER, where Mr. Jeanneret's FAST LINE OF STEAMERS ply at short intervals.
MERVALE Is about 10 MINUTES' walk from the CROYDON STATION, many of the Allotments front the PARRAMATTA ROAD.

THIS CHARMING property, comprising a GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE, and a LARGE NUMBER of CHOICE ALLOTMENTS, will be sold by auction, ON THE GROUND, by MILLS, PILE, and GILCHRIST, On SATURDAY, 5th FEBRUARY, at half-past 3 o'clock.

The above-described splendid subdivision on the following wonderfully easy terms:—
10 PER CENT. DEPOSIT.
Balance in 18 monthly payments on the usual terms for interest.

FREE CONVEYANCE to the GROUND on day of Sale.

LITHOGRAPHS ON APPLICATION AT THE ROOMS.

FULL PARTICULARS AT THE ROOMS, 114, PITT-STREET.

POSITIVE SALE THIS DAY.

MILTON FARM,
NUMBUGGA,
ADJOINING the GOVERNMENT RESERVE, BEGA,
TWOFOLD BAY.

PALMER and THOMPSON HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED to SELL by PUBLIC AUCTION, at THEIR PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, at 11 O'CLOCK,
THAT VALUABLE FARM, now in the OCCUPATION of J. BRITTON, Esq., NUMBUGGA, situate FOUR MILES from BEGA TOWNSHIP, and KNOWN as MILTON FARM, comprising 320 ACRES of RICH LAND, all FENCED, and DIVIDED into PADDOCKS, and WELL WATERED.
On the ABOVE is ERECTED a GOOD FOUR-ROOMED COTTAGE, DAIRY, OUTBUILDINGS, ORCHARD, STOCKYARD, PIGGERY, &c.
☞ The NEW BRIDGE over the BEGA RIVER and GOOD ROADS complete this SNUG LITTLE FARM.
FULL PARTICULARS of the AUCTIONEERS, PALMER and THOMPSON, 113, PITT-STREET.

BURWOOD. BURWOOD.
BURWOOD HEIGHTS, BURWOOD HEIGHTS.
51 ALLOTMENTS. 51 ALLOTMENTS.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY. TO-MORROW, SATURDAY.
BUSINESS SITES, BUSINESS SITES, on the Main Liverpool Road, nearly opposite Ireland's new Hotel.
VILLA SITES. VILLA SITES.
COTTAGE SITES. COTTAGE SITES.

WATKIN and WATKIN, instructed by G. Heydon, Esq., will sell, on the ground, TO-MORROW, Saturday, the 29th January, at 3 p.m.,
51 LOTS, as per lithograph, copies of which may be obtained at the Auctioneers' Office, Temperance Hall, having frontages to Liverpool Road, Heydon-street, and Baker-street, within easy distance of Burwood station.
This Sale is well worth the attention of speculators and investors; in the centre of a fast improving neighbourhood, evidenced by the number of new buildings, and to be sold on terms which come within the reach of all; only 10 per cent. deposit, balance by 36 monthly payments, WITHOUT INTEREST.
Torrens' title.
'Bus will leave Auctioneers' Office, Temperance Hall, at 2 o'clock sharp.

First Preliminary.

MOUNTSIDE, ASHFIELD HEIGHTS.
34 CHOICE SITES.

WATKIN and WATKIN will sell above by auction, on the estate, on SATURDAY, February 5th, at 3 p.m.
Torrens' title. Popular terms.

FOR SALE, BY AUCTION,
on
TUESDAY, the 12th April, 1881.

TOWER HILL STATION,
Mitchell District,
QUEENSLAND.

TOGETHER WITH ABOUT 3000 HEAD
of
Highly-bred CATTLE, HORSES, STORES, PLANT, and SUNDRIES.

ESTIMATED AREA, 415 SQUARE MILES.

MESSRS. WILLIAM SLOANE and CO., in conjunction with Messrs. B. D. Morehead and Co., Brisbane, have received instructions from Messrs. Williamson and Thornton to sell by public auction, at the Exchange, Melbourne, on TUESDAY, the 12th April next, at 2 p.m.,
The well-known station,
TOWER HILL,
situated about 80 miles from Aramac, and adjoining the celebrated runs of Bowen Downs, and Rokewood.
The country is of the most fattening description, and consists of open rolling downs and alluvial flats, which are richly grassed and lightly timbered.
The run is abundantly and permanently watered by the Thomson River, Kerr Creek, and numerous other creeks and lagoons.
The IMPROVEMENTS comprise dwelling-house and necessary offices, kitchen, &c., large stockyards, horse and bull paddocks, and 47 miles of wire fencing.
With the run will be sold about 3000 head of highly-bred cattle. The horses (about 50), also working plant, tools, utensils, &c., to be taken at a valuation. Stores and wire to be taken at cost price, with carriage added.
The Agents desire, from personal knowledge, to draw the special attention of buyers to the important fact that the whole of this run is admirably adapted for sheep, and the water is never failing.
The herd, which is unexceptionally well bred, and one of the best in Queensland, is the increase of picked heifers, bred by James Archer, Esq., and Messrs. Macartney and Mayne.
The bulls used in the herd since 1868 were bred by and purchased from the well-known breeders, Robert M'Dougall, Esq., Arundel, Victoria; Dr. Jenkins, of Nepean Towers; J. C. Irving, Esq., Tomki; and the Messrs. Lee, Bathurst, New South Wales.

TERMS.—One-third cash, the balance at one, two, and three years bearing interest at £7 per centum per annum, secured by mortgage on the stock and station in the usual way.
Full particulars may be obtained on application to
Messrs. WM. SLOANE and CO.,
The Exchange, Melbourne,
31, Pitt-street, Sydney;
and
Messrs. B. D. MOREHEAD and CO.,
Brisbane.

DUNEDIN CITY PROPERTY.

M'LANDRESS, HEPBURN, and CO. will sell, at Dunedin, New Zealand, on the 14th February,
An acre of land in the centre of the city, with all the substantial buildings thereon, now let to good tenants, and bringing in a rental of £805 per annum.
Particulars and plans on view at the office of the N. Z. L. and M. A. Co. (Limited), No. 1, Spring-street.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY.

ORDER OF SALE

CITY, SUBURBAN, and COUNTRY PROPERTIES
to be
SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
at the Rooms, Pitt-street,
THIS DAY, FRIDAY,
at half-past 11 o'clock prompt.

MILLER'S POINT. Two Cottages, Nos. 8 and 10, Munn-street, overlooking Dibbs' Wharf.
HAYMARKET. Corner premises (formerly the British Hotel), and 3 Houses at the corner of Dixon and Little Hay streets, west of Sussex-street, near Hay-street.
ST. LEONARDS. View-terrace, 5 houses in Susannah-street, off Blue's Point Road, known as the property of Mr. R. Moodie. By order of the mortgagee.
FIVE DOCK BAY. Magnificent block of Land, known as Five Dock Farm Estate, in area 38 acres 3 roods 5 perches, water frontage, adjoining Dr. Fortescue's and close to Dr. Renwick's.
MISSENDEN ROAD. Two well-built residences, in Missenden Road, opposite the colleges, a few feet south of Grose-street.
DARLINGTON. Block of land, Shepherd-street, east side, adjoining the Golden Grove Estate.
ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH. Block of freehold land, Elizabeth-street South, north of Raglan-street, and adjoining the Redfern Estate.
WATERLOO. Corner shop and cottage adjoining, Cooper-street (late Bullanaming-street), north of Raglan-street, Mr. Gray's property.
BURWOOD. Two family residences, on Driver's Road, at the junction of Railway Crescent, near the Railway Bridge. Family dwelling-house in Albert-street, near the above.
ENFIELD. 4 acres 29 perches of land, corner of Church and Charles streets, off the Burwood Road, south of the Liverpool Road, together with the two cottages thereon.
BRINGELLY. 62½ acres, lot 17, Church and School Estate, north of the Bringelly Road, about 4 miles from Liverpool.
GUNNEDAH. Splendid corner block of land, 1¾ acre, Tempest and Barker streets, opposite the Railway Station.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

GUNNEDAH and BOGGABRI PROPERTIES,

In the insolvent estate of Mr. Mark Turner,

ADVERTISED FOR AUCTION SALE, This Day, Friday, are UNAVOIDABLY POSTPONED.

The day of sale will be shortly announced.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

WATER FRONTAGE ESTATE.

FIVEDOCK FARM ESTATE, in area 38 ACRES 3 roods 5 perches, FIVEDOCK BAY, Parramatta River, adjoining Dr. Fortescue's, and near Dr. Renwick's, for AUCTION SALE, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at half-past 11 o'clock.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

KATOOMBA. KATOOMBA.

MAGNIFICENT RESIDENCE,
fit for an Emperor.
ROOMS, 12 feet 6 inches high, VERANDAH, 12 feet wide.
GARDEN,
trenched and planted with the finest English and Tropical Fruits.

READ THE TERMS.
NO INTEREST.
HALF-A-CROWN in the POUND at SALE,
BALANCE IN TWO YEARS.

NO INTEREST.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH,
Auctioneers.

KATOOMBA. KATOOMBA.

THERE IS BUT ONE KATOOMBA!

All the paltry sniffs of MOUNTAIN AIR are of transient moment compared with the EVERLASTING BREEZE of KATOOMBA.

KATOOMBA. KATOOMBA.

THE EASIEST TERMS EVER OFFERED.

SALE ON THE GROUND,
SATURDAY, 12th FEBRUARY.

KATOOMBA. KATOOMBA.

NO INTEREST.

HALF-A-CROWN in the pound DOWN,
TWO YEARS TO PAY BALANCE.

NO INTEREST.

KATOOMBA. KATOOMBA.

IMITATION
THE SINCEREST STYLE OF FLATTERY.

THE ONLY KATOOMBA.

KATOOMBA. KATOOMBA.

DON'T BE MISLED BY ADVERTISEMENTS.
SEE AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELVES.

The FRESH AIR is WORTH THE FARE.

If you EVENTUALLY buy, THAT will be refunded.

KATOOMBA. KATOOMBA.

CARRIAGE DRIVES are being formed
in
CONVENIENT DIRECTIONS
in
Every Portion of the ESTATE.

NO STREETS LESS than 66 FEET WIDE.

KATOOMBA. KATOOMBA.

READ THE TERMS.

HALF-A-CROWN in the POUND DOWN.
HALF-A-CROWN ditto IN ONE MONTH.
HALF-A-CROWN ditto IN THREE MONTHS.
HALF-A-CROWN ditto IN SIX MONTHS.
FIVE SHILLINGS ditto IN TWELVE MONTHS.
FIVE SHILLINGS ditto IN TWO YEARS.

NO INTEREST
NO INTEREST
NO INTEREST.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH,
Auctioneers.

Lithographs Ready Saturday, January 29th.

Day of Sale—
SATURDAY, 12th FEBRUARY,
ON THE GROUND.

BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTORS IN THE ESTATE OF THE LATE JAMES PUNCH, Esq.

THOSE OLD ESTABLISHED centrally situated Premises, known as PUNCH'S HOTEL, corner of PITT and KING STREETS, SYDNEY.

THIS PROPERTY IS MOST SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT of Brick on stone foundations and basement, and contains the following EXTENSIVE ACCOMMODATION:—

GROUND FLOOR.—LARGE and HANDSOMELY FITTED BAR, having 5 entrances, two large dining rooms, compact kitchen with large cooking range, with facilities for dining 200 persons.

ON THE BASEMENT FLOOR.—Four large and dry cellars.

ON THE FIRST FLOOR.—Large meeting room, 2 billiard rooms, lavatory, bedroom, and storeroom, also patent closet.

ON THE SECOND FLOOR.—Six good bedrooms, bathroom, linen closet with landing on to the roof, which is fitted for drying clothes.

The whole of the premises are well drained to the main sewer.

THE LAND has 51 feet frontage to PITT-STREET, and 42 feet 2 inches to KING-STREET, with a depth of 64 feet on the north.

THE BUILDING is MASSIVE and COMMODIOUS, the corner is unsurpassed, and the BUSINESS STAND is one of the best in the city, as evidenced from the fact that so great success followed the efforts of the late proprietor.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from the EXECUTORS in the ESTATE of JAMES PUNCH, Esq., deceased, to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Bell's-chambers, 133, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 23rd February.

PUNCH'S HOTEL PROPERTY,
comprising the freehold only, situate at the corner of KING and PITT STREETS, SYDNEY.
☞ The SPECIAL ATTENTION of BANKERS, INVESTORS, MERCHANTS, CAPITALISTS, HOTEL and CLUB PROPRIETORS is directed to the sale of this sterling city corner property.

TERMS, LIBERAL. TITLE, FREEHOLD.
Solicitors to the Estate: Messrs. GANNON and M'LAUGHLIN, Temple Court, King-street, Sydney

STERLING CITY PROPERTIES.

PITT-STREET, OPPOSITE FARMER and COMPANY'S.

THOSE OLD ESTABLISHED BUSINESS PREMISES at present occupied by Messrs. WEIR (Butcher), and MEADS (Fruiterer).

PRELIMINARY INTIMATION.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their ROOMS, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock,
WEDNESDAY, 23rd FEBRUARY,
The above described CITY PROPERTIES.

CITY INVESTMENTS in FIRST-CLASS POSITIONS are not often offered at auction. PITT-STREET, between MARKET and KING STREETS, is the very CREAM of BUSINESS POSITIONS.

☞ This site is equal to a CORNER, being divided from the CO-OPERATIVE STORES by a lane 14 feet wide.
The LAND has a GOOD FRONTAGE, and a GREAT DEPTH.
Instructions being POSITIVELY GIVEN TO SELL on the date advertised, INVESTORS, SPECULATORS, BUSINESS PEOPLE, HOTEL PROPRIETORS, TRUSTEES, BUILDERS, and others, will please inspect before day of sale.

Sale plan in course of preparation.

Messrs. ELLIS and MAKINSON Solicitors for Vendor.

TO-MORROW (Saturday) AFTERNOON.

THE PICK OF BURWOOD.

TWENTY-FIVE (25) MAGNIFICENT MANSION and VILLA SITES, in the best position in Burwood, five minutes' walk from the Burwood Railway. EACH ALLOTMENT having a good frontage to a wide and well-made street.

TITLE, TORRENS'.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, ON THE GROUND, on SATURDAY, 29th JANUARY,
25 SPLENDID BUILDING SITES, adjoining the palatial residence of the late Mowbray Forrest, Esq., and fronting Minna, Bold, and Nicholson streets, as per plan, subdivided as follows:—
SECTION 1 consists of NINE (9) ALLOTMENTS, each having 44 feet frontage to BOLD-STREET, by a depth of 120 feet to a lane at rear.
SECTION 2.—EIGHT (8) ALLOTMENTS, each 44 feet frontage to MINNA-STREET, by a depth of 180 feet to a lane at rear.
SECTION 3.—EIGHT (8) ALLOTMENTS, each 44 feet frontage to NICHOLSON-STREET, by a depth of [illegible] feet to a lane at rear.

TERMS: 10 per cent. deposit, 15 per cent. in three months, and the balance by promissory notes at 6, 12, and 18 months, bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum.

FREE RAILWAY TICKETS can be obtained at the Rooms.

Lithos. on application. Plan at the Rooms.

☞ A LARGE OMNIBUS will run purchasers up to the ground on arrival of the train leaving Sydney at 2.30 o'clock, so AS TO SAVE TIME.

NEXT SATURDAY.

MILSON'S POINT, NORTH SHORE.

NORTHCLIFF ESTATE, consisting of about 4 acres of Land, together with large and commodious DWELLING-HOUSE.

THE ESTATE is situate only 2 minutes' walk from MILSON'S POINT, and is subdivided into BUSINESS and VILLA SITES.

HARDIE and GORMAN will sell by public auction, on the GROUND, at 3 o'clock on SATURDAY, 29th JANUARY,
All that magnificent estate, commanding large frontages to LANE COVE ROAD, PALMER and WALKER STREETS, and the deep waters of LAVENDER BAY, as follows:—
SECTION 1.
17 LOTS, each 16 feet frontage to LANE COVE ROAD, by depth of 80 FEET to lane 12 feet wide
17 LOTS, each 16 feet frontage to NORTHCLIFF-STREET, by depth of 80 feet to lane 12 feet wide.
SECTION 2.
6 LOTS, fronting WALKER-STREET, each 20 feet frontage
7 LOTS, fronting ORCHARD-STREET, each 20 feet frontage
4 LARGE WATERSIDE BLOCKS, each 50 feet frontage to LAVENDER BAY.

☞ On LOT 1 is erected NORTHCLIFF VILLA, a commodious residence, built of CUT STONE, contains large accommodation, and having the usual out conveniences. The land on which the HOUSE stands is elevated, contains nearly HALF-AN-ACRE, and is bounded by PALMER, NORTHCLIFF, ORCHARD, and UNDERCLIFF STREETS.

. TERMS—20 per cent. deposit; balance in 12, 18, 24, and 30 months, at 6 per cent.

. This property is of easy access to the city, being only a short but pleasant trip by steamer, thus making it very convenient for business men and others, and should be immediately inspected.

PLAN AND LITHOS. NOW READY.

BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES OF BREILLAT'S ESTATE.

To Close Estate Accounts.

NEWTOWN RAILWAY STATION.

THURNBY ESTATE,
consisting of
53 VALUABLE ALLOTMENTS of LAND, commanding Frontages to
LIBERTY-STREET, TRAFALGAR-TERRACE
PHILLIP-STREET, LONDON-STREET
GLADSTONE-TERRACE.

Situate immediately opposite the residence of W. Lee, Esq., and in an improving part in this favourite locality.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from the trustees of Breillat's Estate to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, on MONDAY, 31st JANUARY, 1881.
The above described suburban allotments of land, as follows:—
LOTS 1 to 19, each have about 30 FEET frontage to TRAFALGAR-TERRACE, including ONE good CORNER SITE.
LOTS 20 to 24 have from 21 FEET to 30 FEET frontage to LIBERTY-STREET, including TWO capital CORNER SITES.
LOTS 25 to 31 have from 18 FEET to 50 FEET frontage to LIBERTY and LONDON STREETS, including TWO good CORNER SITES.
LOTS 32 to 50 each have about 30 FEET frontage to GLADSTONE-STREET.
LOTS 51 to 53 have from 25 FEET to 30 FEET frontage to PHILLIPS-STREET, including ONE good CORNER SITE.

TITLE, TORRENS' ACT.

LITHOS, AT THE ROOMS.

Terms—10 per cent. deposit, 15 per cent. in 3 months without interest, balance in 5 years at 6 per cent.
Messrs. NORTON and SMITH, solicitors for the estate.

This property is situate in the immediate vicinity of the NEWTOWN RAILWAY STATION, and close to the MAIN ENMORE ROAD, and to the highly-improved properties on the SOUTH KINGSTON ESTATE.

☞ INSPECTION IS INVITED.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 19th, at 12 o'clock.

THE GIBRALTAR ESTATE, BOWRAL, will be sold ON THE GROUND.

GIBRALTAR HEIGHTS, highest point between SYDNEY and GOULBURN, 2800 feet above the sea level.

CRYSTAL SPRINGS abound throughout the GIBRALTAR ESTATE.

BOWRAL has become the SANITORIUM of the colony.

DELIGHTFUL DRIVES in all directions.

MEDICAL MEN almost universally recommend BOWRAL for CHANGE OF AIR.

THE VIEWS from MOUNT GIBRALTAR are unsurpassed in the colony.

BUILDING MATERIALS can be purchased much cheaper than in Sydney.

SYDNEY RESIDENTS leaving the BOWRAL properties in winter can have them looked after at a trifling cost by a respectable resident.

THE QUALITY of the SOIL on most of the FARMS cannot be surpassed in the district.

PURCHASERS have the right to take any number of consecutive blocks, securing any area they may desire.

LUNCHEON will be PROVIDED,
and
A FREE TRAIN will LEAVE SYDNEY on Day of Sale.
(Time will be advertised.)

THE TERMS ARE LIBERAL.

TITLE FREEHOLD.

☞ CALL for a LITHOGRAPH and inspect the TOWNSHIP laid out on the ESTATE,
to be known as
☞ MANCHESTER
☞ GIBRALTAR
☞ EAST BOWRAL
☞ NORTH BOWRAL,
and also a
LARGE NUMBER of FARMS.

HARDIE and GORMAN,
133, Pitt-street, Sydney.

GOVETT'S LEAP, the GREATEST WATERFALL and GRANDEST SCENE on the BLUE MOUNTAINS.

BLACKHEATH TOWNSHIP.

MESSRS. HARDIE and GORMAN have pleasure in announcing that they will submit to public competition, 100 ACRES (in blocks) level and undulating land, having a large FRONTAGE to the RAILWAY LINE at BLACKHEATH, and extending on either side of the RAILWAY STATION.
SPLENDID VIEWS are obtainable from nearly every part of the ground, as it is the HIGHEST PLATEAU in the vicinity.
It has been carefully SUBDIVIDED in BLOCKS, suitable for GENTLEMEN'S RESIDENCES, for which purpose it is eminently adapted for the following reasons:—
1st. The land is of good quality and will grow abundance of all sorts of English fruits, including black and red currants, gooseberries, cherries, apples, &c.
2nd. The climate is the most exhilarating—consumptives can be restored, the enfeebled strengthened, bad appetites made good, people who could walk but a few yards gain strength to walk miles. There is so much of interest hovering about the place that business cares are banished and have no place in the mind while enjoying the delightful climate and grandeur of scene in the [illegible] variety.
3rd. People travel all the way to America to see the Yosemite Valley, when they can have a scene as grand close to their own door.
4th. Blackheath is already the resort of the wealthy and refined, and is destined to take a foremost place as the Darling Point of the Blue Mountains.
5th. The country around for miles being gently undulating, with good roads and charming peeps bursting to view on all sides, offers facilities for enjoyment in drives and rides which is not to be found elsewhere on the mountains, and which alone [illegible] ultimately draw a large population. Those who have visited other favourite spots are aware how great a drawback the absence of passable roads has been.
6th. A stream of clearest water traverses the estate, sparkling on its way from a spring that has never been known to fail.
7th. None need undertake the tedious sea voyage to Tasmania to restore their shattered health, as our most eminent physicians agree in the restorative qualities of the mountain air.
8th. Blackheath is the top of the mountains, being 3500 feet above the sea.

☞ For further particulars see auction advertisements.

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Public Companies.

THE COMMERCIAL BUILDING AND INVESTMENT COMPANY (Limited).
TO BE REGISTERED UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT.

CAPITAL, £200,000,
with power to increase,
in 20,000 Shares of £10 each.

PAYMENTS: 10s on application, 10s on allotment. Calls not to exceed 10s per share, at intervals not less than 3 months.

THE LIABILITY OF THE SHAREHOLDERS IS TO BE LIMITED TO THE AMOUNT (IF ANY) UNPAID ON THE SHARES RESPECTIVELY HELD BY THEM.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:

D. G. E. ALSOP
W. A. BRODRIBB, M.L.A.
E. CHISHOLM
H. C. DANGAR, M.L.A.
J. B. FAIRFAX
A. C. GARRICK
S. A. JOSEPH
W. G. MURRAY
J. R. STREET
W. J. WESTON.

BANKERS: Bank of New Zealand, Lawrence Hindson.
SOLICITORS: Want, Johnson and Scarvell.
BROKERS: Lewis Potter Bain. Exchange.

The recent rapid advance of Sydney and its suburbs, and the daily increasing population, demand that greater facilities and inducements should be afforded the public generally to acquire land and to borrow money for building purposes at an equitable rate of interest, repayable by easy instalments, thereby securing to the borrower the comfort and economy of a freehold home, and to the lender a safe and profitable investment.

It has long been felt a matter for regret that so little has been done towards improving and arranging systematically the suburbs of Sydney, insuring more uniformity in allotments and in the style and character of the buildings erected thereon. To bring about this desirable result requires more than private enterprise, and can only be attained by the command of considerable capital ably and influentially directed.

The objects of the company may be briefly stated as follows:—

To acquire, by purchase or otherwise, Freehold or Leasehold Estates; also to make advances to shareholders and others, either for building purposes or upon Freehold and Leasehold Properties already improved and rent-producing.

To erect houses and buildings on any lands of the Company.

To assist in the formation of suburbs, under certain rules and conditions as to class of buildings, sanitary arrangements, &c.

The success that has attended Building Societies for some years past is due in a large measure to the greater facilities they offer to the majority of borrowers than are obtainable elsewhere. The Provisional Directors have not lost sight of this advantage in the promotion of the present Company, which, although not restricted to the business of a Building Society, by assimilating its operations as nearly as possible thereto, and extending like privileges to borrowers, affords ample prospect of achieving successful results.

To the bona fide builder the Company will advance money to within a reasonable margin of the value of the security offered, at such rates of interest as will bear favourable comparison with other lending institutions in the colony. The Company will also make progressive advances to borrowers, according to the value of the work executed on their buildings from time to time.

When required the Company will make arrangements for temporary assurance on the lives of borrowers at a comparatively small rate of premium, the amount of policies being on a sliding scale, reducing equally with the repayments of loan from time to time. It is believed this will greatly commend itself, as borrowers would feel that in event of their premature death their representatives (or widow perhaps ill-provided for), would not be harassed with payments it might be inconvenient to meet, but would get the property free at once, the mortgage being covered by an equal amount of insurance.

The Provisional Directors deem it unnecessary to dilate on the advantages offered by the Company, feeling assured that the objects for which it has been set on foot will be sufficient to commend it.

Application for shares must be lodged with the Bank of New Zealand on or before the 28th February next, and as soon as one-half of the shares have been applied for a meeting of shareholders will be called, for the purpose of settling the articles of association and appointing directors.

Any further information can be obtained from the Solicitors of the Company; or Mr. J. F. SHEIL, the Honorary Secretary, at No. 5, Spring-street.

Sydney, 11th January, 1881.

Tenders.

BOROUGH OF ASHFIELD.

Tenders, to close on Monday, the 31st instant, at 7 o'clock, are invited for

Kerbing and gutter, Charlotte-street
Ditto ditto, Charlotte-street.

Particulars on application to Overseer.

DANIEL HOLBORROW, Mayor.
Council-chambers, January 24, 1881.

BOROUGH OF VICTORIA.

TENDERS will be received until MONDAY, February 7th—
For Kerbing and Guttering portions of Blue-street.
Specifications can be seen on application to the undersigned.

WALTER G. WILLINGTON,
Council Clerk.

Council-chambers, Blue's Point Road,
January 27th, 1881.

NEW COMMERCIAL BANK, WAGGA WAGGA.

The TIME for the reception of Tenders for the above IS EXTENDED to THURSDAY, 3rd February, at NOON.

MANSFIELD, BROTHERS, Architects,
121, Pitt-street, Sydney.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Completion of Business Premises in Pitt-street, near King-street.

The works may be tendered for as follows:—
1. Excavation, masonry, drainage, and brickwork
2. Carpentry, joinery, and finishing trades
3. Or the whole in one sum.

Plans and specification can be seen on application at the Office of the Architects, to whom tenders are to be delivered on or before FRIDAY, the 4th of February.

THORNLEY and SMEDLEY, Architects,
171, York-street.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS will be received at this office, up to the 9th of February, for the Erection of a Cottage at Alexander Estate, Petersham.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application to
THORNLEY and SMEDLEY, Architects,
171, York-street.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Completion of Two Semi-detached Cottage Villas at Waverley.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application at the Office of the Architects, to whom tenders are to be addressed on or before WEDNESDAY, the 9th February.

THORNLEY and SMEDLEY, Architects,
171, York-street.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS are invited for the Erection of the following works:—
1. A private Dwelling-house and Out-offices at Point Piper Road, Woollahra.
2. A Butcher's Shop and Dwelling, Woollomooloo.
Both to be sent in by the 5th proximo.
3. A Weatherboard Cottage at Manly. By the 29th instant.

For plans, &c., apply at my office, corner of George and Hunter streets.

CHARLES H. MAY, Jun., Architect, &c.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Completion of COTTAGE,
Fulham Estate, Newtown.

HERBERT S. THOMPSON,
Architect.

Bell's-chambers, 181, Pitt-street.

TENDERS invited till 22nd February, for the Erection and Completion of Town Hall, at Wagga Wagga, N. S. W. Plans and specification may be seen at the Offices of
W. W. WARDELL, Esq., Pitt-street;
WILLIAM SALWAY, Architect and Surveyor,
45, Swanston-street, Melbourne.

TENDERS are invited for the Enlargement of St. David's Church, Arncliffe, Cook's River. The tenders to be sent in separately for the stone foundations, brickwork, carpentering, and painting. Tenders to be in not later than MONDAY AFTERNOON. Plans and specifications to be seen at the corner of King and Hordern streets, Newtown.

TENDERS are invited until SATURDAY, 5th FEBRUARY, for Erection and Completion of a Villa at Botten Forest. Plans, specifications, and full particulars at my office, 161, Pitt-street, opposite City Bank.

FERDINAND REUSS, Jun.,
Architect.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited on the 31st inst., for Carpentry and Joinery of Villa Residence, at Burwood. Plans and specifications to be seen at Terry's-chambers, 86, Pitt-street. Messrs. BOLSTER and JUSTELIUS, Architects (late W. Boles).

TENDERS FROM WELL-SINKERS will be received till 2nd February, for Sinking Shaft 6 feet in diameter, at Randwick Asylum. Particulars on application to
D. A. THOMAS, Superintendent.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited for the Erection of House at Gladesville for Mr. Edwards. Plans at the Office, 333, George-street.

HAROLD BREES, Architect.

TENDERS wanted for Brickwork and Cementing Tan Pits at Canterbury. Apply for specification to E. J. TERRATT, 48, Riley-street, Woollomooloo.

TENDERS required for Brickwork, labour only. Apply to H. Stephenson, No. 1, Market-street, Sydney.

TENDERS.—Quantities Ironwork to General Post Office and other works. C. MAYES, 78, King-street.

TENDERS wanted for Plastering and Carpentering, labour only, for six Houses, Macarthur-street, Ultimo.

TENDERS wanted for Plastering 6 houses. Apply Smith's-buildings, Botany-street, Redfern.

TO BRICKLAYERS.—Tenders for 2 Houses, labour only. Apply C. Mead, Peace Cottage, Garden-st., Alexandre.

TO BRICKLAYERS.—Tenders wanted for Brickwork of 2 Houses, Glebe-street, Glebe; labour only.

WATERSIDE SITES, NORTHCLIFF ESTATE

BUSINESS SITES, NORTHCLIFF ESTATE

VILLA SITES, NORTHCLIFF ESTATE

MILSON'S POINT, NORTH SHORE

MILSON'S POINT, NORTH SHORE

☞ Northcliff Estate will be sold, ON THE GROUND, ☜ NEXT SATURDAY.

The HARBOUR and CITY VIEWS are VERY GRAND from ☞ NORTHCLIFF ESTATE.

, Only FOUR DEEP-WATER frontages in ☞ NORTHCLIFF ESTATE.

☞ All the MAIN ROAD frontages opposite to ☜ NORTHCLIFF ESTATE are already built on

NORTHCLIFF IS CENTRAL AND ACCESSIBLE.

LITHOS. ARE NOW READY, and the terms are 20 per cent. deposit, balance at 6 per cent.

NEXT SATURDAY, 3.30 p.m.
GRAND VILLA SITES, 44 x 188.
To be sold on the Ground, BURWOOD, near station.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.
NO RESERVE. EASY TERMS.
Torrens' Title.
GET A LITHOGRAPH.

Public Notices.

IN THE WILL of HENRY OSBORNE, late of Marshall Mount, in the District of Illawarra, Esquire, deceased.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO PARLIAMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that application is intended to be made to Parliament in the present session for leave to introduce a Bill to enable HENRY HILL OSBORNE, of the district of Illawarra, in the colony of New South Wales, Esquire; PATRICK HILL OSBORNE, of Currandooley, Lake George, in the said colony, Esquire; ALICK OSBORNE, of Maybrook, Moss Vale, in the said colony, Esquire; and BEN MARSHALL OSBORNE, of Berrima, in the said colony, Esquire, Trustees of the Will of the said HENRY OSBORNE, and hereinafter called Trustees, to demise and lease for any term not exceeding 99 years all or any of the mines, seams, or strata of coal and other minerals lying or being in or under all, or any of the lands devised by the said Will to the said Trustees, for coal mining and other purposes, whether such lands were acquired by the said Henry Osborne in his lifetime, or since his decease by the said Trustees in virtue of any right of pre-emption as provided by the said Will, and devised by the said Testator to the said Trustees upon certain trusts in the said Will declared, and also to enable the said Trustees to demise and lease the surface of the said land for building or other purposes, for any term not exceeding 99 years, at the best rent that can reasonably be obtained for the same without taking any premium or foregift for the same.

Dated this seventeenth day of January, 1881.

WM. W. BILLYARD, 53, Hunter-street, Sydney,
Solicitor for the Bill.

IN THE WILL of MARY ANN SMIDMORE, late of Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, Widow, deceased.

All persons having CLAIMS on the estate of the abovenamed deceased are requested to send particulars thereof to the Executor, JOSEPH SMIDMORE, care of Messieurs. Ellis and Makinson, of 75, Elizabeth-street, Sydney, on or before the twentieth day of March next, after which date the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.

Dated this 20th day of January, A.D. 1881.

ELLIS and MAKINSON, Proctors for the said Executor, 75, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

IN the Goods of PHILIP GOULD, late of Florence-terrace, Buckland-street, Alexandria, near Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, deceased, intestate.

PURSUANT to the Trust Property Act of 1862, Notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any debt or claim upon or affecting the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby requested to send in particulars of their claims to the undersigned, the Proctor for JANE GOULD, the Administratrix of the estate of the abovenamed deceased, on or before TUESDAY, the first day of March next, at the expiration of which time the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard to the debts and claims only of which she shall then have notice, and he will not be liable for the assets so distributed or any part thereof to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not have notice at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 25th day of January, A.D. 1881.

WILLIAM CONSETT PROCTOR, Proctor for said Administratrix, Mears-chambers, Pitt-street, Sydney.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.

In the Will and Codicil of MARY TREVOR HISLOP, late of No. 11, The Bartons Dawlish, Devon, Widow, deceased.

PURSUANT to the Trust Property Act of 1862, NOTICE is hereby given that all creditors and others having any debt or claim upon or affecting the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby required to send in particulars of their claims to JOHN SAWERS, the Administrator of the goods, chattels, credits, and effects of the abovenamed deceased in the colony of New South Wales, care of ROBERT WILLIAM ROBBERDS, Proctor for the Administrator, on or before the twenty-ninth day of January A.D. 1881, at the expiration of which time the Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice, and the said Administrator will not be liable for the assets so distributed to any person of whose debt he shall not have had notice at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 29th day of December, A.D. 1880.

ROBERT WILLIAM ROBBERDS, Proctor for the Administrator, 73, Castlereagh-street, Sydney.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.

In the Intestate Estate of EDITH SUSANNAH FLEXMORE, deceased, of 251, Macquarie-street South, Sydney.

Creditors are to forward to me, through the Post Office, if they think fit, at my office in the Supreme Court, Sydney, their claims for proof, verified by affidavit, on or before the 11th of February next, or they will be excluded from all benefit of this estate.

FRED. CHAPMAN,
Curator of Intestate Estates.

26th January, 1881.

PURSUANT to a Judgment of the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice in England, made in the matter of the Estate of WILLIAM RADLEY, late of Fulkerton, in the county of York, in England, Yeoman, deceased, who died on the 18th day of December, 1856, and in a cause Thomas Smith against John Smith, 1876, s. 249, all persons claiming to be children, grandchildren, or other lineal descendants of MARY COULSON, deceased (the aunt of the said testator, William Radley, deceased), late of Burton-Constable, in the county of York, England, who died on or about the 26th day of April, 1832, are, and in particular JAMES SENIOR COULSON, who was a son of John Potter Coulson and Mary his wife (formerly Mary Senior), and who left England about thirty years ago for Australia, and who was last heard of, in 1862, at Port Phillip, is, if now living, or if dead, all persons claiming to be children or remoter issue of the said James Senior Coulson, are by their solicitors, on or before the 12th day of April, 1881, to come in and prove their claims at the Chambers of Vice-Chancellor Bacon, situate at No. 11, New-square, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, in England, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said judgment: And such persons are also required to send full particulars of their claims to Messrs. LEEMAN, WILKINSON, and LEEMAN, of the city of York, England, the Solicitors for the plaintiff and defendant in this cause; or to Messrs. CHILD and SON, of 7, South-square, Gray's-inn, in the county of Middlesex aforesaid, the Solicitors for parties having conduct of the said cause.

Wednesday, the 27th day of April, 1881, at 12 of the clock, at noon, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims.

Dated this 14th day of December, 1880.

C. HARWOOD CLARKE, Chief Clerk.

A REWARD of £1 will be given to any person that will lead to the conviction of any person that threw a stone into Mr. HOGAN'S yard, in Harrington-street.

NOTICE.—Simmons and Jones.—I shall RE-LET my Plumbing at your risk. Mr. ROLLING.

NOTICE.—If JOHN NREBY and MORTIMER HAYS do not proceed with their work of three Houses, I will finish it at their risk and expense.

M. SYSTRUM.

MR. SAMUEL LAZAR and Miss LAZAR return THANKS for Letters and visits of Condolence received during the month of mourning for their late lamented Mother. Oats, Woollahra.

L. C. OLIVER, Slater, has Removed to 381, Pitt-street. All orders by post punctually attended to.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

The Offices of Mr. JOHN KIRKPATRICK, Architect, will be REMOVED from Temple Court-chambers to the Union-chambers, 109, PITT-STREET, nearly opposite the Union Bank, from the 1st of February, 1881.

REMOVAL.—G. TWEMLOW, Engraver and Die Sinker, to 105, Oxford-street.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—We lay cheap and durable Tar Pavement, in accordance with City Surveyor's specification. Blue metal and screenings at lowest rates; also cube setts. Rock Pavement Co., Stonebreaking Works, Ding...Harbour; 491, Geo.-st.

THE MACNEVIN TESTIMONIAL.

Police Magistrates, Clerks of Petty Sessions, and Coroners, who have not yet forwarded their Subscriptions to the Honorary Secretary (as per Circular), are requested to Take Notice, that the Subscription Lists for the above, will be finally closed on TUESDAY, the 15th of February. The Lists will be published.

EDWARD REEVE.
Hon. Sec. to the MacNevin Testimonial.

Gosford, Brisbane Water,
25th January, 1881.

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF J. A. ADRIAN, WAGGA WAGGA.

A First and final DIVIDEND in the above Estate will be payable on and after FRIDAY, the 28th instant, at the office of Messrs. Jewell, Davis, and Co., 37, York-street.

NOTICE.—If Thomas Bennell does not finish contract it will be completed at his risk. Alexander Barr.

NOTICE.

The Eskbank Iron Company having purchased the Eskbank Colliery, all orders for coal, iron, or other materials from this date must be forwarded to the Company's Offices, Eskbank Iron Works.

ENOCH HUGHES, General Manager.

WOOL.

MORT and CO. make liberal advances on WOOL and other Produce consigned to them for SALE or shipment. Wool Warehouse, Circular Quay, Sydney.

WOOL AND OTHER PRODUCE.—Liberal cash advances made by the undersigned on wool and other produce placed in their hands for sale in the colonies, or for shipment to Messrs. Dalgety, Du Cros, and Co., their London firm. Advances made on stations and stock. Station stores supplied.

DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO.
Offices: Exchange-buildings, Pitt-street (next Messrs. W. Laidley and Co.'s), Sydney.

BURWOOD.—GOOD BUILDING SITES NEXT SATURDAY. Lithos. and particulars from HARDIE and GORMAN.

NEXT SATURDAY, 3.30 p.m.
GRAND VILLA SITES, 44 x 188.
To be sold on the Ground, BURWOOD, near station.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.
NO RESERVE. EASY TERMS.
Torrens' Title.
GET A LITHOGRAPH.

MAGNIFICENT SITES, Middle Harbour; views in all directions. Sale TUESDAY. STUBBS and CO.

Produce, Provisions, &c

FLOUR.—Superfine, fine, household, and seconds, manufactured at our Bathurst, Ashfield and SYDNEY MILLS; also, various country and Adelaide brands. Bran, pollard, cornmeal, cornflour, barley, oats, maize (whole and cracked), on SALE by M. BOYLSON and SONS, The Sydney Flour Mills, Gratton Wharf.

J. PENELL'S Office and Store, op. Railway GATE, Flour Mill, Sussex-street, near Haymarket. Silk-dressed, Superfine, Fine, and Second FLOUR; Wheat Meal, Maize Meal, Bran, Pollard, Prepared Cattle Food, Whole and Cracked Corn, Barley, Oats, Peas, Straw, Oaten and Lucerne Hay and Chaff, Potatoes. Guaranteed best qualities; lowest prices.

SWALLOW and ARIELL'S assorted Prize BISCUITS, Cakes, Plum Puddings, Mince Meat, Treacle, and Golden Syrup, and all my agencies can be obtained at all grocers in city and suburbs.

Sole Agent, W. H. ARIELL,
249 and 249, Kent-street.

THE PURE UNADULTERATED INDIAN TEAS, 2s 6d, 2s, 2s 6d per lb. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, Geo.-st.

J. and J. WEARNE, Commercial Flour Mills, 405, Sussex-street South, Sydney.—Silk-dressed Superfine, Fine, and Seconds Flour, Wheat Meal, Corn (whole or cracked), Corn Meal, Cow Meal, Sharps, Pollard, Bran, and all other mill produce; the best and cheapest in Sydney.

RATTANS, to arrive and in store; Black and White Pepper, Nutmegs, Tapioca, Sago, fresh blooming Dates (in bags), Rattan Matting, Blinds and Flags Matting. HENRY FISHER and CO., 21, King-street West.

Drapery, Haberdashery, &c.

RILEY, BROTHERS, Brickfield-hill.
RILEY, BROTHERS, Oxford-street,
RILEY, BROTHERS, Pitt-street,
RILEY, BROTHERS, 386, George-street.

THE TENTH SEMI-ANNUAL SALE

IS NOW ON.

RILEY, BROTHERS'	Sale of Coats TO-MORROW

Funerals.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. WILLIAM BIRD are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from the residence of Mrs. Moore, No. 140, Devonshire-street, TO-MORROW (Saturday) MORNING, at a quarter-past 8 o'clock, to Necropolis. W. and H. KINSELA, George-street, opposite Christ Church; and Oxford-street, near Crown street.

THE FRIENDS of Messrs. JOHN and MICHAEL GARRATTY are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of their beloved deceased NIECE, Miss Ellen Garratty; to move from the residence of Mr. Michael Garratty, Denison-street, Camperdown, THIS DAY, Friday, at 3 o'clock, to Petersham Catholic Cemetery. JAMES CURTIS.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JAMES M'FARLANE are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved youngest DAUGHTER, Myra Mary; to move from his residence, 63, Waterloo-street, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 3, to Presbyterian Cemetery, Devonshire-street.

Government Notices.

Office of Roads and Bridges, Sydney, January 24, 1881.

FRESH TENDERS are invited to be sent in to above office up to 11 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, 9th February, for Punching and Drilling Rolled Joists, &c., for Iron Culverts.
Specifications may be seen at the Office of the Commissioner for Roads.
Tenders to be addressed Chief Clerk Roads Office.

Department of Lands, Sydney, 20th January, 1881.

LAND SALE.
Attention is called to a Sale of Crown Lands to be held at the Land Office, Parramatta, on the 2nd February next, comprising lands county Cumberland, parish Castle Hill, on the Windsor New Road.
For further particulars see Gazette of 21st December, 1880, No. 509, at Police Office or local Land Office.
JAMES HOSKINS.

OFFICE OF THE MARINE BOARD OF NEW WALES.
Referring to the Regulations of the 12th May, 1879, it is hereby notified that the steamers QUANDONG (to convey the members of the Press) and SPARK (to convey the Umpire) have been duly authorised by the Marine Board to follow the boat race between Messrs. Connolly and Clark, to take place on the Parramatta River on Saturday, the 29th instant.
By order.
GEO. S. LINDEMAN, Secretary.
Sydney, January 27.

Volunteer Notices.

VOLUNTEER FORCE.
HEADQUARTERS BAND PRACTICE TO-NIGHT, at 8 sharp. Members must attend.
W. A. THOMPSON, Bandmaster.

TORPEDO AND SIGNALLING CORPS.
PARADE, at Circular Quay, 3 p.m. TO-MORROW, 29th instant. Undress, waistbelts only; helmets without spikes and chains.
E. C. CRACKNELL, Major-commanding.

N. S. W. VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.
PARADE at Dawes' Battery, TO-MORROW, the 29th instant, at 3.30 p.m., in drill order, with rifles and accoutrements, helmets without spike or chain.
By order.
J. E. D. TAUNTON, Captain and Adjutant, V. A.

ENGINEER CORPS.
The Corps will PARADE on SATURDAY, the 29th instant, at the Victoria Barracks, at 3.30 p.m. Drill order with helmets.
(Signed) THOMAS ROWE, Captain, Commanding Engineer Corps.

VOLUNTEER Land Order for SALE. J. Strongman, care of Jas. Russell, Parramatta Road, Petersham.

Miscellaneous.

THE WIDOW of the late Captain MURRAY desires to tender her heartfelt thanks to Dr. WARREN, Mr. WILLIAMS, Mr. PARR, and the kind and charitable public who so nobly came forward to her aid in her recent painful bereavement. Irreparable as the loss of her husband will be, yet their generous liberality has placed in her hands the means whereby she can bring up her fatherless children in a manner satisfactory to herself. She would beg to state that the amount received from Dr. Warren exceeds £3 than that published. Also, £4 10s from the Exchange, per Captain Sullivan, which was omitted publication.
May the God of the Fatherless and the Widow abundantly bless all her kind benefactors is the prayer of their truly grateful friend,
ANNIE MURRAY.

FOR SALE, two Milking GOATS, just kidded. 25, Sussex-street North.

FOR SALE, three quiet Milking COWS, one giving 14 quarts per day. Thomas Ross, George-street, Redfern.

FOR SALE, English GEESE, for stock. Apply W. DAY, George-street, Macdonaldtown.

FOR SALE, quiet COW, just calved; splendid milker. Courtney and M'Mahon, Sussex-street.

FOR SALE, a Fruit and Confectionery BUSINESS. Apply 48, Erskine-street.

MAGNIFICENT SITE, Middle Harbour: views in all directions. Sale TUESDAY. STUBBS and CO.

TALLOW.—Wanted to Purchase, 200 Tons. F. and E. A. Ebsworth, 65, Pitt-street.

BUTTERFLIES, Beetles, Cicadas.—Wanted, a small collection, properly prepared. Letter Box 297.

UTMOST value given for gentlemen's Left-off Clothing, Jewellery, &c. J. Murphy, Kent and Liverpool streets.

WANTED, a long Patent MANGLE. Apply at Mr. Doe's, St. Peters, near the Butcher's Arms.

WANTED, to purchase a Cargo of TIMBER. Murphy's Wharf, Liverpool-street.

WANTED, a second-hand Stone or Iron ROLLER, suitable for cricket ground. J. Macintosh, 307, Pitt-st.

WANTED, to purchase a (male) yard DOG, about 9 months old. 5, Bridge-street.

WANTED to Purchase a Kit of Blacksmith's TOOLS; also half a ton of Galvanized IRON, second-hand. Address A. J. B., Post-office, William-street.

WATERSIDE SITES, NORTHCLIFF ESTATE.
BUSINESS SITES, NORTHCLIFF ESTATE
VILLA SITES, NORTHCLIFF ESTATE
MILSON'S POINT, NORTH SHORE
MILSON'S POINT, NORTH SHORE.

☞ Northcliffe Estate will be sold ON THE GROUND ☞ NEXT SATURDAY.
The HARBOUR and CITY VIEWS are VERY GRAND from ☞ NORTHCLIFF ESTATE.
*** Only FOUR DEEP WATER FRONTAGES in ☞ NORTHCLIFF ESTATE.
☞ All the MAIN ROAD frontages opposite to ☞ NORTHCLIFF ESTATE are already built on.
NORTHCLIFF IS CENTRAL AND ACCESSIBLE.
LITHOS ARE NOW READY, and the terms are 20 per cent. deposit, balance at 6 per cent.
HARDIE and GORMAN, AUCTIONEERS.

BURWOOD.—GOOD BUILDING SITES NEXT SATURDAY. Lithos. and particulars from HARDIE and GORMAN.

BURWOOD VILLA SITES.
BURWOOD BUILDING LAND.
☞ The best Sites for Villas and Cottages will be sold at auction, on the Ground, NEXT SATURDAY, at 3 o'clock.
THE LAND is within 4 or 5 minutes' walk of the Railway Station, is very elevated, and surrounded by good dwellings. Torrens' Title. Easy Terms. Call for a Litho.
HARDIE and GORMAN.

Professions, Trades, &c.

APPRENTICES wanted to the Boot Trade. C. Hunter's Boot Factory, 252, Castlereagh-street.

A SMART intelligent BOY wanted, for office in a leading house in town; must write a good hand, and be moderately correct at figures. Box 511, General Post Office.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER wanted; wages, 30s. One competent soon to take entire charge of double entry books. C. S., Herald Office.

A YOUNG English Lady, able to teach music to beginners, and seeking a Situation as Nursery Governess in a country gentleman's family, will hear of a VACANCY by calling during this week between the hours of 9 and 10 a.m., at Messrs. Sullivan and Simpson's, 382, George-street. References required.

BOOKKEEPER wanted. Send copies references, Royal Hotel.

BLOCKER Wanted, Junior Hand. C. Hunter's Boot Factory, 252, Castlereagh-street.

BOOTMAKERS Wanted, men's and youths' bluchers, youths' women's, and child.'s e. s. C. Hunter's Boot Facory.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, blucher MAKERS, for Goulburn. Saddington and Sons, 12, Barrack-street.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted at once a good REPAIRER. Apply Hughes and Co., Enmore Road, Newtown.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, a Lad, as BLOCKER. Tollis, Brothers, Botany-street, Waterloo.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted good MACHINISTS; also, YOUTHS, generally useful factory. Tebbutt's Factory, 43, Riley-street.

BAKER.—Second HAND wanted, for country. Must be able to drive. References required. Kendall and Sons, George-street North.

BOROUGH OF VICTORIA.
Applications will be received until MONDAY, February 7th, for the appointment of BAILIFF. Particulars can be obtained from the undersigned.
WALTER G. WILLINGTON, Council Clerk.
Council-chambers, Blue's Point Road, January 27th, 1881.

BLACKSMITH.—Wanted, a first-class General BLACKSMITH and SHOEING SMITH; must be sober; good wages, constant work. William Kirk, Burrowa.

CANVASSERS for CHRISTIAN WEEKLY; good references; liberal commission. 315, Pitt-street.

COMPETENT Bookkeeper required for a merchant's office. Apply, with testimonials, to Box 147, General P. O.

COACHPAINTER wanted. Next Tramway Hotel, Paddington.

CANVASSER wanted for a leading Mutual Life Assurance Society, to travel in the country districts; liberal terms offered to any person of ability, perseverance, and activity. Applications, with full particulars as to qualifications and previous occupation, to be addressed to Mutual, Herald Office.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, a good MACHINIST. Apply Mrs. Kingston, 27, Oxford-street.

COACHSMITH and BODY MAKER wanted, at once. Must be good and steady. Apply, stating wages, &c., J. Woodford, Northumberland Steam Coach Factory, West Maitland.

DRESSMAKER wanted, must be stylish. 217, Devonshire-street, Surry Hills, next to Star Hotel.

HAIRDRESSERS.—Wanted, immediately, a competent HAND, as above; single man preferred. Apply G. Foxley, West Maitland.

IMPROVER to cabinetmaking wanted. Stow, Cornwallis-street, Redfern.

LAW.—Wanted, a first-class Common-law CLERK; a good salary to a good man. Application to be made in writing (enclosing references) before Monday next, the 31st instant, to "Confidence," Box 564, G. P. O.

MEDICAL.—Qualified Medical MAN desires to act as Locum Tenens. Address Locum Tenens, Herald Office.

MANTLES.—APPRENTICES and IMPROVERS wanted. David Jones and Co.

MANTLE MACHINIST.—A First-class MACHINIST required; must thoroughly understand Singer's Improved Machine. David Jones and Co.

MIDDLE-AGED GOVERNESS wanted for Dubbo, to teach 4 children, eldest 12, a plain English education, good home; at once. Mrs. Cragg's Protestant Registry Office, 240, Castlereagh-street.

NOTICE.
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.
EXTENSION URALLA TO GLEN INNES.
The works will commence about 10th February. Workmen to apply on the works at Uralla and Armidale.
D. PROUDFOOT, Contractor.

PRINTERS.—Good Jobbing HAND, accustomed to making-up, wanted immediately. Sub. Telegraph, Newtown.

PUPIL TEACHER wanted. Apply 127, Phillip-street.

PARTNER wanted, in an established business. Apply W. Douglass, 126, Pitt-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, good General HAND. 14, Hunter-street.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, good Coat and Trousers MAKERS. 311, George-street.

TO BUTCHERS.—Wanted, an Assistant Small Goods MAN. L. Uhde and Co., Haymarket.

TO HATTERS.—Wanted, a FINISHER, &c. R. J. Dunford, Oxford-street.

TO HAIRDRESSERS.—Wanted, ASSISTANT, to shave and cut hair. Apply J. O'Shea, 180, George-street N.

TAILORING.—Wanted, at once, first-class CUTTER. Apply with references, and stating salary required, William Davies and Co., Goulburn.

WANTED, Freestone QUARRYMEN. Apply Monie and Mathinson, railway contractors, Wallerawang.

WANTED, a smart Youth, as APPRENTICE to hairdressing business. H. Soltan, 116, King-street.

WANTED, a MACHINIST, for Wertheim's sewing-machine. E. Carey, 71, Market-street.

WANTED, a smart YOUTH as JUNIOR CLERK. Apply, in own handw'g, H. H. Brown & Co., 21, Exchange.

WANTED, a CURRIER (a good general hand), for the country. Apply E. Williams and Co., 69, York-street.

WANTED, first-class HAIRCUTTER and Shaver; none but sober men need apply. 70, King-street.

WANTED, a single Man as BAKER, for small goods. Hotel, Bullanaming and Wells streets.

WANTED, a WHEELWRIGHT. A. Morrison, Hay-street.

WANTED, 4 first-class CABINETMAKERS. Troughton and Bouiton, Dick-st., off Abercrombie-st.

WANTED, MAKERS, for women's and children's. G. Gardner, 509, Brickfield-hill.

WANTED, a BRICKLAYER, who thoroughly understands setting large boilers. At once, L. Uhde and Co.

WANTED, a Small-goods MAN. A. M'Neill, butcher, 414, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, STONEMASONS, Campbell-street, near Bourke-street, Darlinghurst.

WANTED, a CARPENTER. Apply I. Himmelhoch, 212, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a Jobbing SMITH, who can turn horseshoes. E. Hanna, Ultimo.

WANTED, APPRENTICES to the Dressmaking. Mrs. Fredk. Hinds, 460, Elizabeth-street, Strawb'y Hills.

WANTED, a first-class SHOPMAN. Apply 585, George-street.

WANTED, two good balcony MOULDERS, none others need apply. D. and R. Bradford, 121, L'pool-st.

WANTED, a good Saw SHARPENER. Apply to Goodsell and Co., Dixon-street sawmills.

WANTED, to APPRENTICE a Lad to bricklaying, carpentering, or stonemason. R. C., Redfern Post-office.

WANTED, two STONEMASONS. Mr. Richmond, Denison-street, Newtown, Kingston.

WANTED, a small GOODSMAN. Apply T. Shying, 205, George-street West.

WANTED, 2 CARPENTERS. J. Watson and Son, Crystal-street, Petersham.

WANTED, a first-class BOOTMAKER, on the knee; country. J. A. Field, 344, Pitt-street.

WANTED, Crimean Shirt FINISHERS. 346, Crown-street, opposite Reservoir.

WANTED, good HARNESSMAKER; also an APPRENTICE. J. T. Wells, 234, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a SHOPMAN; wages, £2 2s 6d, with board. P. M'Carroll, butcher, 207, Parramatta-street.

WANTED, a young Person, as FINISHER for underclothing. 146, William-street.

WANTED, a competent BOOKKEEPER, one used to the retail grocery trade preferred. Address with references, A. B., Herald Office.

WANTED, an accomplished Lady as Visiting GOVERNESS to four young ladies (8 to 14 years). Reply by letter to 176 Box, Post Office, Sydney.

WANTED, for the country, a middle-aged lady, as GOVERNESS, to teach English, music, French, and drawing. Apply, after 10 on Friday morning, to Miss Walker, 110, Bathurst-street.

WANTED, a daily GOVERNESS, to instruct two little girls in English, elementary French, and drawing. Address, enclosing references, and stating salary required, to C. W. G., Redmyre.

WANTED, a thoroughly competent GOVERNESS, to teach English in all its branches, French, music, Latin, and drawing preferred; references required. Mrs. Hayes, Elizabeth House, Macquarie-street.

WANTED, a SHOPMAN, with good knowledge of small goods; also, Slaughterman, to kill and look after tallow and hides. Apply at once, M. Kinshela, Church-street, Parramatta.

WANTED, a CANVASSER, of genteel address, to call on high-class families, a good opening for a suitable man. Apply, by letter only, enclosing copies of testimonials, Box 551.

WANTED, General SERVANT; must be good Laundress; four in family. Apply, on Friday afternoon, between 3 and 5, to Mrs. H. H. Burton Bradley, Grantham, Milson's Point Road, St. Leonards. Fare paid.

WANTED, a Conveyancery SEARCH CLERK; must be well acquainted with routine of Registrar-General's Office and Lands Office. Apply by letter only, to M'Carthy, Robertson, and Fisher, solicitors, Pitt-st. N., Sydney.

WANTED, BOOKKEEPER, with knowledge of storekeeper's business; also, a good counter HAND, who understands drapery, ironmongery, and groceries; for Fiji. Apply by letter to 518, G. P. O.

Situations Wanted.

A VETERINARY Surgeon desires an ENGAGEMENT. Address M.R.C.V.S., Herald Office.

A SITUATION wanted, as Laundress. Open two days. 225, Forbes-street.

A LADY, desirous of leaving home, wishes to meet with a trustworthy person, to take charge of her house during her absence; wages nominal; servant kept. Mrs. Mead, 133, Phillip-street.

A YOUNG MAN wishes to offer Services, free, in the Chimborazo, going home on the 28th instant; work no object; of good education; can converse on any politics. Please address R. Clayton, care of Sydney Coffee Tavern Company.

BY respectable elderly Man, as groom, coachman, and useful. wages 10s or 12s, good refs. D., 110, Market-street.

BY Respectable young MAN, splendid groom and coachman. C., Protestant Registry, 240, Castlreagh-street.

BY a steady Groom and Gardener, milk and drive well, good references. C. B., General Post Office.

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS.—Young Man, 8 years experience, wants SITUATION as Assistant; good references; age 28. R. W., care Gordon and Gotch, Melbourne.

BY respectable young Man, aged 20, as CLERK; good bookkeeper, smart and active, has been in one of the principal houses in town; good refs., town and country. Protestant Registry, 240, Castlereagh-street.

DISENGAGED, good Dressmaker, understands millinery; country pref. Open to Monday. L.L., 122, Market-st.

GENTLEMAN wishes RE-ENGAGEMENT as Tutor. Music, drawing, inclusive. Country pref. P.O.P., Herald.

MONTHLY NURSE disengaged. Apply to Mrs. Pike, accoucheuse, 85, Stanley-street.

MONTHLY Nurse DISENGAGED for months of February and March. Good ref. B., Pierce's, William-st.

MRS. MEAD, 133, Phillip-street, has Tutors, finishing Resident and Daily, Nursery Governesses, Housekeepers, Stewardesses, &c., disengaged.

PRINTER.—Compositor wants SITUATION, anywhere. "Compositor," King-street Post Office.

PRACTICAL Meat and Fruit Preserver, open to ENGAGEMENT; well acquainted with the various processes, including that lately in general use in America requiring no chemicals, with better results as regards keeping, economy, and neatness. Address R. H. C., 213, Riley-street, Sydney.

SITUATION, by young woman, as Nurse, in gentleman's family; country pref; refs. Stationmaster, Merrylands.

SITUATION wanted by married couple—Man, general useful; wife, Housekeeper. C. Jones, Cottingham-st., Glebe.

SITUATION wanted, by two young persons, as housemaid and waitress, in one hotel pref. A. B., 110, Market-st.

SITUATION wanted by respectable young Man, as groom, coachman, garden, milk, 18s, refs. A., 110, Market-st.

SITUATION wanted, General Servant; private family, town. No. 1, Athlone-place, off George-street; good reference. State terms.

SOFT Goods Merchants requiring experienced CORRESPONDENT or CLERK can secure same at low salary by applying R. A. G. B., Herald Office.

TO ARCHITECTS and CONTRACTORS.—Wanted, EMPLOYMENT, as clerk of works, or in office; quick at figures; moderate salary. Address G. D. T., Herald Office.

TO BRIDGE and Railway Contractors.—A steady competent Man is open for ENGAGEMENT as Foreman, Clerk, or Timekeeper. S. J., Herald Office.

TWO respectable young women (sisters) seek SITUATIONS—one as Cook and Laundress; the other House and Parlour Maid, in gentleman's family; suburbs preferred. Apply No. 3, Little Oxford-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a tidy Girl, age 15 (Employment), 9 miles from the town. Paul's Dining Rooms, foot Market-street.

WANTED, a respectable BOY, to serve and sell, know town. T. Nowland, 339, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, by young man, SITUATION in store or warehouse, good character. J. N., 649, George-street.

WANTED, SITUATION as needlewoman in private family, good dressmaker; refs. H., 28, Bennett-st., M.P.

WANTED, SITUATION as Needlewoman or assistant Dressmaker, by young lady. B. L. A., P. O., Richmond.

WANTED, SITUATION, Butler; private family; good Valet; refs. B., P. O., William-street, Woolloomloo.

WANTED, by two respectable young persons, SITUATIONS, one as Cook, other Laundress. G. E., Herald O.

WANTED, by young Man, SITUATION, as Improver to printing; 3 years' experience. W. J. B., G. P. O.

WANTED, SITUATION as H. and P. Maid; North Shore preferred, or suburbs. A. G., Herald Office.

WANTED, a SITUATION as Barman and Waiter, town or country, single. T. F., Herald Office.

WANTED, by strong trustworthy man, good scholar, Employment in warehouse or store, refs. J. N. B., Herald.

WANTED, a tidy active GIRL, for housework. 655, Harris-street, Ultimo, near George-street.

WANTING Places, at the Home Registry, 110, Market-st., men Cooks, kitchenmen, g. useful, ref., wages mod.

WANTED, by a good Chinese Cook, SITUATION, at once. Apply Tack Ree, 227, Lower George-street. Open two days.

WANTED, by two respectable girls, permanent EMPLOYMENT, by the day; laundry preferred; good references. Apply 13, Bathurst-street.

WANTED, by an experienced and domesticated lady, ENGAGEMENT as Housekeeper; thoroughly understands management of children, or would attend invalid. M. P., Wallace's, King-street.

WANTED, by a steady working man, just arrived from England, a SITUATION; understands kitchen and fruit gardens; would make himself generally useful. Address Gardener, 13, Botany-street.

WANTED to PLACE Girl, aged 11, at farmhouse, up line, for change of air; Blue Mountains preferred. Address, stating terms, to Flynn's boot warehouse, Regent-street, Redfern, Sydney.

WANTED, EMPLOYMENT, by married man, gardener, groom, milk, or boat; handy with tools, or care of gentleman's estate. W. R. B., Retreat-street, the side of 'bus stand, Waterloo.

WANTED, by widow, with daughter 14 years, SITUATION, as housekeeper, general servant, or cook; daughter assist in anything; good reference. Veroli, 69, William-street; open 3 days.

Servants Wanted.

A FIRST-CLASS WAITER wanted; Housemaids and Waitresses, G. Servants, &c. Simmonds, 222, Cast'gh-st.

A GENERAL SERVANT wanted for the suburbs. Apply 64, Castlereagh-street.

A NURSEGIRL wanted, about 16; references. Mrs. Hern, Allora, Queen-street, Woollahra.

A RESPECTABLE GIRL wanted, to assist in housework. 4 doors from Regent-st., O. S. Head Rd., Paddington.

A RESPECTABLE Person as General SERVANT wanted. 76, Botany-street, Surry Hills.

A THOROUGH General SERVANT; references; good wages; two others kept. 209, Oxford-street, opposite Gaol.

A STRONG, active, willing GIRL wanted, for private house. Apply 111, Albion-street.

A YOUNG MAN wanted to sell sundry merchandise in town. Particulars Zions, 409, George-street.

A RESPECTABLE young GIRL, to assist in Housework, refs. required, no washing. 15, Cowper-ter., Church H.

A RESPECTABLE Girl, about 14, as NURSE wanted. 633, George-street, Haymarket

A GENERAL SERVANT wanted, for Stanmore, 2 in family. Apply Guilford House, 24, Wynyard-square.

A LADY, residing near Sydney, offers a HOME, with every comfort, to a young lady as a useful companion; one who is thoroughly qualified to instruct three children in music would receive payment for it. Address J. E. R., Herald Office.

A LADY, residing 10 miles from Sydney, where a general and also a man servant are kept, would be willing to take charge of, clothe, and instruct in the duties of parlourmaid, a GIRL over 12, in return for her services. Address Service, Herald Office.

BOYS WANTED. Apply to Goodsell and Co., Dixon-street Sawmills.

BRICKMAKER wants a strong YOUTH, to rule and pug up. Apply Mr. Horn, jeweller, 596, George-street.

BUTCHERS.—Wanted, LAD, for orders, and assist in shop. R. Copland, Evans-street, Balmain.

COMPETENT General SERVANT; references required. Mrs. King, 106, Brougham-street, Woolloomooloo.

COOK wanted, must be thoroughly competent; small family. No. 1, Hyde Park-terrace, Liverpool-street.

GENERAL SERVANT Wanted for small family. Mrs. Barker, Missenden Road, op. Scotch College, Newtown.

GENERAL SERVANTS wanted, town, suburbs, and country; C. and L. Protestant Reg., 240, Castlereagh-st

GIRL wanted, to mind baby and be generally useful; sleep home. Corner Elizabeth and Goulburn streets.

MARRIED Couple Wanted; man milk, garden, groom; wife, Gen. Servant. Mrs. Beatty, Dalbeatty, Little Coogee.

MARRIED COUPLE wanted—man as cook, wife as laundress; £70 a year. Mrs. Stephenson, 6, Bridge-street.

MARRIED COUPLE wanted (Prot.), one gent., Bathurst; Upper Nurse, also C. and L., family 2, nr. Goulburn; C. and L., and H. P. Maid, one house; General, no washing; W. Housekeeper. Mrs. Killick, 217, Castlereagh-street.

MRS. MEAD, 133, Phillip-street, requires a thorough LAUNDRESS, for country, 20s; a young NURSEGIRL, 8s; a useful Companion, W. Housekeeper, and Man to attend invalid gentleman, easy place, 10s.

OYSTER OPENER wanted, must be smart and sober. Kohler, fishmonger, 22, Hunter-street.

OFFICE.—Wanted, an intelligent YOUTH, quick at figures. Apply own handwriting, Wallace, King-street.

PAINTER.—Wanted, an IMPROVER. Apply 117, George-street West, opposite St. Benedict's.

STEADY young Woman, as NURSE, to 3 children; superior person required. (Protestant.) 26, College-street.

TO PARENTS.—Respectable BOY wanted, for shop. Thompson and Giles.

TO PARENTS.—Vacancy for Youth, to learn the drapery and clothing. J. Kingsbury, Newtown.

TWO young Women required—one as General SERVANT or PLAIN COOK, no washing; the other as HOUSEMAID. (Protestants.) Comfortable home. 26, College-street, Hyde Park, before 1 o'clock.

WANTED, a smart General SERVANT. Mrs. Matson, Ladies' Baths, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, for small family, a General Servant; Protestant. 6, Nelson-terrace, Orwell-street, Darlinghurst.

WANTED, a General SERVANT; small family. 430, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, General SERVANT, small family. 20, Foveaux-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, female. 106, Lower George-street.

WANTED, smart BOYS, good wages, to sell small goods. J. Bailey, Druitt-street.

WANTED, BOY; also young GIRL, to assist in shop. 229, Lower George-street.

WANTED, a respectable General SERVANT, 2 in family, wages, 12s. 5, Bridge-street.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT, no cooking. Apply Queen's Hotel, Market and Kent streets.

WANTED, young MAN, that understands his business, for shop and orders. Butcher, 47, King-street.

WANTED, a SERVANT. Apply at once, 33, Brisbane-street, off Oxford-street.

WANTED, HOUSEMAID, able to wait at table; refs. required. Mrs. Farrar, Cleveland House, Alfred Park.

WANTED, active young Woman, as COOK and Laundress; references. 166, William-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, small family. Kolvenden, Hargrave-street, Paddington.

WANTED, a strong YOUTH, to strike. Apply James and C. Smith, Haymarket.

WANTED, respectable Girl, as General SERVANT; small family. Mrs. Slack, Franklin, Falcon-st, St. Leonards.

WANTED, a GIRL, to mind a baby. Apply Small, newsagent, Darling Road, Balmain.

WANTED, a GIRL, to mind children. Apply Mrs. M'Keon, Mort-street, Balmain.

WANTED, a respectable General SERVANT. Railway Station Refreshment Room, Sydney.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Apply, after 10 a.m., 122, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, good General SERVANT; references req'd. Mrs. Levy, Woodlands, cr. Ocean & L. Thorn sts., W.

WANTED, an Office BOY. Apply by letter to John Dawson and Son, 92, Pitt-street.

WANTED, LAUNDRESS, by the day; also, General SERVANT. Mrs. Fitzmaurice, Snail's Bay, after 6.

WANTED, a PANTRYMAID. Temperance Hall Dining Rooms, Pitt-street.

WANTED, respectable GIRL, to nurse and assist in housework. Mrs. Carter, Glenview, Hereford-st., Glebe.

WANTED, a middle-aged good General SERVANT. After 10, 95, Elizabeth-st., 3 doors from Tramway Office.

WANTED, a good careful COOK; small family. Delamere, Darling Point.

WANTED, COOK and LAUNDRESS. 22, Wynyard-square; references.

WANTED, respectable young Girl, as HOUSEMAID. Apply Holtermann's Hotel, Abercrombie-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Eglinton, Glebe Point, opposite 'bus stand.

WANTED, a good Plasterers' LABOURER. Dick-street, Chippendale.

WANTED, respectable GIRL. Mrs. D. Coulter, Napier-street, Paddington, near Wesleyan Parsonage.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, to sleep at home. 294, Palmer-street, off Oxford-street.

WANTED, a Lady's MAID, who is a good dressmaker. The Home, 17, Clarence-street.

WANTED, good General SERVANT; 2 in family; comfortable home. Mrs. Hart, 164, Queen-st., Woollahra.

WANTED, a young Person, as General SERVANT, or Cook and Laundress. Mrs. Conway, 588, George-st.

WANTED, a young Woman as WAITRESS for the luncheon room; also, a Laundress. White Horse Hotel.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. 22, Yurong-street.

WANTED, a respectable Girl, as General SERVANT. 223, Macquarie-street N.

WANTED, smart LAD, wait at table and generally useful. European Hotel, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a strong WOMAN, for scrubbing and washing. Call early. Housekeeper, No 2 Coffee Palace.

WANTED, a good COOK and LAUNDRESS. Apply to Mrs. George Knox, at Fiona, Double Bay.

WANTED, a good HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID. Apply to Mrs George Knox, at Fiona, Double Bay.

WANTED, respectable Person, 20 to 30, as Barmaid, for country. Exchange Hotel, Pitt, Liverpool sts., 3 to 5.

WANTED, MAN to take down and remove flagstaff. Apply Mr. Slatter, draper, Milson's Point.

WANTED, a BOY, to milk and be useful. John Navin, Redfern Dairy.

WANTED, MAN, to work in market garden. T. Ridley, Double Bay.

WANTED, a young woman, as General SERVANT; must be good cook. Keary's Hotel, William-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, 2 in family. 37, Queen-street, Wollahara; reference.

WANTED, at once, good IRONERS. Apply Lion Laundry. 9, 11, 13, and 15, Yurong-street.

WANTED, a respectable young WOMAN, as general Servant. A. S. N. Hotel, George-street.

WANTED, a good GARDENER. Apply J. Graham and Co., Markets, George-street.

WANTED, a smart young MAN; one accustomed to solicit orders. Shop door, 694, George-street.

WANTED, an Assistant BARMAID, to make herself useful in housework. Egerton's Hotel, Geo. and Bridge sts.

WANTED, respectable Girl, as General SERVANT; small family. 212, Bourke-street.

WANTED, respectable General SERVANT, with references; must be trustworthy. 107, Lower George-st.

WANTED, immediately, WAITER. Royal Hotel.

WANTED, a respectable Man, as WAITER, and make himself useful. Carlton House, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Mrs. Reynolds, Foveaux and Belmore streets.

WANTED, smart YOUTH, used to the trade. IXL Meat Mart, Campbell-street, St. Peters.

WANTED, good Servants; also, New Arrivals. Miss Hall, registry, 163, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a tidy active GIRL, for housework. Avondale House, Kent-street, opposite Church-hill.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID; also Youth for kitchen work; references. North City, 289, George-street.

WANTED, a young MAN, accustomed to butchering. E. Tanner, Lyndhurst-street, Glebe.

WANTED, for butcher's shop, respectable YOUTH; look after horses, &c. 11 a.m., Flower Pot Hotel, York-st.

WANTED, strong GIRL, of 15, to help Nurse twin babies 11 months' old. Ramelton, Derwent-street. Glebe.

WANTED, good NEEDLEWOMAN accustomed to Dressmaking. 108, Quarry-street, Ultimo, Mrs. Fletcher.

WANTED, a MAN, groom, garden, milk. M. Harris, Crown Road, Ultimo.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, about 15, to mind child. Apply Mrs. M. Joseph, 629, Harris-street.

WANTED, a respectable General SERVANT, Protestant preferred. 28, Regent-st., off Parramatta-st., Syd.

WANTED, an active GIRL. Apply Mrs. Rogers, over Graham's Big, 531, George-street.

WANTED, Married COUPLES, for the country; shoeing Smith, Coopers. Glue's Labour Agency, Pitt-st.

WANTED, man COOK, for station; also, Married Couple—man as cook, woman, H. servt. Glue's Agency.

WANTED, for Goulburn, female Cook, Housemaid, and House & P. maid. Glue's Labour Agency, Pitt-street.

WANTED, General SERVANTS. Apply early, Mrs. Atkinson's Registry Office, opposite Reservoir, Paddingt.

WANTED, a useful GIRL. Apply Mrs. Kingston, 27, Oxford-street.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Apply 58, Oxford-street.

WANTED, a female COOK. Edinburgh Castle Hotel, Pitt and Bathurst streets.

WANTED, middle-aged working HOUSEKEEPER, for busi. house country. Prot. Reg., 240, Castlereagh-st.

WANTED, an Errand BOY, to make himself useful. Apply 370, Pitt-street, near Liverpool-street.

WANTED, a young GIRL, for light housework. 65, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a young Person, as COOK. Apply to Mrs. J. C. Roberts, Chatsworth, Potts Point.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Apply, after 9, 81, Victoria-street North.

WANTED, General SERVANT and NURSEMAID, gentleman's family. Apply, early, Veroli, 69, William-st.

WANTED, good General Servants for small family; also 20 young Girls. 69, William-street; early.

WANTED, a steady MAN, to drive a hansom cab. Surry Hills Hotel, Gipps-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a young MAN accustomed to butchering. C. Glass, Campbell-street.

WANTED, a BOY, to make himself useful. A. Matthews, 23, Little Hill-street, off Brisbane-street.

WANTED, a Farming MAN, also a LAD that can milk, for the country. Field and Clark, 105, Sussex-st.

WANTED, a respectable YOUTH; good references required. Crawford and Jessep, 9, Market-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, with good references. Apply after 9, 145, Castlereagh-st., near Market-st.

WANTED, an active young MAN. H. C. Rice, butcher, Elizabeth-street, Haymarket.

WANTED, young Woman, as General SERVANT. Apply 24, Market-street.

WANTED, a second COOK. Victoria Dining Rooms, 48 and 50, King-street.

WANTED, General SERVANT, for the country. Apply 164, Clarence-street, near Market-street.

WANTED, a tidy useful GIRL. Apply No. 3, Nithsdale-street, off Liverpool-street.

WANTED, a respectable smart LAD, for the office. Apply John Hunter, 454, George-street.

WANTED, a respectable Girl, as General SERVANT; references. Apply after 10, Smith, 88, King-street.

WANTED, HOUSEMAID. Royal Hyde Park Hotel.

WANTED, a useful little GIRL. Apply Mrs. Popplewell, Regent-street South, Redfern.

WANTED, General SERVANT; references required. Mrs. Renwick, Cambridge-terrace, Newtown Road.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Apply 98, Victoria-street; references indispensable.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. 217, Macquarie-street South.

WANTED, a LAD for the Butchering. Apply 585, George-street.

WANTED, respectable young person as General SERVANT; references. 98, Foveaux-street, off Riley-st., S. H.

WANTED, young Man as CARTER; well recommended. F. Hinds, Strawb'y Hills Bakery, 460, Eliz'th-st.

WANTED, a young Woman, as General SERVANT. Apply 8, Lancaster Villas, Ocean-street, Woollahra.

WANTED, steady MAN, to drive van; references references required. W. Honlett, Regent-st., Redfern.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT, for the country. Apply 165, Pitt-street, Sydney.

WANTED, female Servants, middle-aged and young, for country, town, suburbs, good places. 110, Market-st.

WANTED, a smart LAD. Jackson and Morton, 102, King-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, must sleep at home. Apply 154, King-street, opposite Supreme Court.

WANTED, a LAD. Apply 405, Kent-street.

WANTED, GIRL, light housework. 2, Windsor-terrace, Elizabeth-st., Paddington, nr. Windsor Castle H.

WANTED, a NURSEMAID for child of 5, handy with needle. 151, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL. Apply Mrs. Mulligan, 98, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, also GIRL to nurse baby. 106, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, BOYS used to feeding printing machines. Chas. Troedel and Co., 8 and 10, York-street.

WANTED, BUTTONS, town; Boys, country store; Gen. Ser., C. and Ls., Nurses, Nursemaids. Reg., Bath'rst-st

WANTED, good Plasterer's Labourer. Apply new buildings, cr. Bourke and Cleveland sts., Surry Hills.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT; good wages. Greenwood Tree Hotel, opposite Barracks, Paddington.

WANTED, first-class second COOK, for restaurant. 637, George-street South, Innes and Thomas.

WANTED, young Woman, as NURSE, to assist; wages, 8s. Exchange Hotel, Pitt and Liverpool streets.

WANTED, two good KITCHENMEN, accustomed to restaurants. 488, George-street.

WANTED, strong GIRL, for housework; one able to wash; no children. 370, Pitt-street South.

WANTED, a General SERVANT; also a little Girl, to nurse baby. 46, Castlereagh-street, after 9.

WANTED, good WAITER. Emerson, King-street.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Mrs. Sadler, 208, William-street.

WANTED, tidy little GIRL, for light housework; can sleep at home. Apply 91, Dowling-street.

WANTED, a sober middle-aged married WOMAN, live rent free, to look after a few bedrooms. Apply 305, Kent-street, near Bathurst-street.

WANTED, first-class WAITRESS; hotel, town. Experienced Nurse, for children, Parramatta; and others. 110, Market-street.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT, must be strictly sober, middle-aged person preferred; no washing. Mrs. Wallace, Laira, opposite 'bus stand, Forest Lodge.

WANTED, a NURSE for a gentleman's family in Goulburn. Apply with references to Mrs. Webster, Renlivs, Ocean-street, Woollahra.

WANTED, a COOK, for a surveyor's camp; must be sober and clean. Apply Rockingham, Trafalgar-terrace, South Kingston, Saturday, 5 p.m.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT, good plain COOK, Protestant; references required. Apply, after 10, 363, Liverpool-street, Darlinghurst.

WANTED, for Parramatta, a steady, trustworthy woman, as NURSE. Apply Mills, Pile, and Gilchrist, 138, Pitt-street, Sydney.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, about 12 years old, to mind two children. Apply Mrs. J. W. Aplitt, Bowden's Club House Hotel, corner of Hunter and Castlereagh streets.

WANTED, GIRLS, experienced, for fancy box making; also BOYS. J. G. Tomkins, 271, Pitt-street, near School of Arts.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, for small family; references. Mrs. F. C. Logan, Bay-street, Double Bay. Apply after 9 a.m.

WANTED, at Waverley, a Protestant NURSE; also a good General SERVANT, who can milk. Apply from 10 to 1, at 69, Darlinghurst Road.

WANTED, for the Baden Baden Hotel, Coogee Bay, a thorough General SERVANT. Apply Oxford Hotel, King-street, between 10 and 11.

WANTED, HOUSEMAID, for Dubbo station, good wages; also, 5 House and Parlour MAIDS, for country. Wanted, the attendance of good domestic SERVANTS early. Mrs. Donnelly, 79, William-street; 193, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a really good COOK, male or female, for a business house on the mountains. Apply at Mr. Glue's, 136, Pitt-street, on Friday morning 10 o'clock; also an experienced LAUNDRESS.

WANTED, for Goulburn, at the end of January, a young woman as NURSE; good wages given to a competent person; references required. Apply to Mrs. Webster, Henllys, Ocean-street, Woollahra.

YOUNG GIRL wanted, to mind children, and assist housework. Mrs. Bowen, Campbell-street, Balmain.

Apartments, Board, and Residence.

A COMFORTABLE BEDROOM wanted on the line, bath, without board. D. 33, Herald Office.

ACCOMMODATION for boarders and visitors. Liddy's Melbourne Club Hotel, 632, George-street, Brickfield-hill.

A COMFORTABLE HOME for a respectable young man, balcony room, bath, 18s. 343, Bourke-st., Darlinghurst.

A COMFORTABLE front ROOM, also small back Room vacant, board optional. 17, Stanley-street, Hyde Park.

A FRONT BEDROOM vacant for single gentleman, bath, piano. No. 9, Stanley-street.

A FRONT PARLOUR, furnished, suit single men or married couple; use of kitchen. Apply 320, Castlereagh-st.

A FURNISHED BEDROOM to LET for 1 or 2 steady gentlemen. A. H., 175, Phillip-street, near King-street.

A FURNISHED balcony ROOM to LET, private family. 90, Cooper-street, Surry Hills.

ALPINE HOUSE, 233, Macquarie-street North.—VACANCIES for 3 gentlemen; also, married couple.

APARTMENTS, suit 2 gentlemen friends, board optional; home comforts; near tram. 192, Albion-street, S. H.

APARTMENTS vacant, Sitting and Bedrooms. 193, Macquarie-street, opposite Parliament Houses.

APARTMENTS VACANT for gentlemen, immediate vicinity of Government Office. 59, Phillip-street North.

ATHOL HOUSE, 167, Macquarie-street, opposite Domain. Apartments vacant.

AT VICTORIA HOUSE, 30, Wynyard-square, a vacancy for lady and gentleman, or 2 gentlemen; moderate.

AVOCA HOUSE, Wynyard-square, VACANCIES for Boarders.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for gentlemen, 138, Burdekin-square, Crown-street, near William-st. Baths. Moderate.

BOARD and Residence with an English family. 95, Bathurst-street, opposite the Cathedral.

BUENA VISTA HOUSE, Military Road, St Leonards, also the "NEST," Mosman's Bay, for SALE or to LET. R. HARNETT and CO., 310, George-street.

ESSENDON HOUSE, 42, Castlereagh-street, near Hunter-street, Vacancy for Boarders; bath, &c. Terms, 21s.

FURNISHED LODGINGS, for single men, 5s. 99, Castlereagh-street, near King-street.

FURNISHED ROOMS, suit married or single, use of kitchen, board optional, terms moderate. 44, Park-street.

FURNISHED ROOMS, bath, kitchen, 5s and 10s weekly. 27, Macquarie-street South, near Park.

FURNISHED ROOM to LET, use of kitchen, suit married couple. 284, Kent-street, near King-street.

FURNISHED LODGINGS for single men. Apply Thomas Allen, hairdresser, Castlereagh-st., near King-st.

GOOD APARTMENTS for single gentlemen, bath and gas, 8s a week. 342, Pitt-street.

HOMEBUSH.—APARTMENTS with Board; large garden, paddocks; cow kept. Apply Stationmaster.

LIDDY'S Melbourne Club Hotel, 632, George-street, Brickfield-hill; two Alcock's best Billiard Tables.

MACQUARIE-STREET N.—Private family will receive one gentleman; front room, £1 10s. Delta, Herald.

MOUNTAIN AIR, Mabel Villa, Moss Vale.—Mrs. M'ARA can accommodate visitors for change of air. Attention given to comfort of families. Adults, 25s; children, 10s. Buggy or saddle horses; large grounds.

MANDELSON'S HOTEL, GOULBURN.
The undersigned begs respectfully to inform the public that he has re-opened the above Hotel, and that no effort shall be wanting on his part to restore to the Hotel the prestige it held for so many years when conducted by the late Mr. Mandelson.
JOHN JESSOP, Proprietor.
Baths, Private Suites of Rooms, Night Porter, &c.

PRIVATE family will receive two gentlemen friends, £1 5s. Macquarie-street N. Como, Herald.

PRIVATE BOARD and Residence, 175, Macquarie-street, near Domain entrance. Terms moderate.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE for 2 gentlemen: terms mod. Smithers and Co., house agents, 128, Pitt-st.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE; bath; terms moderate. 268, Victoria-street, Darlinghurst.

PRIVATE RESIDENCE for gentlemen, partial board, near tram. 577, Dowling-street, Moore Park.

PRIVATE APARTMENTS vacant for ladies or gentlemen. 'Bus passes door. 84, Queen-street, Woollahra.

PERRY'S FAMILY HOTEL, MOUNT VICTORIA.
Mrs. PERRY begs to inform the patrons and friends of her late husband, and the public generally, that she intends carrying on the business as heretofore, and trusts to receive the same liberal support which enabled Mr. Perry to sustain the high reputation for comfort always enjoyed by his hotel.
APARTMENTS now vacant.
ANNIE C. PERRY.

SUBURBAN BOARD and RESIDENCE, Meta House, Croydon, on heights, 2 minutes' from station.

STAFFORD HOUSE, Apartments Vacant, for ladies and gentlemen. 41, Phillip-street, op. Colonial Secretary's Office.

ST. LEONARDS.—BOARD and RESIDENCE by a respectable young tradesman, in a private family (Catholic preferred). Address G. W., Herald Office.

TO LET, Balcony ROOM, furnished, for married couple. 48, Macquarie-street South.

TO VISITORS.—To LET, four beautifully furnished ROOMS, with or without board. 57, Lower Fort-street.

TO LET, furnished BEDROOM, for a respectable tradesman. Mountjoy-terrace, 117, Goulburn-street.

VACANCY for a gentleman, balcony room, bath, &c. 468, Crown-street, S. H.

VACANCIES for two or three gentlemen, at 13, Bligh-street, every convenience.

VISITORS and others comfortably accommodated; terms £1; bath. Annesley House, 18, Charlotte-pl., Church-h.

WYNYARD HOUSE, 38, Clarence-street.—Vacancies for 2 or 3 young gentlemen; gas and bath; terms, mod.

WANTED, Dwelling HOUSE, with stabling, within one mile of General Post Office. Protos, Herald Office.

WANTED, Double-bedded ROOM; also SITTING-ROOM; Darlinghurst pref. Permanent, Pierce, W'm-st.

WANTED, Board and Lodging; neighbourhood of Margaret-st. pref. State terms, &c., X. Y. Z., G. P. O.

WIDOW Lady desires cheap ACCOMMODATION, Moss Vale or Penrith preferred. Ella, Herald.

WANTED, for married lady, ACCOMMODATION with midwife, in a suburb. T. Y., William-street P. O.

WANTED, comfortable BOARD and Residence, single room, city, permanent; state terms. W., Herald Office.

WANTED, unfurnished ROOM, use of kitchen, for married couple; 10 minutes' G. P. O. H. B.

WANTED, to lease good business PREMISES, in the city. Francis, Herald Office.

WANTED, for six months, a good family HOUSE, furnished; Hunter's Hill or North Shore preferred; no stable. James Kelman, 247, George-street.

WANTED, by respectable young tradesman, HOME in private family; Strawberry-hill or Redfern. Address, stating terms, to Gus, G. P. Office.

WANTED, BOARD and RESIDENCE in respectable, by single gentleman, within ten minutes' walk Darling Harbour Railway. Particulars to H. M. P., Herald Office.

WANTED, a HOUSE or COTTAGE, of 6 rooms, servant's room, kitchen, and outoffices, situated within convenient distance of Croydon or Ashfield railway stations. Address J. Vernon, Railway Office, Phillip-street, Sydney.

WANTED, comfortable COTTAGE; 4 rooms, detached, kitchen, water, and about half acre land, in healthy suburb, close to Sydney; price for cash. G. R. Brown, Post-office, W. Maitland.

To Let.

AVON-STREET, off Ferry Road, Glebe Point, COTTAGE, hall, 5 rooms, kitchen, water. Apply 10 to 5.

A 6-ROOMED HOUSE, kitchen, washhouse, water, gas, bath, balconies, garden, back ent. Relph, 98, Elizabeth-st.

A SHOP and DWELLING to LET, suitable for any business; central; low rent. Apply Zions, 409, George-st.

A BUTCHER'S SHOP and DWELLING to LET, 35s week, tools; central. Apply Zions, 409, George-street.

AN Established Grocer's SHOP and DWELLING to LET; central, good connection. Apply Zions, 409, Geo.-st.

A SHOP and 3 Rooms to LET, reduced rent. Murray's Hotel, Woolloomooloo-street.

A VERY comfortable 8-roomed HOUSE to LET, in best part of Surry Hills, gas, water, sewerage, every convenience. Apply next door, 443, Bourke-street, near Albion-street.

BOARDING-HOUSE to LET, furnished or unfurnished; 8 per. boarders; or furniture for sale. A. M., Herald.

BALMAIN.—SHOP and HOUSE, to LET, Mullens-street, near Reynold-street, a first-class business position, gas, large yard, land at near. J. Shaw, 1, Elizabeth-terrace, Reynolds-street.

COTTAGE to LET, Orwell-street, Darlinghurst; rent, 10s. 94, Pitt-street.

COTTAGES to LET, Buckland-street, Alexandria, via Waterloo; rent, 7s. C. Jesson.

DARLINGHURST ROAD.—Commodious Family RESIDENCE; rent low. E. Ramsay, house agent.

DUNRAVEN Cottage, 1, Stanley-street, Hyde Park, 10 min. Post Office. Vacancies for 2 gents, bath, piano, 20s.

FOUR new brick COTTAGES to LET; good water; rent [illegible] Wood's Hotel, Abattoir Road, Balmain.

BATT, RODD, AND PURVES HAVE TO LET The Following Properties:—

BALMAIN, SNAIL'S BAY, WATER FRONTAGE.	TREBARTHA, Waterside Villa Residence, 3 minutes from ferry, containing 7 good rooms, kitchen, laundry, bathroom, bathinghouse, &c.; rent, £100 per annum.
DARLINGHURST, VICTORIA-STREET, NORTH.	Furnished HOUSE, containing 8 rooms, kitchen, laundry, &c.; water and gas laid on to every room; rent, £6 10s per week.
DARLINGHURST, LIVERPOOL-STREET.	Nos. 256 and 252, each containing 10 rooms, hall, balcony, &c.; gas and water laid on; rent, £35 per annum.
POTTS POINT, GRANTHAM-STREET, off WILD-STREET.	PHŒNIX COTTAGE, containing 7 rooms, bath, &c., water laid on; rent, £60 per annum.
ASHFIELD, ELIZABETH-STREET.	CLARENCE COTTAGE, 5 minutes from Ashfield or Croydon stations, containing 5 rooms, &c., garden, abundance of water; rent, £35 per annum.
Palmer and Stanley streets, WOOLLOOMOOLOO.	Front SHOP; rent, £3 10s. ALSO, HOUSE; rent, £1 per week.
WOOLLAHRA, OCEAN-STREET (BEST PART).	A GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE, containing 9 rooms, kitchen, &c.; land about half an acre; good garden; rent, £120 per annum.
WOOLLAHRA, OCEAN-STREET.	KELSTONE, a Villa Residence; possession 12th February.
BRIDGE-STREET.	No. 16, good OFFICES, 10s per week.

BATT, RODD, and PURVES, Auctioneers, &c., Offices, 88, Pitt-street.

FIRST FLOOR (4 rooms) over shop. Wholesale Tailors, Milliners, or Importers. 409 (new number), George-street.

FOREST LODGE.—To Let, House, St. John's Road, 5 rooms; gas in every room. Mrs. Selby, draper, Catherine-st.

FOREST LODGE.—To LET, a genteel HOUSE, pleasant and healthy situation, 5 rooms, kitchen, verandah, balcony, &c.; city water on; rent, 13s. Apply No 1, Marnolia-terrace, Pyrmont Bridge Road, near Forest Lodge 'bus stand.

GLEBE POINT.—To LET, six-roomed COTTAGE, servants' room, gas, copper, bath, water. 228, [illegible]-street.

GLENMORE ROAD.—To LET, KERENHAPPUCH, containing 10 rooms and kitchen, bathroom, washhouse, stables, and large yard; water and gas laid on. Apply Mrs. Dean, Flinton, Glenmore Road.

HOUSE, 475, Riley-street, Surry Hills, 5 rooms, kitchen, good yard, &c.; rent, 15s. Key at No. 477.

HOUSES to LET, 4 rooms. Apply No. 3, Wells-street, 2 doors past Railway View Hotel.

HOUSE to LET, 4 rooms, kitchen; 14s. George-street, one door from Redfern-street, Redfern.

LEICHHARDT.—To LET, COTTAGE, 4 rooms, kitchen, &c. A. Kebblewhite, Balmain Road.

MACQUARIE-ST. North.—Family RESIDENCE to LET, furnished. T. J. Thompson and Son, 139, Pitt-st.

MOORE PARK, Dowling-street.—To LET, HOUSE, 9 rooms, bath, kitchen, large yard. Knight, Castlereagh-st.

MARYSON-TERRACE, Selwyn-street, Moore Park.—To LET, a SHOP, suitable for grocer; rent, 18s per week; large yard, back entrance. H. G. Swyny, Estate Agent, 130, Pitt-street, opposite City Bank.

NEWTOWN ROAD.—To LET, HOUSE, 6 rooms, kitchen, gas, &c.; 19s. Mrs. Snell, nr. Templemore Hotel.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, COTTAGE, 6 rooms, opposite corner reserve. Apply Davies, Kiandra House.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, large semi-detached RESIDENCE, 8 rooms, kitchen, bath, &c., gas; on high ground close to Milson's Point. Apply to Mr. J. P. Garvan, Richmond-terrace, North Shore; or 458, George-street, Sydney.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, a SHOP and Dwelling, in Miller-street, St. Leonards; good situation for business, gas, water, large yard, and every convenience. Apply Mrs. Atchison, Marby, Blue-street, St. Leonards.

NOTICE.—No. 19, Linsley-terrace, Dawes' Point.—A first-class Furnished HOUSE, or part, can be had; gas, bath, &c., beautiful view of harbour; terms moderate; references exchanged.

OFFICES to LET, 177, Pitt-street; splendid position, rent reasonable. Apply on the premises.

OFFICE to LET, ground floor, Elizabeth-street North, near tram terminus. Apply No. 91.

PETERSHAM.—To LET, new COTTAGE, 5 rooms, pantry, laundry, copper, 5 min. station. P. Harrison, Newtown.

ROOMS (4) to LET, every convenience; rent, 8s. 84, Glebe Road.

SHOP to LET, 109, Castlereagh-street. Key next door.

SHOP to LET, next door to Edinburgh Castle Hotel, Pitt and Bathurst streets.

SHOP and DWELLING to LET, with large yard, Corbin and Nicolle, 170, Castlereagh-street.

SURRY HILLS.—To LET, a most comfortable RESIDENCE of 8 rooms, with back entrance, good yard, fine open and unobstructed view; rent only 21s; every possible convenience. Barratt and Co., 178, Phillip-street.

STEYNE FAMILY HOTEL, Manly.—Strict privacy and quietness with every comfort and convenience. ☞ BALCONY APARTMENTS FACING the OCEAN. Superior cuisine, baths, piano, &c.; terms moderate. P. Cohen, proprietor.

TO HAIRDRESSERS.—To LET, a Shop, already fitted, 86, Castlereagh-street; none but a sober man need apply.

TO LET, No. 55, George-street North, 6 rooms, kitchen, &c. F. Smith, 13, Queen's-place.

TO Carriage Proprietors.—A first-class 2-stall STABLE, with Coachhouse. 389, Pitt-street South.

TO LET, HOUSE, 5 rooms, balcony, good yard. 56, Surry-street, Darlinghurst.

TO LET, a HOUSE, of 6 rooms. Apply A. Steel, Devonshire and Riley streets.

TO LET, HOUSES, Edward-street, Pyrmont; rent, 20s, 15s, 13s, 12s, 11s. William Day, Western Lea, Pyrmont.

TO LET, SHOPS, good position; low rent; corner Elizabeth and Kippax streets. Apply 21, Wilton-street.

TO LET, a two-roomed COTTAGE, off George-street West. Apply B. Lenehan, 3, Market-street.

TO LET, a new HOUSE; rent, 14s. Apply 40, Hart-street, Miller's Point.

TO LET, 4-roomed HOUSE, stable and cab shed; rent 15s. Oxford-street, near Marshall's Brewery.

TO LET, a HOUSE, 4 rooms, kitchen, balcony, bathroom, 397, Liverpool-street, Darlinghurst.

TO LET, a new HOUSE, 4 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, 58, Belvoir-street, Strawberry Hills. Rent 15s week.

TO LET, a 2-roomed HOUSE, Unwin-street, Miller's Point. Apply A. Cropper, Dibbs's Wharf.

TO LET, No. 3, Alma-terrace, Paddington-st., 8 rooms, every convenience, rent cheap. 88, Queen-st., Woollahra.

TO LET, two 6-roomed HOUSES, gas, water, and copper; good locality. J. M'Donald, Windsor-st., Paddington.

TO LET, HOUSE, 2 rooms and kitchen. Apply 40, Mount-street, Pyrmont.

TO LET, No. 5, Waverley Road, opposite Park Road, 7 rooms, kitchen, outhouses, stables. Key No. 3.

TO LET, a SHOP and Dwelling, Regent-street, Redfern. Apply P. Mulcahy, Regent-street, Redfern.

TO LET, near Circular Quay, a 6-roomed HOUSE; gas and balcony. 140, Cumberland-street.

TO LET, a 2-roomed HOUSE. Apply No. 55, Swiss-terrace, Brisbane-street.

TO LET, first-class DWELLING-HOUSE, Victoria-street North. P. Rech, 5, Spring-street.

TO LET, a furnished Villa RESIDENCE, at Elizabeth Bay. Apply Cooinda, Elizabeth Bay.

TO LET, HOUSE, 21, Alexander-street, Surry Hills, 4 rooms, kitchen, and bath room; 18s; key next door.

TO LET, 234, Bourke-street, 6 ROOMS, 18s 6d, near Liverpool-street. B. Cocks, City Mart, George-street.

TO LET, 128, Cobden-terrace, Devonshire-street, Surry Hills, 3 rooms and kitchen. Apply 130.

TO LET, in Elizabeth-street, Paddington, a first-class Family COTTAGE, garden front and back, outhouses, good water, gas; suit a large family. W. Taylor, on the premises.

TO LET, very nice RESIDENCE, in eastern suburb, suitable for a small family; furniture at valuation, nearly new. Apply to Louis Cohen, auctioneer, 422, George-street.

TO LET, STORE, No. 13, Pitt-street, Circular Quay, containing three floors, 150 x 30; stables, yard, and side entrance for drays. Apply any of Kidman's shops.

TO LET, furnished, 5-roomed COTTAGE, down line; easy distance from station, plenty water, every convenience. A. B. L., Herald Office.

TO LET, HOUSE, Denison-street, Kingston, Newtown, 6 rooms, bathroom, and washhouse; water and gas laid on; near train and 'bus. J. Abigail, grocer, Kingston.

TO LET, at a reduced rental, furnished or unfurnished, a TERRACE of five houses, fronting the Esplanade at Manly Beach, property of W. Redman, Esq. Apply Mr. Whitman, Manly Beach; or 11, Olivia-terrace, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

TO LET, from Monday next, that comfortable RESIDENCE, 115, Devonshire-street, presently occupied by Dr. Gordon, containing 6 rooms, kitchen, balcony, gas, bath, &c. Apply to Lloyd, builder, Bourke-street, near Cleveland-street.

TO LET, 47, Stanley-street, HOUSE, 8 rooms, washhouse, bathroom, &c. Mr. Cripps, George-street or Pitt-street; or Miss Cripps, 10, Fintry-terrace, Cleveland-street, Darlington.

TO LET, a nice Suburban RESIDENCE, containing 4 rooms, with stable, coachhouse, and other outbuildings, flower and vegetable gardens, paddock, plenty water. E. Ross, Addison Road, Marrickville.

TO LET, from February 21st, a HOUSE and SHOP, in Sussex-street, between King and Erskine streets, at present occupied by Mr. Robt. Elliott, grocer; also, a House in Union-street. Apply T. C. Wright, Carlisle-street, Leichhardt; or, by letter, Box 165, G. P. O., Sydney.

NEXT SATURDAY.
A Stone-built Villa Residence, commanding the very finest harbour views, will be sold at 3 p.m. next Saturday. The residence is known as "NORTHCLIFF," Milson's Point, North Shore, and is a very desirable waterside residence.
SEE AUCTION ADVERTISEMENT.
HARDIE and GORMAN, AUCTIONEERS.

BURWOOD.—GOOD BUILDING SITES NEXT SATURDAY. Lithos. and particulars from HARDIE and GORMAN.

BURWOOD VILLA SITES.
BURWOOD BUILDING LAND.
☞ The best Sites for Villas and Cottages will be sold at auction, on the Ground, NEXT SATURDAY, at 3 o'clock.
THE LAND is within 4 or 5 minutes' walk of the Railway Station, is very elevated, and surrounded by good dwellings. Torrens' Title. Easy Terms. Call for a Litho.
HARDIE and GORMAN.

SYDNEY.—Printed and published by JOHN FAIRFAX and SONS, at the office of the Sydney Morning Herald, Pitt and Hunter streets, Friday, January 28, 1881.

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